

REGISTRATION NO. 333-47509

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1

TO

FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

5112
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code Number)

52-2080520
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

1000 NORTH BLUEMOUND DRIVE
APPLETON, WISCONSIN 54914
(920) 734-2756
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including
area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

DANIEL P. SPALDING
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.
1000 NORTH BLUEMOUND DRIVE
APPLETON, WISCONSIN 54914
(920) 734-2756
(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number,
including area code, of agent for service)

COPIES TO:

GEORGE P. STAMAS, ESQ.
WILMER, CUTLER & PICKERING
2445 M STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20037
TELEPHONE NO. (202) 663-6000
FACSIMILE NO. (202) 663-6363

EDWIN D. WILLIAMSON, ESQ.
SULLIVAN & CROMWELL
1701 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006
TELEPHONE NO. (202) 956-7500
FACSIMILE NO. (202) 293-6330

APPROXIMATE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PROPOSED SALE OF SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC: As soon as possible after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(A) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8(A), MAY DETERMINE.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MAY 8, 1998

SHARES

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLETION OR AMENDMENT. A REGISTRATION STATEMENT RELATING TO THESE SECURITIES HAS BEEN FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. THESE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE SOLD NOR MAY OFFERS TO BUY BE ACCEPTED PRIOR TO THE TIME THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE. THIS PROSPECTUS SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY NOR SHALL THERE BE ANY SALE OF THESE SECURITIES IN ANY STATE IN WHICH SUCH OFFER, SOLICITATION OR SALE WOULD BE UNLAWFUL PRIOR TO REGISTRATION OR QUALIFICATION UNDER THE SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY SUCH STATE.

[LOGO] SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

COMMON STOCK

(PAR VALUE \$.001 PER SHARE)

In addition to the shares being offered, School Specialty is selling shares directly to Daniel P. Spalding, the Chairman of the Board and its Chief Executive Officer, David J. Vander Zanden, its President and Chief Operating Officer, and Donald Ray Pate, Jr., its Executive Vice President for Re-Print. The Underwriters will not participate in, or receive any discount or commission on, the sale of the Common Stock to these officers.

All of the shares of Common Stock offered hereby are being sold by the Company. Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the Common Stock of the Company. It is currently estimated that the initial public offering price per share will be between \$ and \$. For factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price, see "Underwriting".

SEE "RISK FACTORS" ON PAGE 6 FOR CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS RELEVANT TO AN INVESTMENT IN THE COMMON STOCK.

Application has been made for quotation of the Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "ABCZ".

THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION NOR HAS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS.
ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

	INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE	UNDERWRITING DISCOUNT(1)	PROCEEDS TO COMPANY(2)
Per Share.....	\$	\$	\$
Total(3).....	\$	\$	\$

-
- (1) The Company has agreed to indemnify the Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.
- (2) Before deducting estimated expenses of \$ payable by the Company. Proceeds to the Company does not include proceeds of \$ to be received from the direct sale by School Specialty of shares to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate at \$ per share, the initial public offering price less the underwriting discount.
- (3) The Company has granted the Underwriters an option for 30 days to purchase up to an additional shares at the initial public offering price per share, less the underwriting discount, solely to cover over-allotments. If such option is exercised in full, the total initial public offering price, underwriting discount and proceeds to Company will be \$, \$, and \$, respectively. See "Underwriting".

The shares offered hereby are offered severally by the Underwriters, as specified herein, subject to receipt and acceptances by them and subject to their right to reject any order in whole or in part. It is expected that certificates for the shares will be ready for delivery in New York, New York, on or about June , 1998, against payment therefor in immediately available funds.

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

NATIONSBANC MONTGOMERY SECURITIES LLC

SALOMON SMITH BARNEY

PIPER JAFFRAY INC.

The date of this Prospectus is , 1998.

PICTURES TO COME

Childcraft Education Corp.-Registered Trademark- is a trademark of Childcraft Education Corp. School Specialty-Registered Trademark- and Education Access-Registered Trademark- are trademarks of School Specialty. Gresswell is a common law trademark of School Specialty.

CERTAIN PERSONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS OFFERING MAY ENGAGE IN TRANSACTIONS THAT STABILIZE, MAINTAIN OR OTHERWISE AFFECT THE PRICE OF THE COMMON STOCK, INCLUDING OVER-ALLOTMENT, STABILIZING AND SHORT-COVERING TRANSACTIONS IN SUCH SECURITIES, AND THE IMPOSITION OF A PENALTY BID, IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THESE ACTIVITIES, SEE "UNDERWRITING".

SUMMARY

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE MORE DETAILED INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION APPEARING ELSEWHERE IN THIS PROSPECTUS. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS SHOULD READ THE PROSPECTUS IN ITS ENTIRETY. UNLESS THE CONTEXT REQUIRES OTHERWISE, REFERENCES TO THE COMPANY INCLUDE ITS SUBSIDIARIES. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS ASSUMES: (I) CONSUMMATION OF THE TRANSACTIONS DESCRIBED UNDER "THE SPIN-OFF FROM U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS;" (II) AN INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING PRICE OF \$ PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK (REPRESENTING THE MIDPOINT OF THE ESTIMATED PRICE RANGE); (III) A DISTRIBUTION RATIO OF ONE SHARE OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY COMMON STOCK FOR EVERY SHARES OF U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS' COMMON STOCK (THE "DISTRIBUTION RATIO"), AND (IV) NO EXERCISE OF THE UNDERWRITERS' OVER-ALLOTMENT OPTION.

THE COMPANY

School Specialty, Inc. (the "Company" or "School Specialty") is the largest U.S. distributor focusing on non-textbook educational supplies and furniture for grades pre-kindergarten through 12 ("pre-K-12"). The Company provides a comprehensive offering of high quality educational supplies and furniture to school districts, school administrators and teachers through the broad distribution of its catalogs. School Specialty distributes general school supplies, including classroom and art supplies, instruction materials, furniture and equipment. The Company also distributes supplies and furniture for certain educational disciplines, including early childhood education under the Childcraft name, art supplies under the Sax Arts & Crafts name and library-related products under the Gresswell name. In order to broaden its geographic presence and product offering, the Company has acquired 15 companies since May 1996. For the twelve months ended January 24, 1998, the Company's revenues aggregated \$279.6 million and operating income aggregated \$19.7 million, which represented compound annual increases of 32% and 62%, respectively, over revenues and operating income for the year ended December 31, 1994. For the twelve months ended January 24, 1998, the Company's pro forma revenues (giving effect to all acquisitions made since the beginning of such period) aggregated \$379.5 million and pro forma operating income aggregated \$24.7 million, which represented compound annual increases of 45% and 75%, respectively, over sales and operating income for the year ended December 31, 1994.

With over 32,000 stock keeping units ("SKUs"), School Specialty offers customers one source for virtually all of their non-textbook school supply and

furniture needs. School Specialty markets its products through an innovative two-pronged approach, targeting both administrators and teachers to cover the full spectrum of decision makers. The Company's "top down" approach, utilizing its 290 sales representatives and its School Specialty general supply and furniture catalog (the "School Specialty Catalog"), focuses on procurement officials at the state, regional and local levels, while its "bottom up" approach focuses on curriculum specialists and teachers. Sales to curriculum specialists and over 2.1 million teachers are made primarily through the 6.3 million general supply catalogs of The Re-Print Corp. ("Re-Print") and specialty catalogs that are mailed each year.

Annual sales of non-textbook educational supplies and equipment to the school supply market aggregate approximately \$6.1 billion, with over \$3.6 billion sold to institutions and \$2.5 billion sold to consumers, according to the National School Supply & Equipment Association ("NSSEA"). There are over 3,400 distributors of school supplies, the majority of which are family- or employee-owned companies with revenues under \$20 million that operate in a single region. The Company believes the demand for timely order fulfillment at competitive prices, combined with the need to invest in automated inventory and electronic ordering systems, is accelerating the trend toward consolidation in the industry. School Specialty also believes that it is well positioned to capitalize on this consolidation as the largest distributor in its industry with annual revenues which it believes exceed those of its next two largest competitors combined. Although the Company is the largest distributor in the industry, its share of the \$6.1 billion school supply market is less than 6%, giving the Company substantial growth opportunities.

The volume of school supplies is directly influenced by the size of the student population. Kindergarten through 12th grade ("K-12") student enrollment reached an all-time peak in 1996 with 51.5 million students and the U.S. Department of Education projects that student enrollment will continue to grow to 54.3 million by the year 2006. As a result of these trends, the U.S. Department of Education projects that expenditures in public elementary and secondary schools will continue to rise through the year 2007. These rising expenditures include a projected increase in total per pupil spending in current dollars from \$5,961 per pupil in 1997 to \$7,179 by the year 2001. The Company believes that as the largest U.S. distributor of non-textbook educational supplies it will be a major beneficiary of this growth in expenditures.

KEY STRENGTHS

School Specialty attributes its strong competitive position to the following key strengths:

LEADING MARKET POSITION. The Company has developed its leading market position over its 38 year history by emphasizing high quality products, superior order fulfillment, exceptional customer service and brand name recognition. The Company believes its annual revenues exceed those of its next two largest competitors combined and that its large size and brand recognition have resulted in significant buying power, economies of scale and customer loyalty.

BROAD PRODUCT LINE. School Specialty's strategy is to provide a full range of high quality products to meet the complete supply needs of pre-K-12 schools and as a result currently offers over 32,000 SKUs ranging from classroom supplies to playground equipment. School Specialty offers customers one source for virtually all of their school supply needs.

INNOVATIVE TWO-PRONGED DISTRIBUTION. The Company targets administrative decision makers with a "top down" approach through its 290 person sales force and School Specialty Catalog, and teachers and curriculum specialists with a "bottom up" approach primarily through the 6.3 million Re-Print general supply, and specialty catalogs mailed each year.

ABILITY TO INTEGRATE ACQUISITIONS. School Specialty has successfully completed the acquisition of 20 companies since 1991, 15 of which have been acquired since May 1996. The Company believes that it can generate significant economies of scale and rapidly improve the margins of acquired entities, as well as increase sales, by channeling acquired entities products through its broad distribution network. See "Business--Company Strengths".

USE OF TECHNOLOGY. The Company believes that through the utilization of technology in areas such as (i) purchasing and inventory management, (ii) customer order fulfillment, and (iii) database management, School Specialty is able to turn inventory more quickly than competitors, offer customers more convenient and cost effective product ordering methods and conduct more precisely targeted sales and marketing campaigns.

EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT. School Specialty's management team provides depth and continuity of experience. Management's interests are aligned with those of its shareholders as management's incentive-based compensation is tied to School Specialty's operating profitability.

GROWTH STRATEGY

School Specialty's objective is to further enhance its position as the leading distributor of non-textbook educational supplies through the continued implementation of the following strategies:

PURSUE ACQUISITIONS AGGRESSIVELY. The Company believes that there are extensive acquisition opportunities among the over 3,400 school distributors in the U.S. The Company intends to pursue two types of acquisitions: (i) general school supply and furniture companies in geographic markets in which

2

the Company has a limited presence, and (ii) specialty companies focusing on disciplines such as physical education, science, technology and music.

IMPROVE PROFITABILITY. School Specialty improved its operating margin from 3.7% in 1994 to 7.0% for the twelve months ended January 24, 1998. School Specialty believes that there are substantial opportunities to further improve margins by (i) increasing the efficiency of recent acquisitions, (ii) expanding purchasing power and (iii) improving warehousing and distribution.

PENETRATE NEW MARKETS AND EXPAND CUSTOMER BASE IN EXISTING MARKETS. School Specialty believes that it can increase revenues by adding sales representatives in geographic markets in which the Company does not have a significant presence. In addition, the Company believes that it can further increase revenues by cross merchandising its specialty product lines to its general supplies customers.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

On March 20, 1998, the Company acquired the catalog division of Education Access, a catalog reseller of technology solutions for the K-12 education market. This new product line will offer curriculum software, productivity software, peripherals, networking products and other related products through catalogs mailed twice a year.

THE OFFERING

Common Stock Offered by the Company..... Shares

Proposed Nasdaq National Market symbol..... ABCZ
 Use of proceeds..... For general corporate purposes, principally working capital and repayment of certain indebtedness allocated to the Company by U.S. Office Products Company ("U.S. Office Products"), and for potential acquisitions.

THE SPIN-OFF FROM U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS

Concurrently with this Offering, shares of School Specialty Common Stock will be distributed to the stockholders of U.S. Office Products as of , 1998 (the "School Specialty Distribution" or the "Distribution"). The School Specialty Distribution is part of a comprehensive restructuring plan adopted by the U.S. Office Products Board of Directors, including modifications the Board of Directors has made since first adopting this plan (as so modified, the "Strategic Restructuring Plan") in which U.S. Office Products is spinning off all of the shares of School Specialty and three other companies that will conduct U.S. Office Products' current print management, technology solutions and corporate travel services businesses. (These spin-offs are collectively referred to as the "Distributions", and School Specialty and the three other such companies are collectively referred to as the "Spin-Off Companies".) See "The Spin-Off from U.S. Office Products".

SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA
 (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	HISTORICAL (1)				
	FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		FOUR MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30,	FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26,	NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 25,
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1997
STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:					
Revenues.....	\$119,510	\$150,482	\$28,616	\$191,746	\$159,977
Cost of revenues.....	87,750	105,757	20,201	136,577	114,380
Gross profit.....	31,760	44,725	8,415	55,169	45,597
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	27,281	39,869	10,307	43,462	33,396
Non-recurring acquisition costs...			1,122	1,792	1,792
Restructuring costs...		2,532		194	
Operating income (loss).....	4,479	2,324	(3,014)	9,721	10,409
Interest expense.....	3,007	5,536	1,461	4,197	3,358
Interest income.....			(6)		(101)
Other (income) expense.....	(86)	(18)	67	(196)	(204)
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	1,558	(3,194)	(4,536)	5,720	7,356
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes(4).....	218	173	139	(2,412)	3,750
Net income (loss).....	\$ 1,340	\$ (3,367)	\$ (4,675)	\$ 8,132	\$ 3,606

Net income per share:						
Basic.....	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04	
Diluted.....	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04	

Weighted average shares outstanding (5):						
Basic.....	45,562	59,059	77,501	90,026	85,978	
Diluted.....	45,704	60,024	79,100	91,761	87,824	

PRO FORMA (2)

	PRO FORMA (2)					
		TWELVE MONTHS ENDED	FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26,	NINE MONTHS ENDED		TWELVE MONTHS ENDED
	JANUARY 24, 1998	JANUARY 24, 1998 (3)	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998	JANUARY 24, 1998 (3)
STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:						
Revenues.....	\$247,880	\$279,649	\$350,760	\$292,244	\$321,010	\$379,526
Cost of revenues.....	176,501	198,698	244,396	203,705	228,512	269,203
Gross profit.....	71,379	80,951	106,364	88,539	92,498	110,323
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	50,999	61,065	85,430	66,926	66,951	85,455
Non-recurring acquisition costs...			1,792	1,792		
Restructuring costs...		194	194			194
Operating income (loss).....	20,380	19,692	18,948	19,821	25,547	24,674
Interest expense.....	4,100	4,939	7,300	5,535	5,535	7,300
Interest income.....	(109)	(8)				
Other (income) expense.....	441	449	(158)	(174)	520	536
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	15,948	14,312	11,806	14,460	19,492	16,838
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes (4).....	7,113	952	92	6,651	8,966	2,407
Net income (loss).....	\$ 8,835	\$ 13,350	\$ 11,714	\$ 7,809	\$ 10,526	\$ 14,431
Net income per share:						
Basic.....	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.13
Diluted.....	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.13
Weighted average shares outstanding (5):						
Basic.....	114,758	111,611	109,895	109,895	109,895	109,895
Diluted.....	117,185	113,781	109,895	109,895	109,895	109,895

DECEMBER 31,

	1994	1995
BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 3,512	\$ (1,052)
Total assets.....	44,267	54,040
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	11,675	15,294
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....		
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	1,827	(620)

APRIL 30, APRIL 26,
1996 1997

BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Working capital (deficit).....	\$ (3,663)	\$ 14,460
Total assets.....	54,573	87,685
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	15,031	566
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....		33,226
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	(4,267)	16,329

JANUARY 24, 1998

	PRO	
	ACTUAL	FORMA (6)
BALANCE SHEET DATA:		
Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 43,613	\$ 60,586
Total assets.....	201,207	204,457
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	385	82,978
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	62,470	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	98,492	98,492

- (1) The historical financial information of the businesses that were acquired in business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method (the "Pooled Companies") have been combined on a historical cost basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") to present this financial data as if the Pooled Companies had always been members of the same operating group. The financial information of the businesses acquired in the business combinations accounted for under the purchase method is included from the dates of their respective acquisitions.

- (2) The pro forma financial data give effect to the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the purchase acquisitions completed by the Company since May 1, 1996 as if all such transactions had occurred on May 1, 1996. The pro forma statement of income data are not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have been achieved had these events actually then occurred and should not be construed as representative of future operating results.

- (3) The results for for the historical and pro forma 12 months ended January 24, 1998 have been calculated based upon the historical and pro forma results for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 less the historical and pro forma results for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 plus the historical and pro forma results for the nine months ended January 24, 1998, respectively.

- (4) Results for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the 12 months ended January 24, 1998 (historical and pro forma) include a benefit from income taxes of \$2.4 million arising from the reversal of a \$5.3 million valuation allowance in the quarter ended April 26, 1997. The valuation allowance had been established in fiscal 1995 to offset the tax benefit from net operating loss carryforwards included in the Company's deferred tax assets, because at the time it was not likely that such tax benefit would be realized. The valuation allowance was reversed subsequent to the Company's being acquired by U.S. Office Products, because it was deemed "more likely than not", based on improved results, that such tax benefit would be realized. The difference between the effective pro forma tax rate of 46% and the statutory rate of 35% for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998 relates primarily to state taxes and non-deductible goodwill. The difference between the effective pro forma tax rate and the statutory tax rate for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the twelve months ended January 24, 1998 relates primarily to state taxes and nondeductible goodwill, offset by the reversal of the valuation allowance.

(5) For calculation of the pro forma weighted average shares outstanding for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 and January 25, 1997, see Note 2(h) of Notes to Pro Forma Combined Financial Statements included herein. The pro forma net income per share and pro forma weighted average shares outstanding, as adjusted to give effect to the sale of shares to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate and the Offering would have been:

	NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997
Pro forma net income per share, as adjusted:		
Basic.....	--	--
Diluted.....	--	--
Pro forma weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic.....	--	--
Diluted.....	--	--

	TWELVE MONTHS ENDED	
	JANUARY 24, 1998	JANUARY 24, 1998
Pro forma net income per share, as adjusted:		
Basic.....	--	--
Diluted.....	--	--
Pro forma weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic.....	--	--
Diluted.....	--	--

(6) The pro forma balance sheet data give effect to the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the purchase acquisition of Education Access, the only acquisition completed by the Company subsequent to January 24, 1998, as if such transactions had occurred on January 24, 1998. The pro forma balance sheet data are not necessarily indicative of the financial position that would have been achieved had these events actually then occurred and should not be construed as representative of future financial position.

RISK FACTORS

THE FOLLOWING FACTORS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED IN ADDITION TO OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS PROSPECTUS.

POTENTIAL VOLATILITY OF STOCK PRICE; RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE

As a result of the School Specialty Distribution, stockholders of U.S. Office Products will acquire _____ shares of School Specialty Common Stock that will be freely tradeable at the time of this Offering without restrictions or further registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), except that any shares held by "affiliates" of School Specialty within the meaning of the Securities Act will be subject to the resale limitations of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act ("Rule 144"). Because the School Specialty Distribution is being made to existing shareholders

of U.S. Office Products, who have not made an affirmative decision to invest in School Specialty Common Stock, there can be no assurance that some or all of these shareholders will not sell the shares of School Specialty Common Stock into the market shortly after the School Specialty Distribution. In addition, U.S. Office Products is included in certain broad-based indices tracked by a number of investment companies and other institutional investors, and such investors can be expected to sell the shares of School Specialty Common Stock they receive in the School Specialty Distribution shortly thereafter.

A "when-issued" trading market in School Specialty Common Stock may develop immediately. Such trading could increase the volatility of, and adversely affect the market price of, the School Specialty Common Stock.

In addition, upon completion of this Offering and the School Specialty Distribution, School Specialty will have outstanding (i) shares of School Specialty Common Stock issued in this Offering, and (ii) immediately exercisable options to acquire shares of School Specialty Common Stock following this Offering. Following this Offering and the School Specialty Distribution, in view of the large number of shares freely-tradeable and available for immediate sale, the market for School Specialty's Common Stock could be highly volatile and could adversely affect the trading price of School Specialty Common Stock. See "Management--Director Compensation and Other Arrangements". The officers and directors of School Specialty, who hold shares of School Specialty Common Stock, have agreed not to sell or otherwise dispose of any School Specialty Common Stock without the prior written consent of the Underwriters for a period of 180 days from the date of this Prospectus (the "Lock-Up Agreements"). The Company intends to register the shares of School Specialty Common Stock reserved for issuance pursuant to its stock option plan as soon as practicable after the closing of this Offering.

POTENTIAL LIABILITY FOR TAXES RELATED TO THE DISTRIBUTIONS

In connection with the Distributions, U.S. Office Products will enter into a tax allocation agreement with School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies (the "Tax Allocation Agreement") which will provide that the Spin-Off Companies will jointly and severally indemnify U.S. Office Products for any losses associated with taxes related to the Distributions ("Distribution Taxes") if an action or omission (an "Adverse Tax Act") of any of the Spin-Off Companies materially contributes to a final determination that any or all of the Distributions are taxable. School Specialty will also enter into a tax indemnification agreement with the other Spin-Off Companies (the "Tax Indemnification Agreement") under which the Spin-Off Company that is responsible for the Adverse Tax Act will indemnify the other Spin-Off Companies for any liability to indemnify U.S. Office Products under the Tax Allocation Agreement. As a consequence, School Specialty will be liable for any Distribution Taxes resulting from any Adverse Tax Act by School Specialty and liable (subject to indemnification by the other Spin-Off Companies) for any Distribution Taxes resulting from an Adverse Tax Act by the other Spin-Off Companies. If there is a final determination that any or all of the Distributions are taxable and it is determined that there has not been

an Adverse Tax Act by either U.S. Office Products or any of the Spin-Off Companies, U.S. Office Products and each of the Spin-Off Companies will be liable for its pro rata portion of the Distribution Taxes based on the value of each company's common stock after the Distributions. As a result, School Specialty could become liable for a pro rata portion of any Distribution Taxes with respect not only to the School Specialty Distribution, but also any of the other Distributions. See "The Spin-Off from U.S. Office Products--Tax Allocation Agreement and Tax Indemnification Agreement" and "The Spin-Off from U.S. Office Products--U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Distributions" for a detailed discussion of the Tax Allocation Agreement and the Tax Indemnification Agreement and the U.S. Federal Income Tax consequences of the Distributions.

RISKS RELATED TO ALLOCATION OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES

Under the Distribution Agreement, School Specialty will be liable for (i) any liabilities arising out of or in connection with the business conducted by it or its subsidiaries, (ii) its liabilities under the Employee Benefits Agreement, Tax Allocation Agreement and related agreements described under "The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products", (iii) the U.S. Office Products debt that has been allocated to the Company (see "The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products--Distribution Agreement--Debt"), (iv) liabilities under the securities laws relating to this Prospectus and portions of the Information Statement/Prospectus distributed in connection with the School Specialty Distribution, as well as other securities law liabilities related to the School Specialty business that arise from information supplied to U.S. Office Products (or that should have been supplied, but was not) by School Specialty, (v) U.S. Office Products' liabilities for earn-outs from acquisitions in respect of School Specialty and its subsidiaries, (vi) School Specialty's costs and expenses related to the Offering and its bank financing, and (vii) \$1.0 million of the transaction costs (including legal, accounting, investment banking and financial advisory) and other fees incurred by U.S. Office Products in connection with its Strategic Restructuring Plan. Each of the other Spin-Off Companies will be similarly obligated to U.S. Office Products. School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies have also agreed to bear a pro rata portion (based on their and U.S. Office Products' relative revenues and net income) of U.S. Office Products' liabilities under the securities laws (other than claims relating solely to a specific Spin-Off Company or relating specifically to the continuing businesses of U.S. Office Products), and U.S. Office Products' general corporate liabilities (other than debt, except for that specifically allocated to the Spin-Off Companies) incurred prior to the Distributions (i.e., liabilities not related to the conduct of a particular distributed or retained subsidiary's business) (the "Shared Liabilities"). If one of the other Spin-Off Companies defaults on an obligation owed to U.S. Office Products, the other non-defaulting Spin-Off Companies will be obligated on a pro rata basis (based on their and U.S. Office Products' relative revenues and net income) to pay such obligation ("Default Liability"). The aggregate of the Share Liabilities and Default Liability for which any Spin-Off Company may be liable is, however, limited to \$. As a result of the Shared Liabilities and Default Liability, School Specialty could be obligated to pay up to \$ million to U.S. Office Products in respect of obligations and liabilities not related to its business or operations and over which neither it nor its management has or has had any control or responsibility. See "--Potential Liability for Taxes Related to the Distributions" and "The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products."

RISKS RELATED TO INTEGRATION OF OPERATIONS AND ACQUISITIONS

An important element of School Specialty's business strategy for its distribution divisions is to integrate its acquisitions into its existing operations. There can be no assurance that School Specialty will be able to integrate future acquisitions in a timely manner without substantial costs, delays, or other problems. Once integrated, acquisitions may not achieve sales, profitability, and asset productivity commensurate with School Specialty's existing divisions. In addition to integration risks for distribution divisions, acquisitions of both distribution divisions and specialty brand companies involve a number of special risks, including adverse short-term effects on School Specialty's reported operating results (including those adverse short-term effects caused by severance payments to employees of acquired

companies, restructuring charges associated with the acquisitions and other expenses associated with a change of control, as well as non-recurring acquisition costs including accounting and legal fees, investment banking fees,

recognition of transaction-related obligations, and various other acquisition-related costs), the diversion of management's time and attention, the dependence on retaining, hiring, and training key personnel, the amortization of acquired intangible assets, and risks associated with unanticipated problems or liabilities, some or all of which could have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's operations and financial condition. Furthermore, although School Specialty conducts due diligence and generally requires representations, warranties, and indemnifications from the former owners of acquired companies, there can be no assurance that such owners will have accurately represented the financial and operating conditions of their companies. If an acquired company's financial or operating results were misrepresented, the acquisition could have a material adverse effect on the results of operations and financial condition of School Specialty. See "Business--Company Growth Strategy--Pursue Acquisitions Aggressively".

DEPENDENCE UPON ACQUISITIONS FOR FUTURE GROWTH

One of School Specialty's strategies is to increase its revenues and the markets it serves through the acquisition of additional school supply distribution businesses. There can be no assurance that suitable candidates for acquisitions can be identified or, if suitable candidates are identified, that acquisitions can be completed on acceptable terms, if at all. There can be no assurance that future acquisitions will prove profitable at the time of their acquisition or will achieve sales and profitability that justify the investment therein. The failure to complete acquisitions and continue its expansion could have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's financial condition. In addition, prior to the School Specialty Distribution, School Specialty's acquisitions were completed with substantial business, legal, and accounting assistance from U.S. Office Products, and some of the acquisitions were paid for with U.S. Office Products Common Stock. The pace of School Specialty's acquisition program may be adversely affected by the absence of U.S. Office Products' support for the acquisitions. Also, School Specialty intends to use School Specialty Common Stock to pay for a portion of the consideration for its acquisitions, and therefore, if the owners of potential acquisition candidates are not willing to receive, or School Specialty is not able to issue, shares of School Specialty Common Stock in exchange for their business, School Specialty's acquisition program could be adversely affected. Furthermore, the Company's ability to pay for acquisitions with stock may be materially limited in the two-year period following the School Specialty Distribution. See "--Possible Limitations on Issuances of Common Stock".

POSSIBLE LIMITATIONS ON ISSUANCES OF COMMON STOCK

U.S. Office Products and School Specialty will represent to Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering, for purposes of its tax opinion (the "Tax Opinion"), that the Common Stock that will be issued in this Offering, together with all School Specialty capital stock that could be issued pursuant to the exercise of options and other agreements that may be exercised within one year of the School Specialty Distribution, represents in the aggregate less than 20 percent of the School Specialty capital stock that would be outstanding after this Offering and the exercise of all such options and other agreements. U.S. Office Products and School Specialty will also represent to Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering that there are no written or oral agreements or understandings, in effect prior to the School Specialty Distribution, under which School Specialty may be required to issue Common Stock after the School Specialty Distribution, other than agreements covering the stock referenced in the previous sentence and agreements covering other stock options granted as compensation for services. School Specialty has accordingly not been able, prior to the School Specialty Distribution, to enter into any acquisition or other agreement or understanding requiring issuance of additional Common Stock.

In addition, Section 355(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended

(the "Code"), which was added in 1997, generally provides that a company that distributes shares of a subsidiary in a spin-off

8

that is otherwise tax-free will incur U.S. federal income tax liability if 50% or more, by vote or value, of the capital stock of either the company making the distribution or the spun-off subsidiary is acquired by one or more persons acting pursuant to a plan or series of related transactions that includes the spin-off. Stock acquired by certain related persons is aggregated in determining whether the 50% test is met. There is a presumption that any acquisition occurring two years before or after the spin-off is pursuant to a plan that includes the spin-off. However, the presumption may be rebutted by establishing that the spin-off and such acquisition are not part of a plan or series of related transactions. As a result of the provisions of Section 355(e), there can be no assurance that issuances of stock by School Specialty, including issuances in connection with an acquisition of another business by School Specialty, will not create a tax liability for U.S. Office Products.

These limitations could adversely affect the pace of School Specialty's acquisitions and its ability to issue Common Stock for other purposes, including equity offerings.

School Specialty has entered into the Tax Allocation Agreement and the Tax Indemnification Agreement pursuant to which School Specialty will be liable to U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies if its actions or omissions materially contribute to a final determination that the School Specialty Distribution is taxable. See "--Potential Liability for Taxes Related to the Distributions" and "The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products--Tax Allocation Agreement and Tax Indemnification Agreement."

RISKS RELATED TO INABILITY TO USE POOLING-OF-INTERESTS METHOD TO ACCOUNT FOR FUTURE ACQUISITIONS

Generally accepted accounting principles require that an entity be autonomous for a period of two years before it is eligible to complete business combinations under the pooling-of-interests method. As a result of School Specialty being a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Office Products prior to the Distribution, School Specialty will be unable to satisfy this criterion for a period of two years following the Distribution. Therefore, School Specialty will be precluded from completing business combinations under the pooling-of-interests method for a period of two years and any business combinations completed by School Specialty during such period will be accounted for under the purchase method resulting in the recording of goodwill. See "--Material Amount of Goodwill".

SEASONALITY: FLUCTUATIONS IN QUARTERLY OPERATING RESULTS

School Specialty's business is subject to seasonal influences, with sales and profitability substantially higher from May to October due to increased school orders during these months. As a result of this seasonality, historically, School Specialty has earned more than 100% of its annual net income in the first six months of its fiscal year and has historically operated at a loss in its third fiscal quarter. Also, quarterly results may be materially affected by the timing of acquisitions and the timing and magnitude of acquisition assimilation costs. Therefore, operating results for any quarter are

not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for any subsequent fiscal quarter or full fiscal year. Fluctuations caused by variations in quarterly results may adversely affect the market price of the School Specialty Common Stock. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Business".

RELIANCE ON KEY PERSONNEL

School Specialty's operations depend on the continued efforts of Daniel P. Spalding, its Chief Executive Officer, its other executive officers, and the senior management of certain of its subsidiaries. Furthermore, School Specialty's operations will likely depend on the senior management of certain of the companies that may be acquired in the future. If any of these people become unable to continue in his or her present role, or if School Specialty is unable to attract and retain other skilled employees, its

9

business could be adversely affected. School Specialty does have employment contracts with some Named Officers, as defined herein, but most of the Companies' executive officers and senior management do not have employment contracts with School Specialty. See "Management--Director Compensation and Other Arrangements". School Specialty does not have and does not intend to obtain key man life insurance covering any of its executive officers or other members of senior management of its subsidiaries. In addition, Jonathan J. Ledecy will serve as a director and an employee of School Specialty and is expected to provide services to School Specialty after the School Specialty Distribution pursuant to an agreement entered into between Mr. Ledecy and U.S Office Products which provides that the Company and the other Spin-Off Companies will succeed to certain rights of, and obligations under, such agreement following the Distribution and an expected employment agreement with School Specialty. See "Management--Director Compensation and Other Arrangements". Mr. Ledecy will also serve as a director of each of the other Spin-Off Companies, and is the director or an officer of other public companies. Mr. Ledecy may be unable to devote substantial time to the activities of School Specialty.

DEPENDENCE ON SYSTEMS

School Specialty believes that one of the competitive advantages of its distribution divisions is its information systems, including its proprietary PC-based customer Order Management System ("OMS"). School Specialty's operations in each of its integrated divisions under School Specialty are generally dependent on these systems, which are run on a host system located at School Specialty's headquarters in Appleton, Wisconsin. Each division of School Specialty is linked to School Specialty's host system and disruption or unavailability of these links could have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's business and results of operations.

None of School Specialty's subsidiaries has a redundant computer system or a redundant dedicated communication line. School Specialty has taken precautions to protect itself from events that could interrupt its operations. Notwithstanding these precautions, there can be no assurance that a fire, flood or other natural disaster affecting School Specialty's system or its communication lines would not disable the system or prevent the system from communicating with School Specialty's divisions or the specialty brand subsidiaries. The occurrence of any of these events would have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's operations and financial condition.

School Specialty does not expect that it will incur any material costs and expenses to meet information standards for Year 2000 compliance; however, there is no assurance that School Specialty's customers or vendors meet information standards for Year 2000 compliance, and their failure to meet such standards could adversely affect School Specialty's revenues and product costs.

RISK OF RAPID GROWTH; ABSENCE OF HISTORY AS A STAND-ALONE COMPANY

Since 1991, School Specialty and U.S. Office Products have significantly expanded the scope of School Specialty's operations by acquiring sixteen regional distributors of educational supplies in different regions of the United States and three specialty brand school supply companies. All of School Specialty's specialty brand acquisitions and eleven of its regional distribution acquisitions have occurred since June 1996. There can be no assurance that School Specialty's management and financial controls, personnel, computer systems, and other corporate support systems will be adequate to manage the increased size and scope of School Specialty's operations as a result of School Specialty's recently completed acquisitions.

Prior to the School Specialty Distribution, certain general and administrative functions relating to School Specialty's business (including legal, accounting, purchasing and management information services) were handled by U.S. Office Products. School Specialty's future performance will depend on its ability to function as a stand-alone entity, to finance and manage its expanding operations and to

10

adapt its information systems to changes in its business. As a result, School Specialty's expenses are likely to be higher than when it was a part of U.S. Office Products, and School Specialty may experience disruptions of general and administrative functions that it would not have encountered as a part of U.S. Office Products. Furthermore, the financial information included herein may not necessarily reflect what the results of operations and financial condition would have been had School Specialty been a separate, stand-alone entity during the periods presented or be indicative of future results of operations and financial condition of School Specialty.

DEPENDENCE ON KEY SUPPLIERS AND SERVICE PROVIDERS

School Specialty is dependent on (i) a limited number of suppliers for certain of its product lines, particularly its franchise furniture lines, and (ii) a limited number of service providers, such as delivery service from United Parcel Service. Any interruption of supply from current vendors or any material increased costs, particularly in the peak season of June through September, could cause significant delays in the shipment of such products and could have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's business, financial condition, and results of operations. Increases in freight costs charged to School Specialty or inability to ship products, whether real or perceived, could have a material adverse effect on School Specialty's business, financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, as part of its business strategy, School Specialty strives to reduce its number of suppliers and minimize duplicative lines, which may have the effect of increasing its dependence on remaining vendors. The United Parcel Service Strike during August 1997 had an adverse effect on School Specialty due to the perceived inability of School Specialty to ship products.

COMPETITION

The market for school supplies is highly competitive and fragmented. School Specialty estimates that over 3,400 companies distribute educational materials to pre-K-12 schools as a primary focus of their business. In addition, School Specialty competes with alternate channel distributors such as office product contract stationers and superstores, which may continue to broaden their product lines in school supplies. Some of these competitors have greater financial resources and buying power than School Specialty. School Specialty believes that the educational supplies market will consolidate over the next several years, which may make School Specialty's general and specialty supply businesses more competitive. In addition, there may be increasing competition for acquisition candidates and there can be no assurance that acquisitions will continue to be

available to School Specialty on favorable terms, if at all. See "Business--Competition".

MATERIAL AMOUNT OF GOODWILL

Approximately \$97.5 million, or 47.7%, of the School Specialty's pro forma total assets as of January 24, 1998 represents intangibles assets, the significant majority of which is goodwill. Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair market value of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method. School Specialty generally amortizes goodwill on a straight line method over a period of 40 years with the amount amortized in a particular period constituting a non-cash expense that reduces School Specialty's net income. Amortization of goodwill resulting from certain past acquisitions, and additional goodwill recorded in certain acquisitions may not be deductible for tax purposes. In addition, School Specialty will be required to periodically evaluate the recoverability of goodwill by reviewing the anticipated undiscounted future cash flows from the operations of the acquired companies and comparing such cash flows to the carrying value of the associated goodwill. If goodwill becomes impaired, School Specialty would be required to write down the carrying value of the goodwill and incur a related charge to its income. A reduction in net income resulting from the amortization or write down of goodwill could have a material and adverse impact upon the market price of School Specialty Common Stock.

11

NO PRIOR PUBLIC TRADING MARKET

Prior to the School Specialty Distribution, there has been no public market for School Specialty Common Stock, and there can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop or, if one does develop, that it will continue. The price of School Specialty Common Stock will be determined in the marketplace and may be influenced by many factors, including (i) the depth and liquidity of the market for School Specialty Common Stock, (ii) developments affecting School Specialty's businesses generally, (iii) investor perception of the school supplies industry generally, and (iv) general economic and market conditions. See "Underwriting" for a discussion of factors considered in determining the initial public offering price.

NO DIVIDENDS

School Specialty does not expect to pay cash dividends on School Specialty Common Stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, School Specialty's ability to pay dividends may be restricted from time to time by financial covenants in its credit agreements. See "Dividend Policy".

DILUTION

Purchasers of Common Stock in this Offering will sustain a substantial and immediate dilution of \$ per share (determined by subtracting its adjustable pro forma book value per share as of January 24, 1998, adjusted to give effect to the Offering, from the assumed initial public offering price). In addition, the exercise of stock options could have a further dilutive effect. See "Dilution".

12

THE SPIN-OFF FROM U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS

Prior to this Offering, School Specialty has been a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Office Products. At the time of this Offering, School Specialty will hold all of the business and assets of, and will be responsible for substantially all of the liabilities associated with, U.S. Office Products'

Educational Supplies and Products Division. Concurrently with this Offering, the shares of School Specialty Common Stock will be distributed to the stockholders of U.S. Office Products of record on _____, 1998. U.S. Office Products is spinning off School Specialty as part of the Strategic Restructuring Plan in which U.S. Office Products is spinning off the shares of the four companies that will conduct U.S. Office Products' current print management, technology solutions, educational supplies and corporate travel services businesses.

In connection with the School Specialty Distribution, School Specialty is entering into a series of agreements with U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies to provide mechanisms for an orderly transition and to define certain relationships among School Specialty, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies after the School Specialty Distribution. These agreements are: a distribution agreement (the "Distribution Agreement") among School Specialty, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies; a tax allocation agreement (the "Tax Allocation Agreement") among School Specialty, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies; an employee benefits agreement (the "Employee Benefits Agreement") among School Specialty, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies; and a tax indemnification agreement (the "Tax Indemnification Agreement") among School Specialty and the Other Spin-Off Companies. The terms of the Distribution Agreement, the Tax Allocation Agreement, the Tax Indemnification Agreement and the Employee Benefits Agreement have not yet been finally determined. Those terms will be agreed to while School Specialty is a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Office Products. In addition, the agreement between U.S. Office Products and the Investor relating to the Investor's investment in U.S. Office Products (the "Investment Agreement") specifies certain terms of this Agreement and provides that they are subject to the Investor's reasonable approval. Therefore, they will not be the result of arm's-length negotiations between independent parties.

Although the terms of the Distribution Agreement, Tax Allocation Agreement, Tax Indemnification Agreement, and Employee Benefits Agreement have not been finally determined, School Specialty currently expects that the terms will include those described below. There can be no assurance that the terms of the Distribution Agreement, Tax Allocation Agreement, Tax Indemnification Agreement and Employee Benefits Agreement will not be less favorable to the stockholders of School Specialty than the terms set out below.

DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENT

TRANSFER OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSETS. The Distribution Agreement is expected to provide for the transfer from U.S. Office Products to School Specialty of substantially all of the equity interests in the U.S. Office Products subsidiaries that are engaged in the business of School Specialty as well as the transfer, in certain instances, of other assets related to the business of School Specialty. It is also expected to provide that the recovery on any claims under applicable acquisition agreements that U.S. Office Products may have against the persons who sold businesses to U.S. Office Products that will become part of School Specialty in connection with the Distributions (the "School Specialty Acquisition Indemnity Claims") will be shared between U.S. Office Products and School Specialty. In addition, to the extent that the School Specialty Acquisition Indemnity Claims are secured by the pledge of stock of U.S. Office Products and School Specialty that is owned by persons who sold businesses to U.S. Office Products that will become part of School Specialty (and no previous claims have been made against such shares), the pledged shares will be used, subject to the final resolution of the claim, to reimburse U.S. Office Products and School Specialty for their respective damages and expenses, agreed upon allocation of recovery rights, which will be determined prior to the School Specialty Distribution.

DEBT. The Distribution Agreement is expected to provide that \$80.0 million of U.S. Office Products' debt plus the amount of any additional debt incurred after the date of the Investment Agreement by U.S. Office Products in connection with the acquisition of entities that will become subsidiaries of School Specialty will be allocated to School Specialty in connection with the School Specialty Distribution. The amount of debt that will be allocated pursuant to this provision will be \$83.3 million, which is expected to be refinanced with a third party lender at or about the time of this Offering. The allocation of the \$80.0 million of debt is reflected in School Specialty's historical balance sheet as of January 24, 1998 as debt owed to U.S. Office Products, and the allocation of the additional \$3.3 million of debt incurred by U.S. Office Products in the subsequent acquisition of Education Access and the proposed refinancing of the total of \$83.3 million of indebtedness are reflected in School Specialty's pro forma balance sheet as of January 24, 1998.

LIABILITIES. In addition to the debt described above, the Distribution Agreement is expected to allocate and provide for the assumption of financial responsibility for certain liabilities (other than taxes and employee benefit matters which will be governed by separate agreements) among U.S. Office Products, School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies. School Specialty will be responsible for (i) any liabilities arising out of or in connection with the businesses conducted by School Specialty and/ or its subsidiaries, (ii) its liabilities under the Distribution Agreement, the Tax Allocation Agreement, the Tax Indemnification Agreement and the Employee Benefits Agreement and related agreements, (iii) securities liabilities relating to this Prospectus and certain sections of the Information Statement/ Prospectus relating to the School Specialty Distribution as well as other securities liabilities related to the School Specialty business that arise from information supplied to U.S. Office Products (or that should have been supplied but was not) by School Specialty, (iv) any liabilities of U.S. Office Products relating to earn-out or bonus payments owed by U.S. Office Products in respect of School Specialty or its subsidiaries, (v) the Company's costs and expenses related to the Offering and the Company's bank financing, and (vi) \$1.0 million of the transaction costs (including legal, accounting, investment banking, and financial advisory) and other fees incurred by U.S. Office Products in connection with the Strategic Restructuring Plan. In addition, the Distribution Agreement will provide for sharing of certain liabilities among the parties. Each of U.S. Office Products, School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies will bear its pro rata share of certain other liabilities (the "Shared Liabilities") including: (i) any liabilities of U.S. Office Products under the securities laws arising from events prior to the Distributions (other than claims relating solely to a specific Spin-Off Company or relating specifically to the continuing businesses of U.S. Office Products), and (ii) U.S. Office Products' general corporate liabilities (other than debt, except for that specifically allocated to the Spin-Off Companies) incurred prior to the Distributions (I.E., liabilities not related to the conduct of a particular distributed or retained subsidiary's business). The Company's pro rata share of such Shared Liabilities will be approximately percent. Shared Liabilities will also include a portion of the indemnity obligations of the other Spin-Off Companies should one or more of those companies default on their indemnity obligations under the Distribution Agreement. However, in no event will the Company's share of the Shared Liabilities exceed \$.

The Distribution Agreement is expected to provide that each party will indemnify and hold all of the other parties harmless from any and all liabilities for which the former assumed liability under the Distribution Agreement. All indemnity payments will be subject to adjustment upward or downward to take account of tax costs or tax benefits as well as insurance proceeds. If there are any claims made under U.S. Office Products' existing insurance policies, the amount of any deductible or retention will be allocated by U.S. Office Products among the claimants in a fair and reasonable manner.

OTHER PROVISIONS. The Distribution Agreement is expected to have other customary provisions including provisions relating to mutual release, access to

information, witness services, confidentiality and alternative dispute resolution.

TAX ALLOCATION AGREEMENT AND TAX INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

The Tax Allocation Agreement will provide that each Spin-Off Company will be responsible for its respective share of U.S. Office Products' consolidated tax liability for the years that each such corporation was included in U.S. Office Products' consolidated U.S. federal income tax return. The Tax Allocation Agreement also will provide for sharing, where appropriate, of state, local and foreign taxes attributable to periods prior to the Distributions.

The Tax Allocation Agreement will further provide that the Spin-Off Companies will jointly and severally indemnify U.S. Office Products for any Distribution Taxes assessed against U.S. Office Products if an Adverse Tax Act of any of the Spin-Off Companies materially contributes to a final determination that any or all of the Distributions are taxable. School Specialty will also enter into the Tax Indemnification Agreement with the other Spin-Off Companies under which the Spin-Off Company that is responsible for the Adverse Tax Act will indemnify the other Spin-Off Companies for any liability to U.S. Office Products under the Tax Allocation Agreement. As a consequence, School Specialty will be liable for any Distribution Taxes resulting from any Adverse Tax Act by School Specialty and liable (subject to indemnification by the other Spin-Off Companies) for any Distribution Taxes resulting from an Adverse Tax Act by the other Spin-Off Companies. If there is a final determination that any or all of the Distributions are taxable and it is determined that there has not been an Adverse Tax Act by either U.S. Office Products or any of the Spin-Off Companies, each of U.S. Office Products and the Spin-Off Companies will be liable for its pro rata portion of such Distribution Taxes based on the value of each company's common stock after the Distributions. As a result, School Specialty could become liable for a pro rata portion of any Distribution Taxes with respect not only to the School Specialty Distribution but also any of the other Distributions.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS AGREEMENT

In connection with the School Specialty Distribution, U.S. Office Products expects to enter into the Employee Benefits Agreement with School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies to provide for an orderly transition of benefits coverage between U.S. Office Products and the Spin-off Companies. Pursuant to this agreement, the respective Spin-Off Companies will retain or assume liability for employment-related claims and severance for persons currently or previously employed by the respective Spin-Off Companies and their subsidiaries, while U.S. Office Products and its post-Distribution subsidiaries will retain or assume responsibility for their current and previous employees. The proposed Employee Benefits Agreement reflects U.S. Office Products' expectation that each of the Spin-Off Companies will establish 401(k) plans for their respective employees effective as of, or shortly after, the Distribution Date and that U.S. Office Products will transfer 401(k) accounts to those plans as soon as practicable. The proposed agreement also provides for spinning off portions of the U.S. Office Products' cafeteria plan that relate to employees of the Spin-Off Companies (and their subsidiaries) and having those spun-off plans assume responsibilities for claims submitted on or after the Distribution.

U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE DISTRIBUTIONS

Pursuant to the Tax Allocation Agreement and Tax Indemnification Agreement, see "--Tax Allocation Agreement and Tax Indemnification Agreement," School Specialty could be liable for Distribution Taxes if any or all of the Distributions fail to qualify as tax-free spin-offs under Section 355 of the

Code or are taxable under Section 355(e) of the Code.

THE TAX OPINION. Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering expects to deliver an opinion (the "Tax Opinion") at the time of the Distributions stating that for U.S. federal income tax purposes the Distributions will qualify as tax-free spin-offs under Section 355 of the Code and will not be taxable under Section 355(e) of the Code. U.S. Office Products will not complete the Distributions unless it receives the Tax Opinion. The Tax Opinion will be based on the accuracy as of the time of the Distributions of factual representations made

15

by U.S. Office Products, the Spin-Off Companies and CDR-PC Acquisition, L.L.C., and certain other information, data, documentation and other materials that Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering has deemed necessary.

The Tax Opinion will represent Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering's best judgment of how a court would rule. However, the Tax Opinion is not binding upon either the IRS or any court. A ruling has not been, and will not be, sought from the IRS with respect to the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Distributions.

Assuming the Distributions qualify as tax-free spin-offs under Section 355 and are not taxable under Section 355(e), no gain or loss will be recognized by U.S. Office Products as a result of the Distributions.

CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO QUALIFY AS A TAX-FREE DISTRIBUTION. As noted above, the Tax Opinion is not binding on the IRS or the courts. Prospective investors should be aware that the requirements of Section 355 pertaining to business purpose, active trade or business, and absence of a device for distribution of earnings and profits, as well as the requirements of Section 355(e) pertaining to a plan or series of related transactions to acquire 50% or more by vote or value of a company, are highly dependent on factual interpretations, are to a significant extent subjective in nature, and have a relative absence of authority addressing their application to the particular facts presented by the Distributions. Accordingly, the IRS and/or a court could reach a conclusion that differs from the conclusions in the Tax Opinion.

BUSINESS PURPOSE. In order for a Distribution to qualify as a tax-free spin-off under Section 355, it must be motivated, in whole or substantial part, by one or more corporate business purposes. U.S. Office Products will represent that the Distributions were motivated, in whole or substantial part, to allow U.S. Office Products and the Spin-Off Companies to adopt strategies and pursue objectives that are more appropriate to their respective industries and stages of growth; to allow the Spin-Off Companies to pursue independent acquisition programs with a more focused use of resources and, where stock is used as consideration, to allow the Spin-Off Companies to provide stock of a public company that is in the same industry as the business being acquired; to allow U.S. Office Products and the Spin-Off Companies to offer their respective employees more focused compensation packages; and to make possible the Equity Investment which the Board of Directors of U.S. Office Products concluded would contribute to U.S. Office Products' development, based on the skills and experience of CD&R, Inc. Based on these representations and certain other information, data, documentation and other materials, Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering expects to deliver the Tax Opinion at the time of the Distributions stating that each Distribution satisfies the business purpose requirement of Section 355. However, although similar rationales have been accepted by the IRS in other

circumstances as sufficient to meet the business purpose requirement of Section 355, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert that the business purpose requirement is not satisfied.

ACTIVE TRADE OR BUSINESS. In order for the distribution of the stock of a Spin-Off Company (other than Navigant International, Inc. ("Navigant"), the Spin-Off Company acquiring U.S. Office Products' travel business) to qualify as a tax-free spin-off under Section 355, both the Spin-Off Company and U.S. Office Products must be engaged in an active trade or business that has been actively conducted for the five-year period preceding the Distributions, taking into account only businesses that have been acquired in transactions in which no gain or loss was recognized. In order for the distribution of the stock of Navigant to qualify as a tax-free spin-off under Section 355, substantially all of the assets of Navigant must consist of the stock of Professional Travel Corporation ("Professional Travel"), and Professional Travel and U.S. Office Products must meet the requirements described in the preceding sentence. Whether current and historical business activity constitutes an active trade or business, and whether any gain or loss should have been recognized in an acquisition structured and reported as a nontaxable transaction, turn in some instances on the application of subjective legal standards and on factual determinations, such as intentions of the parties involved. Based on the representations of U.S. Office

16

Products and the Spin-Off Companies, Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering expects to deliver the Tax Opinion at the time of the Distributions stating that each Distribution will satisfy the active trade or business requirement. However, because of the inherently subjective nature of important elements of the active trade or business requirement, and because the IRS may challenge the representations upon which Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering relies, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert that the active trade or business requirement is not satisfied.

ABSENCE OF A DEVICE FOR DISTRIBUTION OF EARNINGS AND PROFITS. A Distribution will not qualify as a tax-free spin-off under Section 355 if the Distribution was used principally as a device for the distribution of the earnings and profits of U.S. Office Products or the Spin-Off Company. Treasury regulations provide that this test is applied based on all the facts and circumstances, including the presence or absence of factors described in the Treasury Regulations as "device factors" and "nondevice factors." Application of this test is uncertain in part because of its subjective nature. Based on the representations of U.S. Office Products and the Spin-Off Companies, Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering expects to deliver the Tax Opinion at the time of the Distributions stating that none of the Distributions is a transaction used principally as a device for the distribution of earnings and profits of either U.S. Office Products or any of the Spin-Off Companies. However, because of the inherently subjective nature of the device test (including the subjectivity involved in assigning weight to various factors), and because the IRS may challenge the representations upon which Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering relies, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert that any or all of the Distributions are transactions used principally as a device for the distribution of earnings and profits.

EFFECT OF POST-DISTRIBUTION TRANSACTIONS. Section 355(e), which was added in 1997, generally provides that a company that distributes shares of a subsidiary in a spin-off that is otherwise tax-free will incur U.S. federal income tax liability if 50% or more, by vote or value, of the capital stock of either the company making the distribution or the subsidiary is acquired by one or more persons acting pursuant to a plan or a series of related transactions

that includes the spin-off. Stock acquired by certain related persons is aggregated in determining whether this 50% test is met. There is a presumption that any acquisition of 50% or more, by vote or value, of the capital stock of the company or the subsidiary occurring two years before or after the spin-off is pursuant to a plan that includes the spin-off. However, the presumption may be rebutted by establishing that the spin-off and the acquisition are not part of a plan or a series of related transactions. Based on the representations of U.S. Office Products, the Spin-Off Companies and CDR-PC, L.L.C., and the assumption that no Distribution is part of a plan that is outside the knowledge of U.S. Office Products and the Spin-Off Companies pursuant to which one or more persons will acquire directly or indirectly 50% or more by vote or value of the capital stock of U.S. Office Products or of any Spin-Off Company, Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering expects to deliver the Tax Opinion at the time of the Distributions stating that the Distributions will not be taxable under Section 355(e). However, there can be no assurance that the IRS will not assert that any or all of the Distributions are taxable under Section 355(e).

If a Distribution fails to qualify as a tax-free spin-off or is taxable under Section 355(e), U.S. Office Products will recognize gain equal to the difference between the fair market value of the common stock of the Spin-Off Company and U.S. Office Products' adjusted tax basis in the common stock of the Spin-Off Company (on the Distribution Date). If U.S. Office Products were to recognize gain on one or more Distributions, such gain would likely be substantial.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to School Specialty from the sale of the shares of Common Stock offered pursuant to the Offering and the shares offered to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate are estimated to be approximately \$ million (\$ million if the Underwriters' over-allotment option is exercised in full), assuming an initial public offering price of \$ per share and before deducting the estimated underwriting discount and offering expenses payable by the Company.

17

School Specialty intends to use the net proceeds of the Offering for general corporate purposes, including working capital and the repayment of a portion of the \$83.3 million of indebtedness incurred to repay the indebtedness allocated to the Company by U.S. Office Products in connection with the School Specialty Distribution, and for acquisitions.

DIVIDEND POLICY

School Specialty does not anticipate declaring and paying cash dividends on School Specialty Common Stock in the foreseeable future. School Specialty's ability to pay dividends may be restricted from time to time by financial covenants in its credit agreements.

DILUTION

The pro forma net tangible book value of School Specialty at January 24, 1998 was , or \$ per share of Common Stock, after giving effect to the School Specialty Distribution. Pro forma net tangible book value per share is determined by dividing the pro forma net tangible book value (total pro forma tangible assets less total pro forma liabilities) of School Specialty by the pro forma number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. Without taking into account

any changes in the pro forma net tangible book value of School Specialty, other than to give effect to the sale of the shares of Common Stock to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate and those offered hereby (assuming an initial public offering price of \$ per share and before deducting the estimated underwriting discount and offering expenses to be paid by the Company) and the receipt of the net proceeds therefrom, the adjusted pro forma net tangible book value of School Specialty at January 24, 1998 would have been \$ or \$ per share of Common Stock. This represents an immediate dilution in net tangible book value of \$ per share to new investors purchasing shares in this Offering. The following table illustrates this per share dilution.

Assumed initial public offering price per share.....		\$
Pro forma net tangible book value per share at January 24, 1998.....	\$	
Increase per share attributable to new investors(1).....		-----
Pro forma net tangible book value after the offering.....		-----
Dilution per share to new investors(2) (3).....		----- ----- -----

- -----

- (1) Before deduction of the estimated underwriting discount and offering expenses to be paid by the Company and assuming no exercise of the Underwriters' over-allotment option.
- (2) Determined by subtracting the adjusted pro forma net tangible book value per share after the offering from the amount of cash paid by a new investor for one share of Common Stock.
- (3) The foregoing information does not give effect to the issuance of shares of Common Stock pursuant to stock options granted or to be granted. See "Management--Executive Compensation" and "--Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options".

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth the capitalization of School Specialty at January 24, 1998 (i) on an actual basis, (ii) on a pro forma basis to reflect the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the purchase acquisition completed subsequent to January 24, 1998 and (iii) on such pro forma basis as adjusted to give effect to this Offering and the direct sale by the Company of shares of Common Stock to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate and the application of a portion of the proceeds therefrom to the payment of debt (assuming an initial public offering price of \$ per share and no exercise of the Underwriter's overallotment option, but without deducting the estimated underwriting discount and offering expenses). This table should be read in conjunction with the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," the historical consolidated financial statements and the pro forma combined financial statements of School Specialty, and the related notes to each thereof, included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

	JANUARY 24, 1998		PRO FORMA AS ADJUSTED
	ACTUAL	PRO FORMA	
	(IN THOUSANDS)		
Short-term debt.....	\$ 272	\$ 272	\$
Short-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	16,873		
Total short-term debt.....	\$ 17,145	\$ 272	
Long-term debt.....	\$ 385	\$ 82,978	
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	62,470		
Stockholder's equity:			
Divisional equity.....	93,313	93,313	
Preferred stock (1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares outstanding).....			
Common stock, \$0.001 par value (150,000,000 shares authorized; shares outstanding pro forma; shares outstanding pro forma, as adjusted) (1).....			
Additional paid-in capital.....			
Retained earnings.....	5,179	5,179	
Total stockholder's equity.....	98,492	98,492	
Total capitalization.....	\$ 161,347	\$ 181,470	\$

(1) Outstanding shares do not include shares authorized for issuance upon exercise of stock options granted or to be granted. See "Management--Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options" and "--Employee Stock Option Plan".

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The Selected Financial Data provided herein should be read in conjunction with the historical financial statements, including the notes thereto, the pro forma financial information, including the notes thereto, and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", all of which appear elsewhere in this Prospectus.

The historical Selected Financial Data for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 (except pro forma amounts) have been derived from School Specialty's consolidated financial statements that have been audited and are included elsewhere in the Prospectus. The historical Selected Financial Data for the years ended December 31, 1992 and 1993 have been derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements which are not included elsewhere in this Prospectus. The Selected Financial Data for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998 (except pro forma amounts) have been derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements that appear elsewhere in this Prospectus. These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements and, in the opinion of management, contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the periods presented.

The pro forma financial data gives effect, as applicable, to the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the acquisitions completed by the Company since May 1, 1996 as if all such acquisitions had been consummated by May 1, 1996. The unaudited pro forma combined financial data discussed herein does not purport to represent the results that the Company would have obtained had the transactions which are the subject of the pro forma adjustments occurred at the beginning of the applicable periods, as assumed, or the future results of the Company. See additional disclosure regarding pro forma results in the Financial Statements section.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	HISTORICAL (1)					
	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,				FOUR MONTHS ENDED	FISCAL YEAR ENDED
	1992	1993	1994	1995	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997 (2)
STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:						
Revenues.....	\$65,042	\$76,926	\$119,510	\$150,482	\$28,616	\$ 191,746
Cost of revenues.....	48,111	56,280	87,750	105,757	20,201	136,577
Gross profit.....	16,931	20,646	31,760	44,725	8,415	55,169
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	17,729	18,294	27,281	39,869	10,307	43,462
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	1,048				1,122	1,792
Restructuring costs.....				2,532		194
Operating income (loss).....	(1,846)	2,352	4,479	2,324	(3,014)	9,721
Interest expense.....	1,660	1,845	3,007	5,536	1,461	4,197
Interest income.....					(6)	
Other (income) expense.....	99	228	(86)	(18)	67	(196)
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	(3,605)	279	1,558	(3,194)	(4,536)	5,720
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes(3).....	216	199	218	173	139	(2,412)
Net income (loss).....	\$(3,821)	\$ 80	\$ 1,340	\$(3,367)	\$(4,675)	\$ 8,132
Net income per share(4):.....						
Basic	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.09
Diluted	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.09
Weighted average shares outstanding(4):.....						
Basic	44,260	44,260	45,562	59,059	77,501	90,026
Diluted	44,260	44,260	45,704	60,024	79,100	91,761
PRO FORMA (2)						
	NINE MONTHS ENDED			NINE MONTHS ENDED		
	JANUARY 25, 1997 (2)	JANUARY 24, 1998 (2)		FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997	
STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:						
Revenues.....	\$159,977	\$247,880		\$ 350,760	\$292,244	
Cost of revenues.....	114,380	176,501		244,396	203,705	
Gross profit.....	45,597	71,379		106,364	88,539	
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	33,396	50,999		85,430	66,926	
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	1,792			1,792	1,792	
Restructuring costs.....				194		
Operating income (loss).....	10,409	20,380		18,948	19,821	
Interest expense.....	3,358	4,100		7,300	5,535	
Interest income.....	(101)	(109)				
Other (income) expense.....	(204)	441		(158)	(174)	
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	7,356	15,948		11,806	14,460	
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes(3).....	3,750	7,113		92	6,651	
Net income (loss).....	\$ 3,606	\$ 8,835		\$ 11,714	\$ 7,809	
Net income per share(4):.....						

Basic	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07
Weighted average shares outstanding(4):.....				
Basic	85,978	114,758	109,895	109,895
Diluted	87,824	117,185	109,895	109,895

JANUARY 24, 1998

STATEMENT OF INCOME DATA:

Revenues.....	\$321,010
Cost of revenues.....	228,512
Gross profit.....	92,498
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	66,951
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	
Restructuring costs.....	
Operating income (loss).....	25,547
Interest expense.....	5,535
Interest income.....	
Other (income) expense.....	520
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	19,492
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes(3).....	8,966
Net income (loss).....	\$ 10,526
Net income per share(4):.....	
Basic	\$ 0.10
Diluted	\$ 0.10
Weighted average shares outstanding(4):.....	
Basic	109,895
Diluted	109,895

DECEMBER
31,
1992

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ (51)
Total assets.....	21,905
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	8,205
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	(365)

1993

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 1,140
Total assets.....	23,190
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	7,175
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	545

1994

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 3,512
Total assets.....	44,267
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	11,675
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	1,827

1995

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ (1,052)
Total assets.....	54,040
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	15,294
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	(620)

APRIL 30,
1996

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ (3,663)
Total assets.....	54,573
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	15,031
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	

Stockholder's (deficit) equity..... (4,267)

APRIL 26,
1997

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 14,460
Total assets.....	87,685
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	566
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	33,226
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	16,329

JANUARY 24,
1998

ACTUAL

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 43,613
Total assets.....	201,207
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	385
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	62,470
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	98,492

PRO

FORMA (5)

BALANCE SHEET DATA:

Working capital (deficit).....	\$ 60,586
Total assets.....	204,457
Long-term debt, less current portion.....	82,978
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....	
Stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	98,492

-
- (1) The historical financial information of the Pooled Companies have been combined on a historical cost basis in accordance with GAAP to present this financial data as if the Pooled Companies had always been members of the same operating group. The financial information of the Purchased Companies is included from the dates of their respective acquisitions. The pro forma financial data reflect acquisitions completed by School Specialty through May 1, 1998.
 - (2) The pro forma financial data give effect to the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the purchase acquisitions completed by School Specialty since May 1, 1996 as if all such transactions had occurred on May 1, 1996. The pro forma statement of income data are not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have been achieved had these events actually then occurred and should not be construed as representative of future operating results.
 - (3) Results for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the 12 months ended January 24, 1998 (historical and pro forma) include benefit from income taxes of \$2.4 million arising from the reversal of a \$5.3 million valuation allowance in the quarter ended April 26, 1997. The valuation allowance had been established in fiscal 1995 to offset the tax benefit from net operating loss carryforwards included in the Company's deferred tax assets, because at the time it was not likely that such tax benefit would be realized. The valuation allowance was reversed subsequent to the Company's being acquired by U.S. Office Products, because it was deemed "more likely than not", based on improved results, that such tax benefit would be realized. The difference between the effective pro forma tax rate of 46% and the statutory rate of

35% for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998 relates primarily to state taxes and non-deductible goodwill. The difference between the effective pro forma tax rate and the statutory tax rate for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 relates primarily to state taxes and nondeductible goodwill, offset by the reversal of the valuation allowance.

- (4) For calculation of the pro forma weighted average shares outstanding for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 and January 25, 1997, see Note (h) of Notes to Pro Forma Combined Financial Statements included herein. The pro forma net income per share and pro forma weighted average shares outstanding, as adjusted to give effect to the sale of shares to Messrs. Spalding, Vander Zanden and Pate and the Offering would have been:

	NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997 JANUARY 24, 1998
Pro forma net income per share, as adjusted:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		
Pro forma weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		
	TWELVE MONTHS ENDED	
	JANUARY 24, 1998	
Pro forma net income per share, as adjusted:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		
Pro forma weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		

- (5) The pro forma balance sheet data give effect to the refinancing of U.S. Office Products' debt allocated to School Specialty and the purchase acquisition of Education Access, the only acquisition completed by School Specialty subsequent to January 24, 1998, as if such transactions had occurred on January 24, 1998. The pro forma balance sheet data are not necessarily indicative of the financial position that would have been achieved had these events actually then occurred and should not be construed as representative of future financial position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL
CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

School Specialty is the largest U.S. distributor focusing on non-textbook educational supplies and furniture for grades pre-K-12. The Company provides a comprehensive offering of high quality educational supplies and furniture to school districts, school administrators and teachers through the broad distribution of its catalogs. Specialty brands, which target specific curriculum disciplines, include Childcraft, which sells to the early childhood market; Sax Arts & Crafts, which distributes a broad line of art supplies and materials; and Gresswell, which distributes library-related products in the United Kingdom.

Revenues have increased from \$65.0 million in the fiscal year ended December 31, 1992 to \$279.6 million for the twelve months ended January 24, 1998. This increase resulted primarily from 15 acquisitions, 14 of which have occurred since May 1996, as well as internally generated growth.

School Specialty's gross profit margins have improved by achieving increased buying power and by acquiring specialty companies which usually have higher gross margins than the Company's general products divisions. The Company expects gross profit margins to be further enhanced by acquiring additional specialty companies and continuing to improve its purchasing power.

School Specialty's operating margin has improved significantly over the last several years. This improvement reflects the Company's acquisition of specialty companies which have higher operating margins than the Company's general products divisions. In addition, operating margins have increased as the Company has reduced selling, general and administrative expenses of acquired companies by eliminating redundant administrative functions. Currently, nine of the ten general school supply companies acquired since May 1996 have been integrated. However, the Company believes that the full benefit of the integrations has not yet been realized as there continue to be opportunities for the Company to eliminate redundant costs.

The benefit from income taxes in Fiscal 1997 of \$2.4 million reflects the reversal of a \$5.3 million deferred tax valuation allowance in the fourth quarter. The Company believes an effective income tax rate of 46%, which is used in the pro forma financial statements for the most recent interim period, is more representative of future effective income tax rates. See "--Consolidated Historical Results of Operations".

School Specialty's business and working capital needs are highly seasonal with peak sales levels occurring from May through October. During this period, the Company receives, ships and bills the majority of its orders so that schools and teachers receive their merchandise by the start of each school year. School Specialty's inventory levels increase in April through July in anticipation of the peak selling season. The majority of cash receipts are collected from September through December.

In the past, the Company has recorded restructuring costs associated with consolidation of warehouse facilities. These costs typically include: costs to exit the facility, such as rent under remaining lease terms, occupancy, relocation costs and facility restoration; employee costs, such as severance; and asset impairment costs. The Company expects to incur such costs in the future as it continues to integrate acquired companies. Based on the additional time and resources expected to be involved in the development, review and approval of any such restructuring plans, the Company cannot presently predict if a restructuring charge will be incurred and, if incurred, the timing or overall magnitude of such a charge. In addition, the Company anticipates recording certain material one-time non-recurring costs primarily consisting of write-down of deferred catalog costs, employee severance and asset impairment costs in the fourth quarter of fiscal 1998.

School Speciality is a Delaware corporation formed in February 1998 to hold the Educational Supplies and Products Division of U.S. Office Products, which acquired School Specialty, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation ("Old School"), in May 1996 and Re-Print in July 1996. The Company's consolidated financial statements give retroactive effect to these two business combinations under the pooling-of-

interests method (Old School and Re-Print are referred to as the "Pooled Companies") and include the results of companies acquired in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method from their respective dates of acquisition. Prior to their respective dates of acquisition by U.S. Office Products, the Pooled Companies reported results on years ending on December 31. Upon acquisition by U.S. Office Products and effective for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 ("fiscal 1997"), the Pooled Companies changed their year-ends from December 31 to conform to U.S. Office Products' fiscal year, which ends on the last Saturday in April.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto and pro forma financial statements and related notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Prospectus.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth various items as a percentage of revenues on a historical basis for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, fiscal 1997 and for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998, and on a pro forma basis for fiscal 1997 and for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998 reflecting the refinancing of the U.S. Office Products debt allocated to School Specialty and the companies acquired since May 1, 1996 in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method as if such transactions had occurred on May 1, 1996.

	HISTORICAL					PRO FORMA	
	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FISCAL YEAR ENDED	NINE MONTHS ENDED		FISCAL YEAR ENDED	NINE MONTHS ENDED
	DECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997
Revenues.....	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenues.....	73.4	70.3	71.2	71.5	71.2	69.7	69.7
Gross profit...	26.6	29.7	28.8	28.5	28.8	30.3	30.3
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	22.9	26.5	22.7	20.9	20.6	24.3	22.9
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....			0.9	1.1		0.5	0.6
Restructuring costs.....		1.7	0.1				
Operating income.....	3.7	1.5	5.1	6.5	8.2	5.4	6.8
Interest expense, net.....	2.5	3.6	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.9
Other (income)...	(0.1)		(0.1)	(0.1)	0.1		(0.1)
Income (Loss) before provision for income taxes...	1.3	(2.1)	3.0	4.5	6.4	3.3	5.0
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes...	0.2	0.1	(1.3)	2.3	2.9	0.0	2.3
Net income (Loss).....	1.1%	(2.2)%	4.3%	2.2%	3.5%	3.3%	2.7%

	JANUARY 24, 1998
Revenues.....	100.0%
Cost of revenues.....	71.2
Gross profit...	28.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	20.8
Non-recurring acquisition	

costs.....	
Restructuring costs.....	-----
Operating income.....	8.0
Interest expense, net.....	1.7
Other (income)...	.2

Income (Loss) before provision for income taxes...	6.1
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes...	2.8

Net income (Loss).....	3.3%

CONSOLIDATED HISTORICAL RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 24, 1998 COMPARED TO NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 25, 1997

Consolidated revenues increased 54.9%, from \$160.0 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997, to \$247.9 million for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. This increase was primarily due to the inclusion of revenues from the seven companies acquired in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method during the nine months ended January 24, 1998 (the "Fiscal 1998 Purchased Companies") from their respective dates of acquisition and revenues from the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies for the entire nine month period. Revenues also increased due to sales to new accounts, increased sales to existing customers and higher pricing on certain products in response to increased product costs.

Gross profit increased 56.5%, from \$45.6 million, or 28.5% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to \$71.4 million, or 28.8% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to an increase in revenues from higher margin products, primarily as a result of the purchase acquisitions of three companies selling higher margin specialty product lines during the nine months ended January 24, 1998, and as a result of improved purchasing power and rebate programs negotiated with vendors.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 52.7%, from \$33.4 million, or 20.9% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to \$51.0 million, or 20.6% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to efficiencies generated from the elimination of certain redundant administrative functions, including purchasing, accounting, finance and information systems of the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies and the consolidation of two warehouses into one regional facility in the Northeastern U.S during the third quarter of fiscal 1997. School Specialty has established a 24-month integration process in which a transition team is assigned to (i) sell or discontinue incompatible business units, (ii) reduce the number of SKUs, (iii) eliminate redundant administrative functions, (iv) integrate the acquired entity's MIS system, and (v) improve buying power. However, the length of time it takes the Company to fully implement its strategy for assimilating an acquired company can vary depending on the nature of the company acquired and the season in which it is acquired.

The Company incurred non-recurring acquisition costs of \$1.8 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997, in conjunction with the acquisition of the Pooled Companies. These non-recurring acquisition costs included accounting, legal, investment-banking fees, real estate and environmental assessments and appraisals and various regulatory fees. Generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") require the Company to expense all acquisition costs (both those paid by the Company and those paid by the sellers of the acquired companies) related to business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interest method of accounting. In accordance with GAAP, the Company will be unable to utilize the pooling-of-interests method to account for acquisitions for a period of two years following the completion of the Strategic Restructuring Plan. During this period, the Company will not reflect any non-recurring acquisition costs in its results of operations, as all costs incurred of this nature would be related to acquisitions accounted for under the purchase method and would, therefore, be capitalized as a portion of the purchase consideration. See "Risk Factors--Risks Related to Inability to Use Pooling-of-Interests Method to Account for Future Acquisitions". Interest has been allocated to the Company based upon the Company's average outstanding payable balance with U.S. Office Products at U.S. Office Products' weighted average interest rate during such period.

Interest expense, net of interest income, increased 22.1%, from \$3.3 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to \$4.1 million for the nine months ended January 24, 1998.

Provision for income taxes increased from tax expense of \$3.8 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to tax expense of \$7.1 million for the nine months ended January 24, 1998, reflecting

25

effective income tax rates of 51.0% and 44.6%, respectively. The high effective income tax rates for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998, compared to the federal statutory rate of 35.0%, was primarily due to state income taxes and non-deductible goodwill amortization.

YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995

Consolidated revenues increased 27.4%, from \$150.5 million in 1995, to \$191.7 million in fiscal 1997. This increase was primarily due to the inclusion, for fiscal 1997, of revenues from the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies from their respective dates of acquisition, sales to new accounts, increased sales to existing customers and higher pricing on certain products in response to increased product costs.

Gross profit increased 23.4%, from \$44.7 million, or 29.7% of revenues, in 1995 to \$55.2 million, or 28.8% of revenues, in fiscal 1997. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to a shift in revenue mix, resulting from the acquisition of the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies, which traditionally had lower gross profits as a percentage of revenues. This decrease was partially offset by improved purchasing and rebate programs negotiated with vendors and the Company's ability to take advantage of term discounts due to improved cash flows.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 9.0%, from \$39.9 million, or 26.5% of revenues, in 1995 to \$43.5 million, or 22.7% of revenues, in fiscal 1997. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to the consolidation of two warehouses into one regional facility in the Northeastern U.S. during third

quarter of fiscal 1997, the elimination of certain redundant administrative functions of a company acquired during 1995 in a business combination accounted for under the purchase method (the "1995 Purchased Company") and reduced executive compensation expense at one of the Pooled Companies after being acquired by U.S. Office Products in July 1996.

The Company has historically utilized grants of employee stock options as a method of incentivizing employees by increasing their ownership interests in the Company, which also has the effect of more closely aligning their interests with the interests of stockholders of the Company. As a result, if the Company had recorded compensation expense based upon the fair market value of the stock options on the dates of grant under the methodology prescribed by SFAS 123, the Company's income from continuing operations for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 would have been reduced by approximately \$0.7 million or 7.7%.

The Company incurred non-recurring acquisition costs of \$1.8 million in fiscal 1997, in conjunction with business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method. These non-recurring acquisition costs included accounting, legal, investment-banking fees, real estate and environmental assessments and appraisals and various regulatory fees.

The Company incurred restructuring costs of \$2.5 million and \$194,000 during 1995 and fiscal 1997, respectively. These costs represent the external costs and liabilities to close redundant Company facilities, severance costs related to the Company's employees and other costs associated with the Company's restructuring plans. The Company expects to incur similar costs in the future as the Company continues to review its operations, with the intention of continuing to eliminate redundant facilities. See "Business-- Cost Reduction and Other Efficiencies".

Interest expense, net of interest income, decreased 24.2%, from \$5.5 million in 1995 to \$4.2 million in fiscal 1997. The decrease was due primarily to the repayment of substantially all of the Company's debt in conjunction with the acquisition of the Pooled Companies by U.S. Office Products and lower interest rates being charged on the Company's short-term and long-term debt with U.S. Office Products.

Provision for income taxes decreased from \$173,000 in 1995 to a tax benefit of \$2.4 million in fiscal 1997, reflecting effective income tax rates of -5.4% and -42.2%, respectively. The provision for income taxes in 1995 is a result of the Company recording a full valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset

resulting from the net operating loss carry forwards created during 1995. The benefit from income taxes in Fiscal 1997 of \$2.4 million arose from the reversal of a \$5.3 million deferred tax asset valuation allowance in the fourth quarter. The valuation allowance had been established by one of the Pooled Companies prior to acquisition and consisted primarily of a reserve against the tax benefit of net operating loss carryforwards. The Company believes that the effective income tax rate of 46% used in the pro forma interim financial statements is more representative of future effective income tax rates.

Consolidated revenues increased 25.9%, from \$119.5 million in 1994, to \$150.5 million in 1995. This increase was primarily due to the inclusion in 1995 of the 1995 Purchased Company from its date of acquisition and revenues from one company acquired in a business combination accounted for under the purchase method of accounting during 1994 (the "1994 Purchased Company") for the entire year.

Gross profit increased 40.8%, from \$31.8 million, or 26.6% of revenues, in 1994 to \$44.7 million, or 29.7% of revenues, in 1995. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to a shift in revenue mix, primarily attributed to the acquisition of the 1995 Purchased Company, which had a higher gross profit as a percentage of revenues and a reduction in lower margin bid revenues.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 46.1%, from \$27.3 million, or 22.9% of revenues, in 1994 to \$39.9 million, or 26.5% of revenues, in 1995. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues was due primarily to the 1994 and 1995 Purchased Companies, which operated with higher levels of selling general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues.

Interest expense, net of interest income, increased 84.1%, from \$3.0 million in 1994 to \$5.5 million in 1995. The increase was due primarily to additional borrowings to finance the acquisition of the 1995 Purchased Company, a full year of interest expense on debt incurred to finance the acquisition of the 1994 Purchased Company and higher average borrowings on the Company's revolving credit facility resulting from financing the operations of the 1994 and 1995 Purchased Companies.

Provision for income taxes decreased from \$218,000 in 1994 to \$173,000 in 1995, reflecting effective income tax rates of 14.0% and -5.4%, respectively. The low effective income tax rate in 1994 is due to the Company's utilization of a net operating loss carryforward the benefit of which had not been reflected as income in prior years.

CONSOLIDATED PRO FORMA RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The unaudited pro forma combined financial data does not purport to represent the results that the Company would have obtained had the transactions which are the subject of pro forma adjustments occurred May 1, 1996, as assumed, and are not necessarily representative of the Company's results of operations in any future period.

NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 25, 1997 COMPARED TO NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 24, 1998

Pro forma revenues increased 9.8%, from \$292.2 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997, to \$321.0 million for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. This increase was primarily due to sales to new accounts, increased sales to existing customers, and higher pricing on certain products in response to increased product costs. Product cost is the most significant element in cost of revenues. Inbound freight, occupancy and delivery charges are also included in cost of revenues.

Gross profit increased 4.5%, from \$88.5 million, or 30.3% of revenues, for

the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to \$92.5 million, or 28.8% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of revenues was primarily due to higher freight costs as a result of the UPS strike in the summer of 1997 and the discontinuation of higher margin retail operations

27

at some of the six companies acquired during fiscal 1997 in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method ("the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies").

Selling, general and administrative expenses include selling expenses (the most significant component of which is sales wages and commissions), catalog costs, general administrative overhead (which includes information systems and customer service), and accounting, legal, human resources and purchasing expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$66.9 million, or 22.9% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and \$67.0 million, or 20.9% of revenues, for the nine months ended January 24, 1998. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues reflects the elimination of certain redundant administrative functions, including purchasing, accounting, finance and information systems of the Fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies and the consolidation of two warehouses into one regional facility in the Northeastern U.S. during the third quarter of fiscal 1997. The Company has a 24-month integration strategy to consolidate operations of purchased businesses; however, the length of time it takes for the Company to fully implement its strategy for assimilating an acquired company can vary depending on the nature of the company acquired and the season in which it is acquired. See "Business--Company Strengths--Ability to Integrate Acquisitions." The decrease in selling, general and administrative expense as a percentage of revenues was partly offset by the inclusion of the pro forma results of Education Access, which the Company acquired out of a bankruptcy proceeding in March 1998.

Provision for income taxes increased 28.9% from \$6.7 million for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 to \$9.0 million for the nine months ended January 24, 1998, reflecting an effective income tax rate of 46.0% in both periods. The high effective income tax rate, compared to the federal statutory rate of 35.0%, was primarily due to state income taxes and non-deductible goodwill amortization.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At January 24, 1998, the Company had working capital of \$43.6 million. The Company's capitalization, defined as the sum of long-term debt, long-term payable to U.S. Office Products and stockholders' equity, at January 24, 1998 was \$161.3 million. On a pro forma basis at January 24, 1998, the Company had working capital of \$60.6 million and capitalization of \$181.5 million.

During the nine months ended January 24, 1998, net cash provided by operating activities was \$15.4 million. Net cash used in investing activities was \$96.5 million, including \$92.1 million for acquisitions and \$4.1 million for additions to property and equipment. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$81.1 million, including \$89.2 million provided by U.S. Office Products to fund the cash portion of the purchase price and the repayment of debt assumed with the acquisition of the fiscal 1998 Purchased Companies, \$69.8 million of which was considered a contribution of capital by U.S. Office Products, partially offset by \$8.0 million used to repay indebtedness.

During the nine months ended January 25, 1997, net cash provided by operating activities was \$4.2 million. Net cash used in investing activities was \$14.7 million, including \$7.6 million for acquisitions, \$5.3 million for additions to property and equipment and \$1.7 million to pay non-recurring acquisition costs. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$11.2 million, including \$55.0 million provided by U.S. Office Products to fund the cash portion of the purchase price and the repayment of debt associated with those companies acquired during the nine months ended January 25, 1997, partially offset by \$46.9 million used for the repayment of indebtedness, primarily at the companies acquired during the nine months ended January 25, 1997.

During fiscal 1997, net cash provided by operating activities was \$918,000. Net cash used in investing activities was \$16.7 million, including \$7.7 million for acquisitions, \$7.2 million for additions to property and equipment and \$1.8 million to pay non-recurring acquisition costs. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$15.8 million, including \$59.9 million provided by U.S. Office Products to fund the cash portion of the purchase price and the repayment of debt associated with the fiscal 1997 Purchased

28

Companies and the payment of debt of the Pooled Companies, partially offset by \$46.9 million used for the net repayment of indebtedness, primarily at the fiscal 1997 Purchased Companies.

During 1995, net cash provided by operating activities was \$4.8 million. Net cash used in investing activities was \$6.0 million, including \$5.4 million for acquisitions and \$881,000 for additions to property and equipment. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1.2 million, including net proceeds from the issuance of debt of \$2.4 million and \$500,000 received from the issuance of common stock partially offset by payments of indebtedness of \$1.5 million.

During 1994, net cash used in operating activities was \$268,000. Net cash used in investing activities was \$2.9 million, including \$2.1 million for acquisitions and \$630,000 for additions to property and equipment. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$3.2 million, consisting of proceeds from the issuance of debt of \$5.1 million, partially offset by payments of indebtedness of \$2.0 million.

The Company's anticipated capital expenditures budget for the next twelve months is approximately \$3.0 million. The largest items include operational and financial reporting software, computer hardware and warehouse equipment.

School Specialty intends to use a portion of the net proceeds of this Offering to repay a portion of the \$83.3 million of U.S. Office Products debt assumed by School Specialty. The remainder of the net proceeds of this Offering will be retained by School Specialty for general corporate purposes, including working capital, and for acquisitions.

The Company expects that the Distribution Agreement with U.S. Office Products will result in an allocation of \$83.3 million of debt by U.S. Office Products and a capital contribution of \$69.8 million by U.S. Office Products as of January 24, 1998. The Company has received a commitment letter for a secured \$250.0 million revolving credit facility from NationsBank, N.A. as administrative agent. NationsBanc Montgomery Securities LLC, one of the Underwriters and an affiliate of NationsBank, N.A., is the Arranger and Syndication Agent. The credit facility terminates five years from the

Distribution Date. The commitment letter provides that interest on borrowings under the credit facility will accrue interest at a rate of, at the Company's option, either LIBOR plus 1.00% or the lender's base rate, plus a margin of 0% to .25% for up to the first 6 months under the agreement. Thereafter, the interest will accrue at a rate of (i) LIBOR plus a range of .625% to 1.625% or (ii) the lender's base rate plus a range of .125% to .250% (depending on the Company's leverage ratio of funded debt to EBITDA). Indebtedness will be secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. The credit facility will be subject to terms and conditions typical of facilities of such size and is governed by certain financial covenants. The closing of the credit facility is conditioned on, among other things, the consummation of the School Specialty Distribution. The Company expects that at or about the time of the Offering the credit facility will be used to repay the debt allocated by U.S. Office Products and to fund working capital and capital expenditure needs. The Company expects that a portion of the credit facility will also be available to fund the cash portion of future acquisitions, subject to the maintenance of required covenants.

FLUCTUATIONS IN QUARTERLY RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company's business is subject to seasonal influences. The Company's historical revenues and profitability have been dramatically higher in the first two quarters of its fiscal year (May-October) primarily due to increased shipments to customers coinciding with the start of each school year.

Quarterly results also may be materially affected by the timing of acquisitions, the timing and magnitude of costs related to such acquisitions, variations in the prices paid by the Company for the products it sells, the mix of products sold and general economic conditions. Moreover, the operating margins of companies acquired by the Company may differ substantially from those of the Company, which could contribute to the further fluctuation in its quarterly operating results. Therefore, results for

any quarter are not indicative of the results that the Company may achieve for any subsequent fiscal quarter or for a full fiscal year.

The following table sets forth certain unaudited consolidated quarterly financial data for the year ended December 31, 1995, fiscal 1997 and the first three quarters of fiscal 1998 (in thousands). The information has been derived from unaudited consolidated financial statements that in the opinion of management reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of such quarterly information. This quarterly information is not comparative because of the high degree of seasonability in School Specialty's business. Revenues and profitability are significantly higher in the months of May through October, with the most significant portion of revenue and profit occurring in the months of July through September. On a fiscal year basis (years ending in April) this six month (May through October) period falls in the first two quarters of the fiscal year. On a calendar year basis, the most profitable three months (July through September) fall in the third quarter.

For the year ended April 26, 1997, fourth quarter net income was increased by \$5.3 million due to the reversal of a deferred tax asset valuation allowance. See Note 5 to "Selected Financial Data".

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995				
FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	TOTAL

Revenues.....	\$ 18,760	\$ 36,702	\$ 69,192	\$ 25,828	\$ 150,482
Gross profit.....	4,960	11,130	20,795	7,840	44,725
Operating income (loss).....	(3,014)	1,196	8,934	(4,792)	2,324
Net income (loss).....	(3,711)	(252)	4,309	(3,713)	(3,367)

YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997

	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	TOTAL
Revenues.....	\$ 58,991	\$ 71,682	\$ 29,304	\$ 31,769	\$ 191,746
Gross profit.....	18,110	19,823	7,664	9,572	55,169
Operating income (loss).....	5,197	6,732	(1,520)	(688)	9,721
Net income (loss).....	1,981	2,692	(1,067)	4,526	8,132

NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 24, 1998

	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	TOTAL
Revenues.....	\$ 87,029	\$ 111,460	\$ 49,391	\$ 247,880
Gross profit.....	26,090	33,619	11,670	71,379
Operating income (loss).....	11,872	12,155	(3,647)	20,380
Net income (loss).....	5,804	5,965	(2,934)	8,835

INFLATION

The Company does not believe that inflation has had a material impact on its results of operations during the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995 or the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

REPORTING COMPREHENSIVE INCOME. In June 1997, FASB issued SFAS No. 130. "Reporting Comprehensive Income". SFAS No. 130 establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components (revenues, expenses, gains, and losses) in a full set of general-purpose financial statements. SFAS No. 130 requires that all items that are required to be recognized under accounting standards as components of comprehensive income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements. SFAS No. 130 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1997. Reclassification of financial statements for earlier periods provided for comparative purposes is required. The Company intends to adopt SFAS No. 130 in fiscal 1999.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The school supply market consists of the sale of non-textbook school supplies, furniture and equipment to school districts, individual schools, teachers and curriculum specialists who purchase products for school and classroom use. According to data collected by the NSSEA, sales of educational supplies and equipment (which is defined by NSSEA as educational products sold by dealers for use by educational institutions or as a supplement to learning outside of the classroom) to the school supply market is approximately \$6.1 billion, with over \$3.6 billion sold to institutions and \$2.5 billion sold to consumers.

According to the U.S. Department of Education, in all 50 states, there are 15,996 school districts, 108,577 public and private elementary and secondary schools, and 3.1 million teachers. School supply procurement decisions are made

at the school district level by administrators and curriculum specialists, at the school level by principals and at the classroom level by teachers. Some school supplies are purchased directly from manufacturers while others are purchased through distributors. The NSSEA study states that there are over 3,400 distributors of school supplies. The majority of these distributors are family- or employee-owned companies with revenues under \$20 million that operate in a single region. In addition to School Specialty, only two other companies have a measurable presence in the market, with annual revenues in excess of \$130 million. School Specialty believes the demand for timely order fulfillment at competitive prices, combined with the need to invest in automated inventory management systems and electronic ordering systems, is accelerating the trend toward consolidation in the industry.

The volume of school supplies is directly influenced by the size of the student population. According to the U.S. Department of Education, student enrollment in grades K-12 began growing in 1986, reaching an all-time peak in 1996 with 51.5 million students (1997 data not yet available). Current projections by the U.S. Department of Education indicate that student enrollment will continue to grow to 54.3 million by the year 2006. As a result of these trends, the U.S. Department of Education projects that expenditures in public elementary and secondary schools will rise through the year 2007. In current dollars, expenditures of \$272.4 billion in 1997 are projected to increase to \$340.7 billion by the year 2001. These projected increases in expenditures include a projected increase in total per pupil spending in current dollars from \$5,961 per pupil in 1997 to \$7,179 by the year 2001.

31

BUSINESS

School Specialty is a Delaware corporation formed in February 1998 to hold the Educational Supplies and Products Division of U.S. Office Products. School Specialty, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation ("Old School") formed in October 1959, was acquired by U.S. Office Products in May 1996. U.S. Office Products' Educational Supplies and Products Division also includes Re-Print, which it acquired in July 1996, and which has been in operation since 1921. The specialty product lines, Childcraft, Sax Arts & Crafts and Gresswell, were all acquired by U.S. Office Products in 1997, and have been in operation since 1946, 1945, and 1938, respectively. School Specialty has 1,322 employees in the United States and the United Kingdom, providing service to all 50 states and the United Kingdom. School Specialty's principal offices are located at 1000 North Bluemound Drive, Appleton, Wisconsin 54914, and its telephone number is (920) 734-2756. School Specialty's world wide website is located at <http://www.schoolspecialty.com>. Information contained in this website is not deemed to be a part of this Prospectus.

COMPANY STRENGTHS

School Specialty attributes its strong competitive position to the following key strengths:

LEADING MARKET POSITION. The Company has developed its leading market position over its 38 year history by emphasizing high quality products, superior order fulfillment and exceptional customer service. School Specialty has developed a group of strong brand names including School Specialty, Re-Print, Childcraft, Sax Arts & Crafts and Gresswell. The Company believes its annual revenues exceed those of its next two largest competitors combined and that its large size and brand recognition have resulted in significant buying power, economies of scale and customer loyalty.

BROAD PRODUCT LINE. School Specialty's strategy is to provide a full range of high quality products to meet the complete supply needs of pre-K-12 schools and, as a result, currently offers over 32,000 SKUs ranging from classroom supplies to playground equipment. The Company's specialty brands enrich its general product offering and create opportunities to cross merchandise its specialty school supplies to the customers of its general lines. Specialty

brands include Childcraft, which sells materials, classroom furniture and equipment such as library shelving, cubbies, easels, desks and play vehicles to the early childhood market; Sax Arts & Crafts, which distributes art supplies such as paint, brushes, paper, ceramics, leather and wood crafts; and Gresswell, which distributes library-related products including supplies, furniture and media display and storage in the United Kingdom. School Specialty offers customers one source for virtually all of their school supply and furniture needs.

INNOVATIVE TWO-PRONGED DISTRIBUTION. School supply procurement decisions are made at the district and school levels by administrators and principals, and at the classroom level by curriculum specialists and teachers. The Company targets both of these groups, addressing administrative decision makers with a "top down" approach through its 290 person sales force and School Specialty Catalog, and targeting teachers and curriculum specialists with a "bottom up" approach primarily through the 6.3 million Re-Print general supply, Childcraft, Sax Arts & Crafts and Gresswell specialty catalogs mailed each year. School Specialty utilizes its customer database across its family of catalogs to maximize their effectiveness and increase the Company's marketing reach.

ABILITY TO INTEGRATE ACQUISITIONS. School Specialty has successfully completed the acquisition of 20 companies since 1991, 15 of which have been acquired since May 1996. School Specialty has established a 24-month integration process in which a transition team is assigned to (i) sell or discontinue incompatible business units, (ii) reduce the number of SKUs, (iii) eliminate redundant administrative functions, (iv) integrate the acquired entity's MIS system, and (v) improve buying power. To date, the Company's integration efforts have focused on acquired general products companies. The Company intends to consolidate certain administrative functions at its specialty divisions. The Company believes that through these processes it can generate significant economies of scale and rapidly improve the

32

margins of acquired entities, as well as increase sales by channeling acquired entities' products through its broad distribution network.

USE OF TECHNOLOGY. The Company believes that through the utilization of technology in areas such as (i) purchasing and inventory management, (ii) customer order fulfillment, and (iii) database management, School Specialty is able to turn inventory more quickly than competitors, offer customers more convenient and cost effective product ordering methods and conduct more precisely targeted sales and marketing campaigns.

EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT. School Specialty's management team provides depth and continuity of experience. Management's interests are aligned with those of its shareholders as management's incentive-based compensation is tied to School Specialty's operating profitability.

COMPANY GROWTH STRATEGY

School Specialty's objective is to further enhance its position as the leading distributor of non-textbook educational supplies through the continued implementation of the following strategies:

PURSUE ACQUISITIONS AGGRESSIVELY. The Company believes that there are extensive acquisition opportunities among the over 3,400 school distributors in the U.S. The Company intends to pursue two types of acquisitions: (i) general school supply and furniture companies in geographic markets in which the Company has a limited presence, and (ii) specialty companies focusing on disciplines such as physical education, science, technology and music. School Specialty believes it can improve the margins of acquired entities through its efficient integration process to achieve economies of scale. Although the Company is the largest distributor in the industry, its share of the \$6.1 billion school supply market is less than 6%, giving the Company substantial growth opportunities.

IMPROVE PROFITABILITY. School Specialty improved its operating margin from 3.7% in 1994 to 7.0% for the twelve months ended January 24, 1998. School Specialty believes that there are substantial opportunities to further improve margins by (i) increasing the efficiency of recent acquisitions, (ii) expanding purchasing power and (iii) improving warehousing and distribution.

PENETRATE NEW MARKETS AND EXPAND CUSTOMER BASE IN EXISTING MARKETS. School Specialty believes that it can increase sales by adding sales representatives in geographic markets in which the Company does not have a significant presence. In addition, the Company believes that it can further increase sales by cross merchandising its specialty supplies to its general supplies customers. Lastly, the Company intends to increase international sales in English-speaking countries.

PRODUCT LINES

SCHOOL SPECIALTY. The School Specialty Catalog offers a comprehensive selection of classroom supplies, instructional materials, educational games, art supplies, school forms (such as reports, planners and academic calendars), physical education equipment, audio-visual equipment, school furniture, and indoor and outdoor equipment and is targeted to administrative decision makers. School Specialty believes it is the largest school furniture resale source in the United States. School Specialty has been granted exclusive franchises for certain furniture lines in specific territories and School Specialty enjoys significant purchasing power in open furniture lines.

The Company's specialty brands offer product lines for specific educational disciplines.

RE-PRINT. Re-Print offers its customers substantially the same products as the School Specialty Catalog but focuses on reaching teachers and curriculum specialists directly through its mail-order catalogs.

33

CHILDCRAFT. Childcraft distributes early childhood education products and materials. Childcraft also distributes over 1,000 proprietary or exclusive products manufactured by its Bird-in-Hand Woodworks subsidiary, including wood classroom furniture and equipment such as library shelving, cubbies, easels, desks and play vehicles.

SAX ARTS & CRAFTS. Sax Arts & Crafts is a leading distributor of art supplies and art instruction materials, including paints, brushes, paper, ceramics, art metals and glass, leather and wood crafts. Sax Arts & Crafts offers customers a toll free "Art Savvy Hotline" staffed with 15 professional artists to respond to customer questions.

GRESSWELL. Gresswell distributes library-related products in the U.K. including furniture, and media display and storage. Gresswell's dedicated sales and design team helps customers plan, design and install library projects using Computer Assisted Design equipment.

EDUCATION ACCESS. Education Access is a catalog reseller of technology solutions for the K-12 education market. This new product line will offer curriculum software, productivity software, peripherals, networking products, and other related products. Education Access publishes a 110-page catalog twice a year and mails interim Technology Flash Updates to the K-12 market in the United States.

School Specialty employs merchandising managers who continually review and update the product lines for each operating division. The merchandising managers convene customer focus groups and advisory panels to ascertain whether current offerings are well-received and to anticipate future demand. The merchandising managers also travel to product fairs and conventions seeking out new product

lines. This annual review process results in an organic reshaping and expansion of the educational materials being offered by School Specialty.

OPERATIONS

SALES AND MARKETING

School Specialty believes it has developed a substantially different sales and marketing model from that of traditional school supply and school furnishings distribution companies in the United States. School Specialty's strategy is to use its position of owning two distribution platforms with which it can approach the school market. School Specialty's 290 sales representatives focus on "top down" selling (through districts, school purchasing authorities and schools), while School Specialty's Re-Print Division uses the "bottom up" approach through its direct mail catalog selling directly to teachers. To further strengthen its position in the market, School Specialty also owns premier specialty education brands (Childcraft, Sax Arts & Crafts, and Gresswell) that have the potential to enrich the general product offering through cross-merchandising.

School Specialty has a broad customer base and no single customer accounted for more than 2% of sales during fiscal 1997. Schools typically purchase school supplies and furniture based on an established relationship with relatively few suppliers. School Specialty establishes and maintains its relationship with its customers by assigning accounts within a specific geographic territory to a local area sales representative. Additionally, each account is assigned its designated inside customer service representative.

School Specialty's customer service representatives call on existing customers frequently to ascertain and fulfill their school supply needs. The representatives maintain contact with customers throughout the order cycle and assist in processing orders.

School Specialty's primary compensation program for sales representatives is based on commissions as a percentage of gross profit on sales. For new and transitioning sales representatives, School Specialty offers salary and expense reimbursement until the representative is moved to a full commission compensation structure.

School Specialty utilizes direct mail catalogs to reach its broader customer base. School Specialty distributes five major catalogs, one for each of its School Specialty general supply, Re-Print, Childcraft,

34

Gresswell, and Sax Arts & Crafts lines. The catalog distribution calendar is generally the same across all product lines. A major catalog containing all product offerings is distributed toward the end of the calendar year so that it is available for school buyers at the beginning of the year. During the year, various catalog supplements are distributed to coincide with the peak school buying season in June through September and following the return of students to school in the fall.

The approximate number of catalogs distributed for School Specialty, Re-Print, Childcraft, Gresswell and Sax Arts & Crafts for each of the past three calendar years and projected catalog distribution for 1998 is set out below. The figures set forth below include all books of over 32 pages sent out (or, with respect to 1998, expected to be sent out) during the calendar year but do not include catalogs that were distributed by discontinued operations.

1995	1996	1997	1998
-----	-----	-----	-----

School Specialty Catalog.....	115,000	296,750	450,750	600,000
Re-Print.....	998,000	1,175,000	2,275,000	3,400,000
Childcraft.....	1,583,000	1,308,000	1,360,000	1,728,000
Gresswell.....	100,000	180,000(1)	130,000	150,000
Sax Arts & Crafts.....	750,000	823,000	1,043,500	1,064,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total.....	3,546,000	3,782,750	5,259,250	6,942,000
	-----	-----	-----	-----

(1) Includes an extra catalog published against a competitive launch.

Pricing for School Specialty's general and specialty product offerings varies by product and channel of distribution. The Company generally offers a negotiated discount from catalog prices for supplies and responds to quote and bid requests for furniture and equipment. In addition, local sales representatives work with the Company's corporate sales force and school supply buyers to achieve an acceptable pricing structure based upon the mix of products being procured.

School Specialty distributes products through its distribution centers as well as placing customer orders directly with School Specialty's suppliers. Furniture is generally shipped directly from the manufacturer to the user, bypassing School Specialty's distribution centers.

PURCHASING AND INVENTORY MANAGEMENT

School Specialty manages its inventory by continually reviewing daily inventory levels compared to a running 90-day inventory for the previous year, adjusted for incoming orders. School Specialty constantly refines the focus of inventory products through its automated inventory management system to pursue the optimum level of scope and depth of product offered. Every item in each of the various distribution regions is forecasted on a daily basis to account for the anticipated demand curve, current order activity, and available stock as well as the expected lead time from the supplier. The forecast allows inventory purchases to respond quickly to the high seasonal demand while keeping off-season inventory to a minimum. The information systems for all of School Specialty's distribution centers are interconnected to allow transfer of inventory between facilities to fill regional demand. In addition, all orders can be redirected to the distribution center which is the primary stocking location for a product. School Specialty's inventory management results in inventory turnover that management believes is higher than industry turnover rates and reduces the level of discontinued, excess and obsolete inventory compared to businesses acquired by School Specialty.

School Specialty believes its large size enhances its purchasing power with suppliers and results in lower product costs than most of the Company's competitors. Further, School Specialty believes it can leverage this purchasing power to acquired companies in the future to improve the operating margins for both general supply and specialty businesses. The Company also believes its purchasing power for general supplies should result in improved margins for its specialty businesses.

Market surveys by Krebs and Company have shown that the primary determinants of customer satisfaction in the educational supply industry are the completeness and accuracy of shipments received and the timeliness of delivery. School Specialty continues to invest in sophisticated computer systems to automate the order taking, inventory allocation and management, and order shipment processes. As a result, School Specialty has been able to provide superior order fulfillment to its customers. In addition, School Specialty has developed OMS, which allows schools to customize their orders and enter them electronically with School Specialty and provides historical usage reports to schools useful for their budgeting process. During the academic year, School Specialty seeks to

fill orders within twenty-four hours of receipt of the order at a 95.0% fill rate and a 99.5% order accuracy rate. During the summer months, School Specialty shifts to a production environment and schedules shipments to coincide with the start of the school year. During the summer months, School Specialty's objectives are to meet a 100% fill rate at a 99.5% order accuracy rate. In the aggregate, School Specialty's order fill rate for June, July and August 1997 exceeded 97.0%. The Company defines "fill rate" as the percentage of line items in a customer's order that are initially shipped to the customer in response to the order by the requested ship date.

During the peak shipping season between June 1 and September 30, each of School Specialty's distribution centers contracts with local common carriers to deliver its product to schools and school warehouses. Re-Print and Sax Arts & Craft rely on carriers such as Roadway Package Service, United Parcel Service and the U.S. Postal Service for distribution to customers.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS

The Company believes that through the utilization of technology in areas such as (i) purchasing and inventory management, (ii) customer order fulfillment and (iii) database management, School Specialty is able to turn inventory more quickly than competitors, offer customers more convenient and cost effective product ordering methods and conduct more precisely targeted sales and marketing campaigns. School Specialty uses two principal information systems, one for its general distribution and another for its specialty market distribution. In general school supply distribution, School Specialty utilizes a specialized distribution software package used primarily by office products and paper distributors. The software offers a fully integrated process from sales order entry through customer invoicing, and inventory requirements planning through accounts payable. School Specialty's system provides information through daily automatic posting to the general ledger and integrated inventory control. School Specialty has made numerous enhancements to this process that allow greater flexibility in addressing seasonal requirements of the industry and meeting specific customer needs.

The specialty divisions are moving towards a common mail order system provided by Smith-Gardner & Associates. The Mail-order and Catalog System ("MACS") meets the unique needs of the direct marketing approach with extensive list management and tracking of multiple marketing efforts. The system provides complete and integrated order processing, inventory control, warehouse management, and financial applications.

Although School Specialty has two principal information systems, these systems integrate general ledger, purchasing and inventory management functions. The software and hardware allow for continued incremental growth as well as the opportunity to integrate new client-server and other technologies into the information systems. Currently, all acquired School Specialty general distribution companies (except one acquired in December 1997) are on the same computer system. The specialty businesses and Re-Print operate on different systems but intend to implement the common MACS system. School Specialty intends to continue to use two principal information systems in its business.

YEAR 2000 COMPLIANCE

School Specialty's current information systems as well as those being considered for acquisition by School Specialty's mail order and specialty distribution divisions, currently meet information standards for Year 2000 compliance. School Specialty does not expect that it will incur any material costs and

expenses related to bringing its information systems to Year 2000 compliance. See "Risk Factors-- Dependence on Systems".

COMPETITION

School Specialty operates in a highly competitive environment. The Company's principal competitors are other national and regional school supply distribution companies. School Specialty is also faced with increasing competition from non-traditional alternate channel competitors, such as office products contract stationers and superstores. Among traditional school supply distributors, School Specialty believes that there are only two other companies with sales in excess of \$130 million: Beckley-Cardy and the J.L. Hammett Co. School Specialty believes that it competes favorably with these companies on the basis of service and price.

The market is highly competitive on a regional basis, but School Specialty believes its heaviest competition is coming from alternate channel competitors such as office product contract stationers and superstores. Their primary advantages over School Specialty are size, location, greater financial resources and buying power. Their primary disadvantage is that their product mix covers only 15% to 20% of the school's needs (measured by volume). In addition, the Company's competitors do not offer special order fulfillment software, which School Specialty believes is increasingly important to adequately service school needs. School Specialty believes it competes favorably with these companies on the basis of service and product offering.

EMPLOYEES

As of December 31, 1997, School Specialty had 1,322 full-time employees, 266 of whom were employed primarily in management and administration, 430 in regional warehouse and distribution operations, and 626 in marketing, sales, order processing, and customer service. To meet the seasonal demands of its customers, School Specialty employs many seasonal employees during the late spring and summer seasons. Historically, School Specialty has been able to meet its requirements for seasonal employment. As of January 12, 1998, approximately 27 of School Specialty's employees were members of the Teamsters Labor Union at Sax Arts & Crafts' New Berlin, Wisconsin facility. School Specialty considers its relations with its employees to be very good.

FACILITIES

School Specialty's corporate headquarters are located at 1000 North Bluemound Drive, Appleton, Wisconsin, a combined office and warehouse facility of approximately 120,000 square feet. School

Specialty's lease on the Appleton headquarters expires on December 31, 2001. School Specialty leases or owns the following distribution facilities.

LOCATIONS	APPROXIMATE SQUARE FOOTAGE	OWNED/ LEASED	LEASE EXPIRATION
Agawam, Massachusetts.....	163,300	Owned	--
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.....	25,600	Leased	February 28, 1999
Birmingham, Alabama.....	180,365	Leased	November 20, 2006
Bowling Green, Kentucky.....	42,000	Leased	June 30, 2001
Cary, Illinois.....	75,767	Owned	--
Enfield, London, England.....	8,000	Owned	--
Fresno, California.....	18,480	Leased	December 31, 2001
Hoddesdon, London, England.....	10,000	Leased	September 1999
Hoddesdon, London, England.....	10,000	Leased	September 2015
Lancaster, Pennsylvania.....	75,434	Leased	December 31, 2002
Lancaster, Pennsylvania.....	165,750	Leased	February 28, 1999
Mt. Laurel, New Jersey.....	48,000	Leased	May 31, 2001
New Berlin, Wisconsin.....	97,500	Leased	March 31, 2002
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.....	37,340	Leased	July 16, 2001
Pollocksville, North Carolina.....	84,071	Owned	--
Portland, Oregon.....	30,456	Leased	May 31, 2001
Salina, Kansas.....	123,000	Owned	--

The Lancaster, Pennsylvania facility is used for manufacturing and the Salina, Kansas facility is used for production of school forms. In addition, School Specialty has ten sales offices throughout the United States.

School Specialty believes that its properties are adequate to support its operations for the foreseeable future. School Specialty reviews on a regular basis the consolidation of its facilities.

MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Following the School Specialty Distribution, it is anticipated that the directors and executive officers of School Specialty will be as follows:

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Daniel P. Spalding.....	43	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
David J. Vander Zanden.....	43	President, Chief Operating Officer, and Director*
Donald J. Noskowiak.....	40	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Douglas Moskonas.....	53	Executive Vice President for School Specialty Divisions
Melvin D. Hilbrow.....	49	Executive Vice President for Gresswell
Richard H. Nagel.....	57	Executive Vice President for Sax Arts & Crafts
Donald Ray Pate, Jr.....	35	Executive Vice President for Re-Print
Ronald E. Suchodolski.....	51	Executive Vice President for Childcraft
Michael J. Killoren.....	41	Vice President for School Specialty Divisions
Lillian R. Kellogg.....	45	President for Education Access Division
Jonathan J. Ledecy.....	40	Director*
Leo C. McKenna.....	64	Director*
Rochelle Lamm Wallach.....	48	Director*

* Messrs. Vander Zanden, Ledecy and McKenna and Ms. Wallach will join the Board of Directors of School Specialty immediately prior to the issuance of the shares offered hereby.

DANIEL P. SPALDING became Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of School Specialty in February 1998. Mr. Spalding has served as President of the Educational Supplies and Products Division of U.S. Office Products since 1996. Prior to that time, he served as President, Chief Executive Officer, and a director of Old School since 1988. Prior to 1988, Mr. Spalding was an officer of JanSport, a manufacturer of sports apparel and backpacking equipment. Mr. Spalding was a co-founder of JanSport, and served as President and Chief Executive Officer from 1977 to 1984. Mr. Spalding has been a director of the National School Supply and Equipment Association since 1992 and completed his term as the association's Chairman in November 1997. Mr. Spalding is Michael J. Killoren's cousin.

DAVID J. VANDER ZANDEN became the Chief Operating Officer of School Specialty in March 1998. Prior to that time, he served as President of Ariens Company since 1992, a manufacturer of outdoor lawn and garden equipment.

DONALD J. NOSKOWIAK has served as Chief Financial Officer of School

Specialty since 1997. In February 1998, Mr. Noskowiak became an Executive Vice President of School Specialty. He was Vice President, Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer of Old School since 1994. From 1992 through 1994 he was the Corporate Controller of Old School.

DOUGLAS MOSKONAS joined Old School in 1993 as Vice President of Sales for the Valley Division. Since that time he has served as General Manager for the Valley Division from 1994 through 1996 and was appointed President of School Specialty Distribution in 1997. Prior to joining School Specialty, Mr. Moskonas served as Vice President of Sales for Emmons-Napp Office Products from 1979 through

39

1993. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Moskonas is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for School Specialty Divisions.

MELVIN D. HILBROWN joined School Specialty as Managing Director of Gresswell with School Specialty's acquisition of Don Gresswell, Ltd. in 1997. He has been Managing Director of Gresswell since 1989. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Hilbrow is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for Gresswell.

RICHARD H. NAGEL joined School Specialty with the acquisition of Sax Arts & Crafts in 1997 and serves as President of Sax Arts & Crafts. Mr. Nagel has been with Sax Arts & Crafts since 1975 when he was hired as Assistant General Manager. He was named President of Sax Arts & Crafts in 1990. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Nagel is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for Sax Arts & Crafts.

DONALD RAY PATE, JR. joined School Specialty with the acquisition of Re-Print in 1996 and serves as President of Re-Print. Mr. Pate has served as President of Re-Print since he acquired it in 1988. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Pate is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for Re-Print.

RONALD E. SUCHODOLSKI joined School Specialty with the acquisition of Childcraft Education Corp. in 1997 and serves as President of Childcraft Education Corp. Mr. Suchodolski has been President of Childcraft Education Corp. since 1995 and was Director of Childcraft's School Division from 1984 through 1989. From 1989 to 1993, Mr. Suchodolski was President of the Judy/Instructo Division of Paramount, and from 1993 through 1995 Mr. Suchodolski served as Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing for Paramount Publishing's Supplementary Materials Division. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Suchodolski is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for Childcraft.

MICHAEL J. KILLOREN has served as Chief Operating Officer of School Specialty Distribution since 1997. From 1992 to 1997, he was Vice President/Operations of School Specialty. Mr. Killoren is Daniel P. Spalding's cousin. As of the School Specialty Distribution, Mr. Killoren is expected to be elected an Executive Vice President of School Specialty for School Specialty Divisions.

LILLIAN R. KELLOGG joined the Company with the acquisition of Education Access in March 1998 and serves as President of the Company's Education Access Division. Ms. Kellogg previously served as Executive Vice President of Education Access, Inc. from March 1997 to March 1998 and as President of Computer Plus, Inc. from March 1984 to March 1997. On January 19, 1998 Education Access, Inc. filed for bankruptcy protection under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

JONATHAN J. LEDECKY will serve as a Director and an employee of School

Specialty as of the Distribution Date. He founded Consolidation Capital Corporation in February 1997 and serves as its Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Ledecy founded U.S. Office Products in October 1994 and will serve as its Chairman of the Board until the Distribution Date and served as its Chief Executive Officer until November 5, 1997. Mr. Ledecy has also served as the Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of USA Floral Products, Inc. since April 1997 and as the Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of UniCapital Corporation since October 1997. Mr. Ledecy served from 1989 to 1991 as the President of The Legacy Fund, Inc., and from 1991 to September 1994 as President and Chief Executive Officer of Legacy Dealer Capital Fund, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Steelcase Inc. Prior to his tenure at The Legacy Fund, Inc., Mr. Ledecy was a partner at Adler and Company and a Senior Vice President at Allied Capital Corporation, an investment management company.

LEO C. MCKENNA is a self-employed financial consultant working with personal asset management, corporate planning, acquisitions, merger studies, and negotiations. Mr. McKenna is currently a Member of the Board of Life Insurance Company of Boston and New York (Subsidiary of Boston Mutual Life). He is founder and a director of Ledyard National Bank, where he also serves on the Audit Committee. He is

40

also a director of Rosenthal, A.G. USA. He is a director and member of the John Brown Cook Foundation and an overseer and Chairman of the Finance Committee for the Catholic Student Center at Dartmouth College.

ROCHELLE LAMM WALLACH was formerly associated with Strong Advisory Services, a division of Strong Capital Management as its President from 1995 to March 1998. Prior to that time, she was Chief Operating Officer of AAL Capital Management, a mutual fund manager which she founded in 1986.

The Company intends to name two additional independent directors after the effective date of the Distribution.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The School Specialty Board will create an Audit Committee effective immediately prior to the issuance of the shares offered hereby. The Audit Committee is charged with reviewing School Specialty's annual audit and meeting with School Specialty's independent accountants to review School Specialty's internal controls and financial management practices.

The School Specialty Board will create a Compensation Committee effective immediately prior to the issuance of the shares offered hereby. The Compensation Committee is charged with determining the compensation of executive officers of School Specialty and administering any stock option plan School Specialty may adopt.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth information with respect to the compensation paid by School Specialty for services rendered during the year ended April 25, 1998 to the Chief Executive Officer and to each of the four other most highly compensated officers of School Specialty (the "Named Officers").

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	ANNUAL COMPENSATION		LONG TERM COMPENSATION OPTIONS (#)	ALL OTHER COMPENSATION
		SALARY	BONUS		
Daniel P. Spalding.....	1997	\$ 178,846			
Chairman of the Board, CEO and Director	1998	212,104	\$ 34,200	150,000	--
David J. Vander Zanden.....	1997	--	--	--	--
President, Chief Operating Officer and Director(1)	1998	\$ 225,000	--	--	--
Ronald E. Suchodolski(2).....	1997	\$ 141,535	\$ 30,000	--	--
President, Childcraft	1998	157,646	62,633	20,000	--
Richard H. Nagel(2)(3).....	1997	\$ 118,000	\$ 29,500	--	32,000
President, Sax Arts & Crafts	1998	130,660	29,500	20,000	--
Douglas Moskonas.....	1997	\$ 97,266	\$ 44,500	15,000	--
President, School Specialty Division	1998	139,525	--	20,000	--

(1) Mr. Vander Zanden joined School Specialty in March 1998.

(2) Mr. Suchodolski and Mr. Nagel joined School Specialty in May and July 1997, respectively. The compensation information included in this table reflects the compensation received when employed by predecessor companies.

41

(3) Other compensation refers to Mr. Nagel's automobile allowance and stay-bonus compensation received by his prior employer.

OPTIONS GRANTED IN FISCAL YEAR 1998

The following table sets forth certain information regarding options to acquire U.S. Office Products common stock granted to the Named Officers during the year ended April 25, 1998. All options were granted by U.S. Office Products as options to acquire U.S. Office Products Common Stock and are expected to be replaced with options to acquire School Specialty Common Stock in connection with the School Specialty Distribution. See "--Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options". Upon consummation of the School Specialty Distribution, the number of options granted to officers, directors and employees of the Company in respect of U.S. Office Products' common stock and their exercise price will be determined according to the formula set by U.S. Office Products.

OPTIONS GRANTED IN FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 25, 1998

POTENTIAL REALIZABLE
VALUE AT ASSUMED
ANNUAL RATES OF STOCK

PERCENT OF

NAME	OPTIONS GRANTED (1) (2)	TOTAL OPTIONS GRANTED TO EMPLOYEES IN FISCAL YEAR (3)	EXERCISE PRICE	EXPIRATION DATE	PRICE APPRECIATION FOR OPTION TERM (4)	
					5%	10%
Daniel P. Spalding.....	150,000	0.0%	\$ 15.17	4/28/07	\$1,431,049	\$3,626,561
David J. Vander Zanden.....	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ronald E. Suchodolski.....	20,000	0.0%	18.00	12/12/07	226,400	573,600
Richard H. Nagel.....	20,000	0.0%	18.00	12/12/07	226,400	573,600
Douglas Moskonas.....	20,000	0.0%	\$ 18.00	12/12/07	226,400	573,600

- (1) The options granted are non-qualified stock options, which are exercisable at the market price on the date of grant beginning one year from the date of grant in cumulative yearly amounts of 25% of the shares and expire ten years from the date of grant. The options become fully exercisable upon a change in control, as defined in the Incentive Plan.
- (2) The option exercise price will be adjusted as described under "--Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options".
- (3) Total options granted refers to options to acquire U.S. Office Products common stock given to all employees of the Educational Supplies and Products Division of U.S. Office Products during fiscal 1998.
- (4) The dollar amounts under these columns are the results of calculations at assumed annual rates of stock appreciation of 5% and 10%. These assumed rates of growth were selected by the SEC for illustration purposes only. They are not intended to forecast possible future appreciation, if any, of stock prices. No gain to the optionees is possible without an increase in stock prices, which will benefit all stockholders.

AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES IN FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 25, 1998 AND FISCAL YEAR-END 1998 OPTION VALUES

The following table sets forth certain information regarding unexercised options held by the Named Officers at April 25, 1998. All options were granted by U.S. Office Products as options to acquire U.S. Office Products common stock and are expected to be replaced with options to acquire shares of School Specialty Common Stock in connection with the Distribution. See "--Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options". Upon consummation of the School Specialty Distribution, the number of stock options granted to officers, directors and employees of the Company in respect of U.S. Office Products' options and their exercise price will be determined according to the formula set by U.S. Office Products.

AGGREGATED OPTION EXERCISES IN FISCAL YEAR ENDED 1998 AND FISCAL YEAR ENDED 1998 OPTION VALUES

NUMBER UNEXERCISED VALUE OF UNEXERCISED IN-THE-MONEY (3) OPTIONS AT

NAME	SHARES ACQUIRED ON EXERCISE (#) (1)	VALUE REALIZED (\$) (2)	OPTIONS HELD AT APRIL 25, 1998 (#) (1)		FISCAL YEAR END (\$) (1) (3) (4)
			EXERCISABLE	UNEXERCISABLE	EXERCISABLE
Daniel P. Spalding.....	--	\$ --	--	150,000	\$ --
David J. Vander Zanden.....	--	--	--	--	--
Ronald E. Suchodolski.....	--	--	--	20,000	--
Richard H. Nagel.....	--	--	--	20,000	--
Douglas Moskonas.....	--	--	--	35,000	--

NAME	UNEXERCISABLE
Daniel P. Spalding.....	\$ 63,938
David J. Vander Zanden.....	--
Ronald E. Suchodolski.....	--
Richard H. Nagel.....	--
Douglas Moskonas.....	--

- (1) The option exercise price will be adjusted as described under "Replacement of Outstanding U.S. Office Products' Options".
- (2) The value of exercised options represents the difference between the exercise price of such options and the closing market price of U.S. Office Products' common stock on the date of exercise.
- (3) Options are "in-the-money" if the closing market price of U.S. Office Products Common Stock exceeds the exercise price of the options.
- (4) The value of unexercised options represents the difference between the exercise price of such options and \$16.875, the closing market price of U.S. Office Products' common stock at April 24, 1998.

REPLACEMENT OF OUTSTANDING U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS' OPTIONS

School Specialty expects that all or substantially all vested and unvested options to acquire the U.S. Office Products' common stock that are held by School Specialty employees on the Distribution Date will be replaced with options to acquire shares of Company Common Stock. As of the Distribution Date, approximately 492,833 options to acquire U.S. Office Products' common stock were held by employees of School Specialty. The number of options that will be outstanding after the Distributions will depend on the trading prices of U.S. Office Products' common stock around the time of the Distributions and the public offering price of the Company Common Stock in the Offering. For those reasons, the number of options exercisable for shares of Company Common Stock into which the U.S. Office Products options will convert is not yet determinable. In respect of U.S. Office Products' Options, the option exercise price will be adjusted by applying the following formula:

$$\text{Exercise Price (New)} = \text{Exercise Price (Old)} \times \frac{\text{Initial Public Offering Price of Common Stock in this Offering}}{\text{Trading Price of U.S. Office Products' Common Stock}}$$

Trading Price of U.S. Office Products' Common Stock

Pre-School Speciality
Distribution

The number of option will be adjusted by applying the following formula:

Option Shares (New)=Option Shares (Old) X Trading Price of U.S. Office
Products' Common Stock Pre-School Speciality Distribution
Initial Public Offering Price of Common Stock in
this Offering

For all optionees, the "Trading Price of U.S. Office Products Common Stock Pre-School Speciality Distribution" will be the average closing price of U.S. Office Products' common stock for the lesser of (a) ten business days preceding the Distributions, or (b) the number of business days falling between the expiration of the Tender Offer and the completion of the Distributions. The exercise price and number of options will not be adjusted as a result of the Tender Offer, but instead are adjusted solely for the Distributions. The intrinsic value of the adjusted options will be no greater than the intrinsic value of the options immediately before the Distributions, and the ratio of exercise price to market price will be not less than the ratio immediately before the Distributions.

43

1998 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

The Company expects to adopt the 1998 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The purpose of the Plan is to promote the long-term growth and profitability of the Company by providing employees with incentives to improve stockholder value and contribute to the growth and financial success of the Company, and by enabling the Company to attract, retain and reward highly motivated and qualified employees. The maximum percentage of shares of Company Common Stock that may be issued with respect to awards granted under the Plan is % of the outstanding Common Stock of the Company following the School Specialty Distribution and the Offering. The maximum number of shares that may be issued with respect to awards granted under the Plan to an individual in a calendar year may not exceed shares. The Plan will be administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. All employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as non-employee directors of the Company, are eligible to receive awards under the Plan. The Plan authorizes the Compensation Committee to make awards of stock options, restricted stock, and other stock-based awards. The Compensation Committee will determine the prices, vesting schedules, expiration dates and other material conditions under which such awards may be exercised.

Mr. Ledecy will receive a stock option for Company Common Stock from School Specialty, pursuant to the Plan, as of the Distribution Date. The option is intended to compensate Mr. Ledecy for his services to School Specialty as an employee. The option will cover up to 7.5% of the outstanding Company Common Stock determined as of the Distribution Date, without regard to the Offering. The option will have a per share exercise price equal to the initial public offering price of the Company Common Stock.

It is expected that Mr. Ledecy's option will become fully vested when granted but will not be exercisable until the 12-month anniversary of the

Distribution Date. Mr. Ledecy's option from the Company will be exercisable immediately if Mr. Ledecy dies before the option expires or, if and to the extent that, School Specialty accelerates the exercise schedule of options expires or, if and to the extent that, School Specialty accelerates the exercise schedule of options for substantially all management option holders. All unexercised portions of the option will expire ten years after its date of grant or, if applicable, as of the date Mr. Ledecy violates his non-competition agreement with School Specialty.

The Company expects that Daniel P. Spalding will also receive an option (the "Spalding Option") pursuant to the Plan for % of the outstanding Common Stock as of the date the School Specialty Distribution is effective (the "Distribution Date"). The Spalding Option is anticipated to have the same terms as Mr. Ledecy's option, including an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price of the Common Stock. In addition, management currently expects to recommend option grants to certain executive officers of the Company for approximately % of the Common Stock concurrent with or following the Offering and the School Specialty Distribution, also at an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS

School Specialty expects to grant non-management directors options to purchase School Specialty Common Stock for each year of service. Non-management directors will be paid \$ for each meeting attended and will also be reimbursed for all out-of-pocket expenses related to their service as directors.

Jonathan J. Ledecy entered into a services agreement, as amended, (the "Ledecy Services Agreement") with U.S. Office Products on January 13, 1998, to become effective on the Distribution Date and contingent on the consummation of the Distributions. The Ledecy Services Agreement will expire on September 30, 1998 if none of the Distributions has occurred by that date. If the Ledecy Services Agreement becomes effective, it will replace his November 4, 1997 employment agreement with U.S.

Office Products. The principal terms of this agreement, as it is expected to be amended, are summarized herein.

The Ledecy Services Agreement governs Mr. Ledecy's continuing obligations to U.S. Office Products. Under the Ledecy Services Agreement, Mr. Ledecy will report to the U.S. Office Products' Board and will provide high-level acquisition negotiation services and strategic business advice. Under the agreement, Mr. Ledecy will remain an employee of U.S. Office Products, at an annual salary of \$48,000 through June 30, 2001. U.S. Office Products can terminate Mr. Ledecy's employment only for "cause" where cause consists of (i) his conviction of or guilty or nolo contendere plea to a felony, (ii) his engaging, despite notice, in conduct demonstrably and materially injurious to U.S. Office Products, or (iii) his violation of the noncompetition agreement as it relates to U.S. Office Products. If Mr. Ledecy resigns or is terminated, he will cease to vest in his U.S. Office Products stock options and will have 90 days to exercise any vested options.

It is expected that the Company will enter into an employment agreement with Mr. Ledecy to implement its assigned portion of the Ledecy Services Agreement. Under the employment agreement, Mr. Ledecy will report to the Board of

Directors and senior management of the Company. In such capacity, Mr. Ledecy will provide high-level acquisition negotiation services and strategic business advice. The Company can require Mr. Ledecy's performance of such services, consistent with his other contractual obligations to Consolidation Capital Corporation, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies. As an employee, Mr. Ledecy will also be subject to the generally applicable personnel policies of the Company and will be eligible for such benefit plans in accordance with their terms. The Company will pay Mr. Ledecy an annual salary of \$48,000 for up to two years. The Company may terminate Mr. Ledecy's employment with or without "cause," where cause is defined as in the Ledecy Services Agreement. If without cause, the termination would entitle Mr. Ledecy to severance equal to his salary for the lesser of 12 months or the remainder of the employment term.

The Ledecy Services Agreement provides for non-competition and non-solicitation restrictions that continue for four years after the School Specialty Distribution has been completed. These provisions generally restrict Mr. Ledecy from, among other things, investing in or working for or on behalf of any business selling any products or services in direct competition with U.S. Office Products or the Spin-Off Companies (collectively, the "U.S. Office Products Companies"), within 100 miles of any location where any U.S. Office Products Company conducts business. (For this purpose, "products or services" are those that U.S. Office Products offered on January 13, 1998.) The Ledecy Services Agreement prohibits Mr. Ledecy from trying to hire away managerial employees of the U.S. Office Products Companies or from calling upon customers of the U.S. Office Products Companies to solicit or sell products or services in direct competition with the U.S. Office Products Companies. Mr. Ledecy also may not hire away for Consolidation Capital Corporation any person then or in the preceding one year employed by the U.S. Office Products Companies. U.S. Office Products is permitted to (and will) assign to the Company, the ability to enforce the non-competition provisions described above as to its own business, which will then constitute part of his employment agreement with the Company.

EMPLOYMENT CONTRACTS AND RELATED MATTERS

School Specialty has entered into employment agreements with the following three of its Named Officers that will continue after the School Specialty Distribution: Daniel P. Spalding (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Donald Ray Pate, Jr. (Executive Vice President and President of Re-Print), and Richard H. Nagel (Executive Vice President and President of Sax Arts & Crafts). After the School Specialty Distribution, the Company intends to enter into an employment agreement with David J. Vander Zanden (President and Chief Operating Officer).

Daniel P. Spalding, Chief Executive Officer of School Specialty, entered into an employment contract with Old School on April 29, 1996. The contract has an initial term of four years but, unless terminated, is

automatically extended at the end of each of the last three years of the initial term for another year. Mr. Spalding receives a base salary of \$180,000 and participates in an incentive bonus plan which provides for an annual bonus up to 100% of base salary upon the attainment of profit and revenue objectives. Following the termination of his employment for any reason, Mr. Spalding has agreed not to compete with School Specialty for a period equal to the longer of two years or, in the case of early termination, the years remaining on his contract. If Mr. Spalding is terminated without cause, as defined in the contract, he is entitled to his entire base salary for the years remaining on the contract. In addition, Mr. Spalding may terminate his contract for good cause (e.g., a material, adverse change in his position or responsibilities or any material breach on the part of School Specialty) or within five days of a change in control of School Specialty. The contract defines a change of control

to mean: (i) the acquisition of beneficial ownership of 50% or more of voting securities of School Specialty by any person other than U.S. Office Products; (ii) a loss of majority status by the combination of members of U.S. Office Products' Board at the time of its initial public offering and any Board members installed by a two-thirds vote of the then-present initial Directors or any Directors subsequently installed by them; (iii) any reorganization of U.S. Office Products unless 75% of the beneficial ownership of U.S. Office Products voting securities remains in the same hands; or (iv) U.S. Office Products or more than 49% of its assets are liquidated.

David J. Vander Zanden became President and Chief Operating Officer in March 1998. After the School Specialty Distribution School Specialty expects to enter into an employment contract with Mr. Vander Zanden with an initial term of two years, with automatic two year extensions unless School Specialty or Mr. Vander Zanden gives 90 days written notice of either party's intent not to renew. School Specialty expects that Mr. Vander Zanden's employment contract will provide for a base salary of \$225,000 and participation in an incentive bonus plan based upon the attainment of profit and revenue objectives. School Specialty also expects that Mr. Vander Zanden's employment contract will contain a covenant not to compete upon termination of the agreement, and provide Mr. Vander Zanden the right to terminate the agreement upon a change of control in School Specialty, with change of control to be defined in the agreement. School Specialty also expects to grant options to Mr. Vander Zanden on or shortly after the Distribution.

Donald Ray Pate, Jr., serves as President of Re-Print and entered into an employment contract with Re-Print on July 26, 1996 to serve as its President. The contract runs for four years but provides for two automatic one-year extensions unless Re-Print gives 60 days written notice of its intent not to renew. Mr. Pate's annual base salary is \$125,000, and he participates in an executive compensation program developed by U.S. Office Products. Following the termination of his employment for any reason, Mr. Pate has agreed not to compete with Re-Print for the longer of two years or until the end of the contractual term. If Mr. Pate is terminated without cause, he is entitled to receive his base salary for three months or until the end of the initial contractual term, whichever period is greater.

Richard H. Nagel, President of Sax Arts & Crafts, entered into a four-year employment contract with Sax Arts & Crafts on June 27, 1997 to serve as its President. Mr. Nagel's annual base salary is \$125,000, and he participates in School Specialty's management bonus program. Following the termination of his employment for any reason, Mr. Nagel has agreed not to compete with Sax Arts & Crafts for one year. If Mr. Nagel is terminated without cause, he is entitled to receive his base salary for one year or until the end of the contractual term, whichever period is lesser.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION

The School Specialty Board will create a Compensation Committee, immediately following the Offering. The Compensation Committee will be charged with determining the compensation of all executive officers. Until the Compensation Committee of the School Specialty Board is created, decisions regarding compensation of the executive officers will be made by the School Specialty Board. No member of the School Specialty Board has ever been an officer of School Specialty or any of its subsidiaries, except that Mr. Spalding is the Chief Executive Officer of School Specialty. In addition, Mr. Leducky was the Chief Executive Officer of U.S. Office Products until November 5, 1997 and will be the Chairman of U.S. Office Products until the Distribution Date.

On April 29, 1996, U.S. Office Products acquired Old School in a business combination accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method in which 2,307,693 shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock were issued as consideration. Current officers of School Specialty who received shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock in the transaction include Daniel P. Spalding (309,766 shares, and an additional 30,018 through an IRA for his benefit), Michael J. Killoren (27,018 shares), and Donald J. Noskowiak (27,018 shares). In addition, John S. Spalding (Daniel P. Spalding's father) received 661 shares and an additional 60,034 through an IRA for his benefit, the Patricia M. Spalding Revocable Trust received 70,923 shares, Joanne Lee Killoren received 60,304 shares, Donald Killoren (Michael J. Killoren's father) received 60,778 shares and Leo C. McKenna received 278,005 shares. The Company believes that these transactions were as favorable as could be negotiated with third parties.

U.S. Office Products acquired Re-Print on July 26, 1996 in a business combination accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method in which it issued 1,950,000 shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock as consideration. In that transaction, Donald Ray Pate, Jr., President of Re-Print, received 1,076,028 shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock for his interest in Re-Print. Other shareholders related to Mr. Pate who received shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock in the merger were Celita Pate Carmichael (30,240 shares), Phillip S. Pate (85,351 shares), Richard K. Pate (73,921 shares), and Mary K. Pate (116,505 shares). The Company believes that these transactions were as favorable as could be negotiated with third parties.

School Specialty's main office and warehouse facility, a 120,000 square foot building located in Appleton, Wisconsin, is leased from Bluemound Corporation. John S. Spalding, a former member of the Board of Old School and the father of Daniel P. Spalding, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of School Specialty, holds a one-third stake in Bluemound. Donald Killoren, father of Michael J. Killoren, an officer of School Specialty, also holds a one-third stake in Bluemound. The lease provides for annual payments of \$196,000 through December 31, 2001. The Company believes that this transaction was as favorable as could be negotiated with third parties.

On March 20, 1998, School Specialty acquired substantially all of the assets of the catalog division of Education Access, Inc., a debtor in possession under Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. In this transaction, the secured creditors of Education Access received all of the consideration paid by School Specialty. Lillian R. Kellogg, President of School Specialty's Education Access Division owns approximately 40% of the capital stock of Education Access. This transaction was the subject of arm's length negotiation between School Specialty and the secured creditors of Education Access, Inc. The Company believes that this transaction was as favorable as could be negotiated with third parties.

For a discussion of matters related to the spin-off of the Company from U.S. Office Products, see "The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products".

For a discussion of transactions between the Company and Mr. Ledecy, see "Management-- Director Compensation and Other Arrangements".

The following table sets forth the number and percentage of outstanding shares of U.S. Office Products common stock beneficially owned as of April 1, 1998 and as adjusted to reflect to the School Specialty Distribution and the Offering (assuming no exercise of the Underwriters' overallotment options, no shares are tendered in the Tender Offer, application of the Distribution Ratio and no options are exercisable) by (i) all persons known by School Specialty to own beneficially more than 5% of U.S. Office Products common stock, (ii) each director and each Named Officer who is a stockholder, and (iii) all directors and executive officers as a group. All persons listed below have sole voting and investment power with respect to their shares of U.S. Office Products Common Stock unless otherwise indicated. Except as otherwise indicated, the business address of each of the following is 1000 North Bluemound Drive, Appleton, Wisconsin 54914.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNER	NUMBER OF SHARES OF U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS COMMON STOCK	PERCENT OF SHARES OF U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS COMMON STOCK PRIOR TO OFFERING	NUMBER OF SHARES OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY COMMON STOCK, AS ADJUSTED	SHARES OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY COMMON STOCK PURCHASED FROM THE COMPANY	PERCENT OF SHARES OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY COMMON STOCK AFTER OFFERING
Daniel P. Spalding.....	200,299(2)	*			
David J. Vander Zanden.....	--	--			
Ronald Suchodolski.....	0	0			
Jonathan J. Ledecy.....	2,428,125(3)	1.7%			
Richard H. Nagel.....	0	0			
Douglas Moskonas.....	7,500(4)	*			
Leo C. McKenna.....	13,088	*			
All current executive officers and directors as a group (12 persons).....	3,756,128	3.4%			
5% STOCKHOLDERS					
FMR Corp. (5).....	15,754,406	11.2			
82 Devonshire Street Boston, MA 02109 Massachusetts Financial Services Company(5).....	8,262,886	5.9			
500 Boylston Street Boston, MA 02116					

* Less than 1%.

- (1) The "Number of Shares of School Specialty Common Stock, as Adjusted" reflects the School Specialty Distribution and results of a tender offer by U.S. Office Products for 37,037,037 shares of its common stock as a part of its Strategic Restructuring Plan. It assumes no options are exercisable within 60 days.
- (2) Includes 37,500 shares which may be acquired upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days following the School Specialty Distribution.
- (3) Does not include Mr. Ledecy's options described under "Management--Director Compensation and Other Arrangements", none of which are exercisable within the next twelve months.
- (4) Includes 7,500 shares which may be acquired upon exercise of options exercisable within 60 days following the School Specialty Distribution.

(5) Based upon a Schedule 13G for U.S. Office Products filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

48

DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY CAPITAL STOCK

GENERAL

Set forth below is a summary of the terms of School Specialty's Capital Stock. At the time of the School Specialty Distribution, the Company's authorized capital stock will consist of 150,000,000 shares of School Specialty Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share, and 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). At the time of the School Specialty Distribution, the Company is expected to have outstanding approximately _____ shares of School Specialty Common Stock and no shares of Preferred Stock.

COMMON STOCK

The holders of School Specialty Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each share on all matters voted upon by stockholders, including the election of directors.

Subject to the rights of any then outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, the holders of School Specialty Common Stock are entitled to such dividends as may be declared in the discretion of the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefor. See "Dividend Policy". The holders of School Specialty Common Stock are entitled to share ratably in the net assets of School Specialty upon liquidation after payment or provision for all liabilities and any preferential liquidation rights of any Preferred Stock then outstanding. The holders of School Specialty Common Stock have no preemptive rights to purchase shares of stock of School Specialty. Shares of School Specialty Common Stock are not subject to any redemption provisions and are not convertible into any other securities of School Specialty. All of the shares of School Specialty Common Stock to be distributed pursuant to the Distribution will be fully paid and nonassessable.

PREFERRED STOCK

The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time by the School Specialty Board of Directors as shares of one or more classes or series. Subject to the provisions of School Specialty's Certificate of Incorporation and limitations prescribed by law, the School Specialty Board of Directors is expressly authorized to adopt resolutions to issue the shares, to fix the number of shares and to change the number of shares constituting any series, and to provide for or change the voting powers, designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights, qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, including dividend rights (including whether dividends are cumulative), dividend rates, terms of redemption (including sinking fund provisions), redemption prices, conversion rights and liquidation preferences of the shares constituting any class or series of the Preferred Stock, in each case without any further action or vote by the stockholders. School Specialty has no current plans to issue any shares of Preferred Stock of any class or series.

One of the effects of undesignated Preferred Stock may be to enable the School Specialty Board of Directors to render more difficult or to discourage an attempt to obtain control of School Specialty by means of a tender offer, proxy contest, merger or otherwise, and thereby to protect the continuity of School Specialty's management. The issuance of shares of the Preferred Stock pursuant to the School Specialty Board of Directors' authority described above may adversely affect the rights of the holders of School Specialty Common Stock. For example, Preferred Stock issued by School Specialty may rank prior to School Specialty Common Stock as to dividend rights, liquidation preference or both, may have full or limited voting rights and may be convertible into shares of School Specialty Common Stock. Accordingly, the issuance of shares of Preferred Stock may discourage bids for School Specialty Common Stock or may otherwise

adversely affect the market price of School Specialty Common Stock.

49

OTHER CHARTER AND BY LAWS PROVISIONS

School Specialty's Board of Directors is considering the adoption of certain take-over defense measures, including but not limited to a shareholders' rights plan and a staggered board. The School Specialty Board expects to complete such consideration prior to the Offering.

STATUTORY BUSINESS COMBINATION PROVISION

School Specialty is subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("Section 203"). Section 203 provides, with certain exceptions, that a Delaware corporation may not engage in any of a broad range of business combinations with a person or an affiliate, or associate of such person, who is an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years from the date that such person became an interested stockholder unless: (i) the transaction resulting in a person becoming an interested stockholder, or the business combination, is approved by the board of directors of the corporation before the person becomes an interested stockholder; (ii) the interested stockholder acquired 85% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation in the same transaction that makes such person an interested stockholder (excluding shares owned by persons who are both officers and directors of the corporation, and shares held by certain employee stock ownership plans); or (iii) on or after the date the person becomes an interested stockholder, the business combination is approved by the corporation's board of directors and by the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the corporation's outstanding voting stock at an annual or special meeting, excluding shares owned by the interested stockholder. Under Section 203, an "interested stockholder" is defined as any person who is: (i) the owner of 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation; or (ii) an affiliate or associate of the corporation if such affiliate or associate was the owner of 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation at any time within the three-year period immediately prior to the date on which it is sought to be determined whether such person is an interested stockholder.

A corporation may, at its option, exclude itself from the coverage of Section 203 by amending its certificate of incorporation or bylaws, by action of its stockholders, to exempt itself from coverage, provided that such bylaws or certificate of incorporation amendment shall not become effective until 12 months after the date it is adopted. School Specialty has not adopted such an amendment to its Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws. Under the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors is required to approve an interested stockholder transaction.

PROVISIONS OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY'S CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS AFFECTING CHANGE OF CONTROL

The Board of Directors of School Specialty is contemplating adoption of certain provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws that may, if adopted, provide the School Specialty Board with more negotiating leverage by delaying or making more difficult unsolicited acquisitions or changes of control of School Specialty. It is believed that such provisions will enable School Specialty to develop its business in a manner that will foster its long-term growth without disruption caused by the threat of a takeover not deemed by the School Specialty Board to be in the best interests of School Specialty and its stockholders. Such provisions could have the effect of discouraging third parties from making proposals involving an unsolicited acquisition or change of control of School Specialty, although such proposals, if made, might be considered desirable by a majority of School Specialty's stockholders. Such provisions may also have the effect of making it more difficult for third

parties to cause the replacement of the management of School Specialty without concurrence of the School Specialty Board. These provisions include: (i) the availability of capital stock for issuance from time to time at the discretion of the School Specialty Board (see "--Preferred Stock" above); (ii) the classification of the School Specialty Board into three classes, each of which serves for a term of three years; (iii) limitation on stockholders calling a special meeting of stockholders; (iv) prohibition on stockholders acting by written consent in lieu of a meeting; (v) requirements for advance notice for raising business or making

nominations at stockholders' meetings; and (vi) the requirement of a supermajority vote to amend School Specialty's Bylaws.

CLASSIFIED BOARD

School Specialty's Certificate of Incorporation may include provisions dividing the School Specialty Board's membership into three classes, each of which serves until the third succeeding annual meeting with one class being elected at each annual meeting of stockholders. Under Delaware law, each class will be as nearly equal in number as possible. As a result, at least two annual meetings of stockholders may be required for School Specialty's stockholders to change a majority of the members of the School Specialty Board. School Specialty believes that a classified board of directors will assure continuity and stability of School Specialty's management and policies, without diminishing accountability to stockholders. School Specialty's classified Board will ensure that a majority of directors at any given time will have experience in the business and competitive affairs of School Specialty.

NO STOCKHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT; SPECIAL MEETINGS

The Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws may provide that stockholder action can be taken only at an annual or special meeting and cannot be taken by written consent in lieu of a meeting. The Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws also provide that special meetings of the stockholder can be called only by the Chairman of the School Specialty Board, the Chief Executive Officer of School Specialty, a vote of the majority of the entire School Specialty board, or by holders of at least 33 1/3% of the outstanding shares of School Specialty stock entitled to vote generally for the election of directors.

ADVANCE NOTICE FOR RAISING BUSINESS OR MAKING NOMINATIONS AT MEETINGS

The Bylaws may establish an advance notice procedure for stockholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting of stockholders and for nominations by stockholders of candidates for election as directors at an annual or special meeting at which directors are to be elected. Only such business may be conducted at an annual meeting of stockholders as has been brought before the meeting by, or at the direction of, the School Specialty Board, or by a stockholder who has given to the Secretary of School Specialty timely written notice, in proper form, of the stockholder's intention to bring that business before the meeting. The chairman of such meeting has the authority to make the determination of whether business has been properly brought before such meeting. Only persons who are nominated by, or at the direction of, the School Specialty

Board, or who are nominated by a stockholder who has given timely written notice, in proper form, to the Secretary prior to a meeting at which directors are to be elected will be eligible for election as directors of School Specialty. These provisions are intended to establish orderly procedures for the conduct of School Specialty's business and to allow the Board of Directors adequate time to evaluate and respond to stockholder initiatives. They may have the effect of impeding the ability of a stockholder to present proposals or make nominations in a control context if the requisite notice provisions cannot be satisfied.

AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS

The Certificate of Incorporation may require a vote of at least 66 2/3% of the outstanding School Specialty Common Stock for the stockholders to amend the Bylaws. This super-majority requirement could make it more difficult for stockholders to compel Board action by the School Specialty Board by amending the Bylaws to require actions not presently permitted by the Bylaws.

RIGHTS PLAN

School Specialty may consider adoption of a shareholder rights plan or "poison pill." As with the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw provisions discussed above, if such a plan is adopted, it could

51

render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of School Specialty. However, such a plan might also provide the School Specialty Board with more negotiating leverage by delaying or making more difficult unsolicited acquisitions or changes of control of School Specialty.

LIMITATION ON DIRECTORS' LIABILITIES

Pursuant to School Specialty's Certificate of Incorporation and under Delaware law, directors of School Specialty are not liable to School Specialty or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty, except for liability in connection with a breach of duty of loyalty, for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, for dividend payments or stock repurchases illegal under Delaware law or any transaction in which a director has derived an improper personal benefit.

TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The Transfer Agent and Registrar for the School Specialty Common Stock will be American Stock Transfer & Trust Company.

52

EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements of School Specialty as of April 30, 1996 and April 26, 1997, for the four months ended April 30, 1996, and for the year ended April 30, 1997, included in this Prospectus, have been so included in

reliance on the January 13, 1998 report of Price Waterhouse LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of School Specialty for the years ended December 31, 1995 and December 31, 1996 included in this Prospectus, except as they relate to The Re-Print Corporation for the years ended December 31, 1995 and December 31, 1994, have been audited by Ernst & Young, independent accountants, and insofar as they relate to The Re-Print Corporation, by BDO Seidman, LLP, independent accountants, whose report dated February 8, 1996 thereon appears herein. Such consolidated financial statements have been so included in reliance on the reports of such independent accountants given on the authority of such firms as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of American Academic Suppliers Holding Corporation and Subsidiary as of December 31, 1995 and December 31, 1996 and for the years then ended included in this Prospectus have been so included in reliance on the February 24, 1997 report of Altschuler, Melvoin and Glasser LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc. as of December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996, and for the three years in the period ended December 25, 1996, included in this Prospectus, have been so included in reliance on the February 3, 1998 report of Price Waterhouse LLP, independent accountants, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

VALIDITY OF SHARES

The validity of shares of School Specialty Common Stock offered hereby will be passed upon on behalf of School Specialty and U.S. Office Products by Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering, Washington, D.C. and on behalf of the Underwriters by Sullivan & Cromwell, Washington, D.C.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

School Specialty has filed with the SEC a Registration Statement on Form S-1 (including exhibits, schedules, and amendments thereto, the "School Specialty Form S-1") pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), with respect to School Specialty Common Stock. This Prospectus, while forming a part of the School Specialty Form S-1, does not contain all of the information set forth in the School Specialty Form S-1. Reference is hereby made to the School Specialty Form S-1 for further information with respect to School Specialty. Statements contained herein concerning the provisions of documents filed as exhibits to the School Specialty Form S-1 are necessarily summaries of such documents, and each such statement is qualified in its entirety by reference to the copy of the applicable document filed with the SEC.

The School Specialty Form S-1 is available for inspection and copying at the public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, as well as the Regional Offices of the SEC at Northwestern Atrium Center, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois 60661 and 7 World Trade Center, Suite 1300, New York, New York 10048. Copies of such information can be obtained by mail from the Public Reference Branch of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates or on the Internet at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Following the School Specialty Distribution, School Specialty will be subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and, in accordance therewith, will file

reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC that will be available for inspection and copying at the SEC's public reference facilities referred to above. Copies of

such material can be obtained by mail at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Branch of the SEC at the address referred to above.

School Specialty intends to furnish its stockholders annual reports containing financial statements audited by its independent auditor. School Specialty does not intend to furnish its stockholders quarterly reports.

Holders of School Specialty Common Stock having inquiries related to their investment in School Specialty should contact Daniel P. Spalding, Chief Executive Officer, at 1000 North Bluemound Drive, P.O. Box 1579, Appleton, Wisconsin 54914, telephone (920) 734-2756.

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.
INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PAGE

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.	
Historical Financial Statements.....	
Report of Price Waterhouse LLP, Independent Accountants.....	F-2
Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors.....	F-3
Report of BDO Seidman, LLP, Independent Auditors.....	F-4
Consolidated Balance Sheet as of April 30, 1996, April 26, 1997 and January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-5
Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 25, 1997 (unaudited) and January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-6
Consolidated Statement of Stockholder's (Deficit) Equity for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-7
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 25, 1997 (unaudited) and January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....	F-10
Pro Forma Financial Statements.....	
Introduction to Pro Forma Financial Information.....	F-26
Pro Forma Combined Balance Sheet as of January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-28
Pro Forma Combined Statement of Income for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	F-29
Pro Forma Combined Statement of Income for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-30
Pro Forma Combined Statement of Income for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-31
Notes to Pro Forma Combined Financial Statements.....	F-32
AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY	
Report of Altschuler, Melvoin and Glasser LLP, Independent Accountants.....	F-33
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 1995 and 1996 and September 30, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-34
Consolidated Statement of Operations for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the nine months ended September 30, 1996 (unaudited) and 1997 (unaudited)....	F-35
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the nine months ended September 30, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-36
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996 and the nine months ended September 30, 1996 (unaudited) and 1997 (unaudited)....	F-37
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.....	F-38
SAX ARTS & CRAFTS, INC.	
Report of Price Waterhouse LLP, Independent Accountants.....	F-43
Balance Sheets as of December 16, 1995, and December 25, 1996 and June 29, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-44
Statement of Operations for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 (unaudited) and June	

29, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-45
Statement of Shareholders' Equity for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 and the six months ended June 29, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-46
Statement of Cash Flows for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 and the six months ended June 30, 1996 (unaudited) and June 29, 1997 (unaudited).....	F-47
Notes to Financial Statements.....	F-48

F-1

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
OF SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and the related consolidated statements of operations, of stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of School Specialty, Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries at April 30, 1996 and April 26, 1997, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the four months ended April 30, 1996 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

Minneapolis, Minnesota
January 13, 1998

F-2

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of operations, consolidated statement of stockholder's (deficit) equity and cash flows of School Specialty, Inc. (the Company) for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1994. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of Re-Print Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary, which statements reflect total revenues of \$30,798,000 and \$24,140,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to data included for Re-Print Corporation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting

the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the results of the Company's operations and its cash flows for the years December 31, 1995 and 1994, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP
 Milwaukee, Wisconsin
 February 2, 1996

F-3

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors
 The Re-Print Corporation
 Birmingham, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of The Re-Print Corporation as of December 31, 1995 and 1994, and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended (not presented separately herein). These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Re-Print Corporation at December 31, 1995 and 1994, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

BDO Seidman, LLP
 Atlanta, Georgia
 February 8, 1996

F-4

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(IN THOUSANDS)

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998
	-----	-----	-----
			(UNAUDITED)
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 46	\$	\$
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful			

accounts of \$202, \$471 and \$724, respectively.....	13,129	17,232	41,530
Inventories.....	20,276	24,461	32,946
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	5,556	10,331	8,997
Total current assets.....	39,007	52,024	83,473
Property and equipment, net.....	7,647	14,478	20,489
Intangible assets, net.....	7,142	20,824	94,651
Other assets.....	777	359	2,594
Total assets.....	\$ 54,573	\$ 87,685	\$ 201,207

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S (DEFICIT) EQUITY

Current liabilities:			
Short-term debt.....	\$ 25,887	\$ 262	\$ 272
Short-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....		26,692	16,873
Accounts payable.....	11,933	9,091	11,951
Accrued compensation.....	785	860	5,502
Other accrued liabilities.....	4,065	659	5,262
Total current liabilities.....	42,670	37,564	39,860
Long-term debt.....	15,031	566	385
Long-term payable to U.S. Office Products.....		33,226	62,470
Deferred income taxes.....	1,139		
Total liabilities.....	58,840	71,356	102,715
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholder's (deficit) equity:			
Divisional equity.....	7,487	19,985	93,313
Retained (deficit) earnings.....	(11,754)	(3,656)	5,179
Total stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	(4,267)	16,329	98,492
Total liabilities and stockholder's (deficit) equity.....	\$ 54,573	\$ 87,685	\$ 201,207

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-5

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(IN THOUSANDS)

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FOR THE FOUR MONTHS ENDED	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998
					(UNAUDITED)	
Revenues.....	\$ 119,510	\$ 150,482	\$ 28,616	\$ 191,746	\$ 159,977	\$ 247,880
Cost of revenues.....	87,750	105,757	20,201	136,577	114,380	176,501
Gross profit.....	31,760	44,725	8,415	55,169	45,597	71,379
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	27,281	39,869	10,307	43,462	33,396	50,999
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....			1,122	1,792	1,792	
Restructuring costs.....		2,532		194		
Operating income (loss).....	4,479	2,324	(3,014)	9,721	10,409	20,380
Other (income) expense:						
Interest expense.....	3,007	5,536	1,461	4,197	3,358	4,100
Interest income.....			(6)		(101)	(109)
Other.....	(86)	(18)	67	(196)	(204)	441
Income (loss) before provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	1,558	(3,194)	(4,536)	5,720	7,356	15,948

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes.....	218	173	139	(2,412)	3,750	7,113
Net income (loss).....	\$ 1,340	\$ (3,367)	\$ (4,675)	\$ 8,132	\$ 3,606	\$ 8,835
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic.....	45,562	59,059	77,501	90,026	85,978	114,758
Diluted.....	45,704	60,024	79,100	91,761	87,824	117,185
Net income per share:						
Basic.....	\$ 0.03	(\$ 0.06)	(\$ 0.06)	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08
Diluted.....	\$ 0.03	(\$ 0.06)	(\$ 0.06)	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.08

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-6

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S (DEFICIT) EQUITY

(IN THOUSANDS)

	DIVISIONAL EQUITY	RETAINED (DEFICIT) EARNINGS	TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S (DEFICIT) EQUITY
Balance at December 31, 1993.....	5,247	\$ (4,780)	\$ 467
Issuance of Pooled Company common stock for cash....	80		80
Cash dividends declared at Pooled Companies.....		(60)	(60)
Net income.....		1,340	1,340
Balance at December 31, 1994.....	5,327	(3,500)	1,827
Transactions of Pooled Companies:			
Issuance of warrants.....	672		672
Issuance of Pooled Company common stock for cash..	500		500
Repurchase of treasury stock.....	(92)		(92)
Cash dividends declared and paid.....		(160)	(160)
Net loss.....		(3,367)	(3,367)
Balance at December 31, 1995.....	6,407	(7,027)	(620)
Transactions of Pooled Companies:			
Exercise of warrants.....	1,080		1,080
Cash dividends declared and paid.....		(52)	(52)
Net loss.....		(4,675)	(4,675)
Balance at April 30, 1996.....	7,487	(11,754)	(4,267)
Transactions of Pooled Companies:			
Exercise of warrants and stock options.....	1,979		1,979
Retirement of treasury stock.....	34	(34)	
Issuances of U.S. Office Products Company common stock in conjunction with acquisitions.....	10,485		10,485
Net income.....		8,132	8,132
Balance at April 26, 1997.....	19,985	(3,656)	16,329
Unaudited data:			
Issuances of U.S. Office Products Company common stock in conjunction with acquisitions.....	3,566		3,566
Capital contribution by U.S. Office Products.....	69,762		69,762
Net income.....		8,835	8,835
Balance at January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	\$ 93,313	\$ 5,179	\$ 98,492

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-7

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(IN THOUSANDS)

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FOR THE FOUR MONTHS ENDED	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED	FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED
	DECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 25, 1997
					(UNAUDITED)
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income (loss).....	\$ 1,340	\$ (3,367)	\$ (4,675)	\$ 8,132	\$ 3,606
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense.....	1,719	2,927	674	2,106	1,570
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....			1,122	1,792	1,792
Other.....	231	277	118	115	73
Changes in current assets and liabilities (net of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method):					
Accounts receivable.....	(2,226)	2,666	3,727	1,277	(629)
Inventory.....	4,365	(2,523)	(4,376)	2,737	9,816
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	(989)	(338)	(443)	(2,361)	(1,509)
Accounts payable.....	(4,367)	2,642	3,459	(6,969)	(12,376)
Accrued liabilities.....	(341)	2,544	(784)	(5,911)	1,866
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.....	(268)	4,828	(1,178)	918	4,209
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Cash paid in acquisitions, net of cash received.....	(2,106)	(5,389)		(7,734)	(7,609)
Payments of non-recurring acquisition costs.....			(1,122)	(1,792)	(1,725)
Additions to property and equipment.....	(630)	(881)	(120)	(7,216)	(5,317)
Other.....	(120)	178	414		
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(2,856)	(6,092)	(828)	(16,742)	(14,651)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from issuance of common stock....	80	500	1,080	1,979	1,979
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.....	1,850	1,715		750	1,160
Payments of long-term debt.....	(2,023)	(1,488)	(194)	(16,962)	(17,164)
Proceeds from (payments of) short-term debt, net.....	3,295	655	1,263	(29,908)	(29,775)
Advances from U.S. Office Products Company.....				59,919	55,029
Capital contribution by U.S. Office Products.....					
Payments of dividends at Pooled Companies.....		(134)	(138)		
Purchase of treasury stock at Pooled Company.....		(92)			
Net cash provided by financing activities.....	3,202	1,156	2,011	15,778	11,229
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	78	(108)	5	(46)	787
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	71	149	41	46	46
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$ 149	\$ 41	\$ 46	\$	\$ 833
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Interest paid.....	\$ 2,850	\$ 5,564	\$ 1,461	\$ 456	\$ 630
Income taxes paid (refunded).....	\$ 236	\$ 9	\$ (3)	\$ (132)	\$ (139)

JANUARY 24,
1998

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income (loss).....	\$ 8,835
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization expense.....	3,382
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	
Other.....	43

Changes in current assets and liabilities (net of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method):	
Accounts receivable.....	(6,450)
Inventory.....	9,590
Prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	3,844
Accounts payable.....	(6,593)
Accrued liabilities.....	2,741

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.....	15,392

Cash flows from investing activities:	
Cash paid in acquisitions, net of cash received.....	(92,076)
Payments of non-recurring acquisition costs.....	(4,095)
Additions to property and equipment.....	(366)
Other.....	-----
Net cash used in investing activities.....	(96,537)

Cash flows from financing activities:	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock....	
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt.....	(6,200)
Payments of long-term debt.....	(1,841)
Proceeds from (payments of) short-term debt, net.....	19,424
Advances from U.S. Office Products Company.....	69,762
Capital contribution by U.S. Office Products.....	
Payments of dividends at Pooled Companies.....	
Purchase of treasury stock at Pooled Company.....	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities.....	81,145

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents.....	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period.....	-----
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period.....	\$

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	
Interest paid.....	\$ 27
Income taxes paid (refunded).....	\$

F-8

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(IN THOUSANDS)

The Company issued common stock and cash in connection with certain business combinations accounted for under the purchase method in the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997, and the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998. The fair values of the assets and liabilities of the acquired companies at the dates of the acquisitions are presented as follows:

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FOR THE FOUR	FOR THE FISCAL	FOR THE NINE
	DECEMBER 31,	DECEMBER 31,	MONTHS ENDED	YEAR ENDED	MONTHS ENDED
	1994	1995	APRIL 30,	APRIL 26,	JANUARY 25,
			1996	1997	1997
Accounts receivable.....	\$ 8,112	\$ 1,589	\$	\$ 5,381	(UNAUDITED) \$ 5,381
Inventories.....	9,743	1,823		6,922	6,922
Prepaid expenses and other current assets...	823	502		2,371	2,371
Property and equipment.....	2,211	4,536		1,155	1,155
Intangible assets.....		3,268		14,248	13,994
Other assets.....	1,488	156		29	29

Short-term debt.....	(6,785)	(191)	(4,283)	(4,283)
Accounts payable.....	(6,447)	(274)	(4,012)	(4,012)
Accrued liabilities.....	(1,661)	(225)	(1,846)	(1,717)
Long-term debt.....	(5,378)	(5,795)	(1,746)	(1,746)
Net assets acquired.....	\$ 2,106	\$ 5,389	\$ 18,219	\$ 18,094
The acquisitions were funded as follows:				
U.S. Office Products common stock.....	\$	\$	\$ 10,485	\$ 10,485
Cash paid, net of cash acquired.....	2,106	5,389	7,734	7,609
Total.....	\$ 2,106	\$ 5,389	\$ 18,219	\$ 18,094

JANUARY 24,
1998

Accounts receivable.....	\$ 17,848
Inventories.....	18,075
Prepaid expenses and other current assets...	2,431
Property and equipment.....	6,667
Intangible assets.....	74,741
Other assets.....	210
Short-term debt.....	(1,850)
Accounts payable.....	(9,410)
Accrued liabilities.....	(7,050)
Long-term debt.....	(6,020)
Net assets acquired.....	\$ 95,642
The acquisitions were funded as follows:	
U.S. Office Products common stock.....	\$ 3,566
Cash paid, net of cash acquired.....	92,076
Total.....	\$ 95,642

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

F-9

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 1--BACKGROUND

School Specialty, Inc. (the "Company") is a Delaware corporation which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Office Products Company ("U.S. Office Products"). On January 13, 1998, U.S. Office Products announced its intention to spin-off its Educational Supplies and Products Division (the "Education Division") as an independent publicly owned company. This transaction is expected to be effected through the distribution of shares of the Company to U.S. Office Products' shareholders effective on or about April 25, 1998 (the "Distribution"). Prior to the Distribution, U.S. Office Products plans to contribute its equity interests in certain wholly-owned subsidiaries associated with the Education Division to the Company. U.S. Office Products and the Company will enter into a number of agreements to facilitate the Distribution and the transition of the Company to an independent business enterprise.

The Education Division was created by U.S. Office Products in May 1996 in connection with the acquisition of School Specialty, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation ("Old School"). This business combination and the acquisition in July 1996 of The Re-Print Corp. ("Re-Print") were accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method (Old School and Re-Print are herein referred to as the "Pooled Companies"). As a result of these business combinations being accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method, the results of the Company prior to the completion of such business combinations represent the combined results of the Pooled Companies operating as separate autonomous entities.

NOTE 2--BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, divisional equity, revenues and expenses that were directly related to the Company as it was operated within U.S. Office Products. In cases involving assets and liabilities not specifically identifiable to any particular business of U.S. Office Products, only those assets and liabilities expected to be transferred to the Company prior to the Distribution were included in the Company's separate consolidated balance sheet. With the exception of interest expense, the Company's statement of income includes all of the related costs of doing business, including an allocation of certain general corporate expenses of U.S. Office Products which were not directly related to these businesses including certain corporate executives' salaries, accounting and legal fees, departmental costs for accounting, finance, legal, purchasing, marketing, human resources as well as other general overhead costs. These allocations were based on a variety of factors, dependent upon the nature of the costs being allocated, including revenues, number and size of acquisitions and number of employees. Management believes these allocations were made on a reasonable basis.

U.S. Office Products uses a centralized approach to cash management and the financing of its operations. As a result, minimal amounts of cash and cash equivalents and an agreed upon amount of debt will be allocated to the Company at the time of the Distribution. The consolidated statement of income does not include an allocation of interest expense on all debt allocated to the Company. See Note 9 for further discussion of interest expense.

NOTE 3--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements

F-10

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 3--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CHANGE IN FISCAL YEAR

Prior to their respective dates of acquisition by U.S. Office Products, the Pooled Companies reported results on years ending on December 31. Upon acquisition by U.S. Office Products and effective for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 ("fiscal 1997"), the Pooled Companies changed their year-ends from December 31 to conform to U.S. Office Products' fiscal year, which ends on the last Saturday in April. A four month fiscal transition period from January 1, 1996 through April 30, 1996 has been presented for the Company to conform its fiscal year-end.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts are eliminated in consolidation.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers temporary cash investments with original maturities of

three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of trade accounts receivable. Receivables arising from sales to customers are not collateralized and, as a result, management continually monitors the financial condition of its customers to reduce the risk of loss.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost determined on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis and consist primarily of products held for sale.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Additions and improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation of property and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives range from 25 to 40 years for buildings and its components and 3 to 15 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. Property and equipment leased under capital leases is being amortized over the lesser of its useful life or its lease terms.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist primarily of goodwill, which represents the excess of cost over the fair value of assets acquired in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method and non-

F-11

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 3--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

compete agreements. Substantially all goodwill is amortized on a straight line basis over an estimated useful life of 40 years. Management periodically evaluates the recoverability of goodwill, which would be adjusted for a permanent decline in value, if any, by comparing anticipated undiscounted future cash flows from operations to net book value. Other intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives ranging from one to four years.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value.

INCOME TAXES

As a division of U.S. Office Products, the Company does not file separate federal income tax returns but rather is included in the federal income tax returns filed by U.S. Office Products and its subsidiaries from the respective dates that the entities within the Company were acquired by U.S. Office Products. For purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the Company's allocated share of U.S. Office Products' income tax provision was based on the "separate return" method. Certain companies acquired in pooling-of-interests transactions elected to be taxed as Subchapter S corporations, and accordingly,

no federal income taxes were recorded by those companies for periods prior to their acquisition by U.S. Office Products.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognized upon the delivery of products or upon the completion of services provided to customers as no additional obligations to the customers exist. Returns of the Company's product are considered immaterial.

COST OF REVENUES

Vendor rebates are recognized on an accrual basis in the period earned and are recorded as a reduction to cost of revenues. Delivery and occupancy costs are included in cost of revenues.

ADVERTISING COSTS

The Company expenses advertising costs when the advertisement occurs. Advertising costs are included in the consolidated statement of income as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

DEFERRED CATALOG COSTS

Deferred catalog costs are amortized in amounts proportionate to revenues over the life of the catalog which is typically one to two years. Amortization expense related to deferred catalog costs is included in the consolidated statement of income as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses. Such amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 24, 1998 was \$3,755, \$4,395, \$832, \$3,621 and \$4,646 (unaudited), respectively.

F-12

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 3--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INTERNALLY DEVELOPED SOFTWARE

Internal costs related to internally developed software, such as internal salaries and supplies, are expensed as incurred as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses. External costs related to internally developed software, such as fees for outside programmers and consultants, are capitalized and expensed over the expected useful life of the software, normally three to five years.

NON-RECURRING ACQUISITION COSTS

Non-recurring acquisition costs represent acquisition costs incurred by the Company in business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method. These costs include accounting, legal, and investment banking fees, real

estate and environmental assessments and appraisals, and various regulatory fees. Generally accepted accounting principles require the Company to expense all acquisition costs (both those paid by the Company and those paid by the sellers of the acquired companies) related to business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method.

RESTRUCTURING COSTS

The Company records the costs of consolidating existing Company facilities into acquired operations, including the external costs and liabilities to close redundant Company facilities and severance and relocation costs related to the Company's employees in accordance with EITF Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in Restructuring)."

NET INCOME PER SHARE

Net income per share is calculated in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128 "Earnings Per Share," which establishes standards for computing and presenting earnings per share ("EPS"). SFAS No. 128 requires dual presentation of basic and diluted EPS on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS excludes dilution and is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. The difference between the weighted-average number of common shares used for the calculation of basic EPS and the weighted average number of shares of common shares used for the diluted EPS is comprised of the dilutive effect of outstanding common stock options. However, a portion of the Company's employee stock options outstanding during the periods presented were not included in the computation of diluted EPS as they were anti-dilutive.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income." SFAS No. 130 establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components (revenues, expenses, gains, and losses) in a full set of general-purpose financial statements. SFAS No. 130 requires that all items that are required to be recognized under accounting standards as components of comprehensive income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence

F-13

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 3--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
as other financial statements. SFAS No. 130 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1997. Reclassification of financial statements for earlier periods provided for comparative purposes is required. The Company intends to adopt SFAS No. 130 in fiscal 1999.

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL DATA

In the opinion of management, the Company has made all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition of the Company as of January 24, 1998 and the results of operations and of cash flows for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998, as presented in the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial data.

NOTE 4--BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

POOLING-OF-INTERESTS METHOD

In fiscal 1997, the Company issued 4,257,693 shares of U.S. Office Products common stock to acquire the Pooled Companies. The Pooled Companies and the number of shares issued are as follows:

COMPANY NAME	NUMBER OF SHARES ISSUED
School Specialty, Inc.....	2,307,693
Re-Print.....	1,950,000
Total shares issued.....	4,257,693

The Company's consolidated financial statements give retroactive effect to the acquisitions of the Pooled Companies for all periods presented. Prior to being acquired by U.S. Office Products, the Pooled Companies reported on years ending on December 31. Upon completion of the acquisitions of the Pooled Companies, their year-ends were changed to U.S. Office Products' year-end of the last Saturday in April.

The following presents the separate results, in each of the periods presented, of the Company (excluding the results of Pooled Companies prior to the dates on which they were acquired), and the Pooled Companies up to the dates on which they were acquired:

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY	POOLED COMPANIES	COMBINED
For the year ended December 31, 1994			
Revenues.....	\$	\$ 119,510	\$ 119,510
Net income.....	\$	\$ 1,340	\$ 1,340

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY	POOLED COMPANIES	COMBINED
For the year ended December 31, 1995			
Revenues.....	\$	\$ 150,482	\$ 150,482
Net income (loss).....	\$	\$ (3,367)	\$ (3,367)
For the four months ended April 30, 1996			
Revenues.....	\$	\$ 28,616	\$ 28,616
Net income (loss).....	\$	\$ (4,675)	\$ (4,675)
For the year ended April 26, 1997			
Revenues.....	\$ 181,420	\$ 10,326	\$ 191,746
Net income.....	\$ 7,791	\$ 341	\$ 8,132
For the nine months ended January 25, 1997 (unaudited):			
Revenues.....	\$ 149,651	\$ 10,326	\$ 159,977
Net income.....	\$ 3,265	\$ 341	\$ 3,606
For the nine months ended January 24, 1998 (unaudited):			
Revenues.....	\$ 247,880	\$	\$ 247,880
Net income.....	\$ 8,835	\$	\$ 8,835

PURCHASE METHOD

In 1994, one of the Pooled Companies made one acquisition accounted for under the purchase method for an aggregate cash purchase price of \$2,106. The total assets related to the acquisition were \$22,377. The results of the acquisition have been included in the Company's results from its date of acquisition.

In 1995, one of the Pooled Companies made one acquisition accounted for under the purchase method for an aggregate cash purchase price of \$5,389. The total assets related to the acquisition were \$11,874, including goodwill of \$3,268. The results of the acquisition have been included in the Company's results from its date of acquisition.

In fiscal 1997, the Company made six acquisitions accounted for under the purchase method for an aggregate purchase price of \$18,219 consisting of \$7,734 of cash and U.S. Office Products common stock with a market value of \$10,485. The total assets related to these six acquisitions were \$30,106, including goodwill of \$14,248. The results of these acquisitions have been included in the Company's results from their respective dates of acquisition.

The following presents the unaudited pro forma results of operations of the Company for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and includes the Company's consolidated financial statements, which give retroactive effect to the acquisitions of the Pooled Companies for all periods presented, and the results of the companies acquired in purchase acquisitions through April 27, 1997 as if all such purchase acquisitions had been made at the beginning of 1995. The results presented below include certain pro forma adjustments to reflect the amortization of intangible assets, adjustments in executive compensation of \$1,200 and \$124 for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997, respectively, and the inclusion of a federal income tax provision on all earnings:

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 4--BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (CONTINUED)

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED	
	DECEMBER 31, 1995	APRIL 26, 1997
Revenues.....	\$ 206,329	\$ 206,566
Net income (loss).....	(1,199)	2,939

The unaudited pro forma results of operations are prepared for comparative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the results that would have occurred had the acquisitions occurred at the beginning of 1995 or the results which may occur in the future.

NOTE 5--RESTRUCTURING COSTS

The Company records the costs of consolidating existing Company facilities into acquired operations, including the external costs and liabilities to close redundant Company facilities and severance and relocation costs related to the Company's employees. The following table sets forth the Company's accrued restructuring costs:

	FACILITY CLOSURE AND CONSOLIDATION	SEVERANCE AND TERMINATIONS	OTHER ASSET WRITE-DOWNS AND COSTS	TOTAL
Balance at April 30 1996.....	\$ 641	\$ 469	\$ 1,422	\$ 2,532
Additions.....			194	194
Utilizations.....	(641)	(469)	(1,465)	(2,575)
Balance at April 26, 1997.....			151	151
Utilizations.....			(151)	(151)
Balance at January 24, 1998 (unaudited).....	\$	\$	\$	\$

NOTE 6--PREPAID EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997
Deferred catalog costs.....	\$ 4,387	\$ 5,740
Deferred income taxes.....		1,184
Other.....	1,169	3,407
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets.....	\$ 5,556	\$ 10,331

Deferred catalog costs represent costs which have been paid to produce Company catalogs which will be used in future periods. These deferred catalog costs will be expensed in the periods the catalogs are used.

NOTE 7--PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997
Land.....	\$ 58	\$ 729
Buildings.....	2,042	6,488
Furniture and fixtures.....	882	6,502
Warehouse Equipment.....	8,767	3,163
Leasehold improvements.....	631	2,185
	-----	-----
	12,380	19,067
Less: Accumulated depreciation.....	(4,733)	(4,589)
	-----	-----
Net property and equipment.....	\$ 7,647	\$ 14,478
	-----	-----

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 was \$888, \$1,645, \$470 and \$1,540, respectively.

NOTE 8--INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998
			(UNAUDITED)
Goodwill.....	\$ 8,312	\$ 22,128	\$ 96,770
Other.....	1,647	2,020	2,487
	-----	-----	-----
	9,959	24,148	99,257
Less: Accumulated amortization.....	(2,817)	(3,324)	(4,606)
	-----	-----	-----
Net intangible assets.....	\$ 7,142	\$ 20,824	\$ 94,651
	-----	-----	-----

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996, the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 24, 1998 was \$757, \$1,098, \$204, \$566 and \$1,411 (unaudited) respectively.

F-17

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 9--CREDIT FACILITIES

SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt consists of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997
Credit facilities with banks, average interest rates ranging from 10% to 10.75% at April 30, 1996.....	\$ 21,898	\$
Subordinated debt, interest at 8% at April 30, 1996.....	1,000	
Other.....	441	30
Current maturities of long-term debt.....	2,548	232
	-----	-----
Total short-term debt.....	\$ 25,887	\$ 262
	-----	-----

LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997
	-----	-----
Subordinated notes, at 12.5% at April 30, 1996.....	\$ 13,325	\$
Note payable to former shareholder, interest at 10% at April 30, 1996.....	2,717	
Other.....	953	483
Capital lease obligations.....	584	315
	-----	-----
	17,579	798
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt.....	(2,548)	(232)
	-----	-----
Total long-term debt.....	\$ 15,031	\$ 566
	-----	-----

The agreement related to the subordinated notes provided for the bank and its agents to receive 12,551 and 14,941 detachable warrants for Pooled Company common stock in June 1994 and January 1995, respectively. The warrants were valued at \$45 per share with such amount deducted from the face value of the subordinated notes. In conjunction with the acquisition of the Pooled Company by U.S. Office Products, the outstanding subordinated debt balance was paid in full and all of the outstanding warrants were exercised and subsequently converted to U.S. Office Products common stock.

F-18

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 9--CREDIT FACILITIES (CONTINUED)
MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM DEBT

Maturities on long-term debt, including capital lease obligations, are as follows:

1998.....	\$	232
1999.....		216
2000.....		204
2001.....		41
2002.....		36
Thereafter.....		68

Total maturities of long-term debt.....	\$	797

PAYABLE TO U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS

The short-term payable to U.S. Office Products was incurred by the Company primarily as a result of U.S. Office Products repaying short-term debt outstanding of the businesses acquired by U.S. Office Products at or soon after the respective dates of acquisition and through the centralized cash management system, which involves daily advances or sweeps of cash to keep the cash balance at or near zero on a daily basis.

The long-term payable to U.S. Office Products primarily represents payments made by U.S. Office Products on behalf of the Company and a reasonable allocation by U.S. Office Products of certain general corporate expenses. An analysis of the activity in this account is as follows:

Balance at April 30, 1996.....	\$	
Payments of long-term debt of acquired companies.....		21,379
Funding of acquisitions and payment of acquisition costs.....		8,203
Allocated corporate expenses.....		2,221
Normal operating costs paid by U.S. Office Products.....		1,423

Unaudited data:		
Balance at April 26, 1997.....		33,226
Payments of long-term debt of acquired companies.....		822
Funding of acquisitions and payment of acquisition costs.....		24,646
Allocated corporate expenses.....		3,089
Normal operating costs paid by U.S. Office Products.....		687

Balance at January 24, 1998.....	\$	62,470

The average outstanding long-term payable to U.S. Office Products during the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 24, 1998 was \$27,269 and \$47,767 (unaudited), respectively. Interest has been allocated to the Company based upon the Company's average outstanding payable balance with U.S. Office Products at U.S. Office Products' weighted average interest rate during such period.

F-19

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 9--CREDIT FACILITIES (CONTINUED)

The Company's financial statements include allocations of interest expense from U.S. Office Products totaling \$3,879 and \$4,057 (unaudited) during the year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 24, 1998, respectively.

U.S. Office Products has allocated \$80.0 million in U.S. Office Products' debt to the Company plus expenditures for acquisitions completed after January 12, 1998. The Company has completed one such acquisition subsequent to January 12, 1998 for a total expenditure of \$3.3 million (unaudited). The allocation of U.S. Office Products' debt includes debt outstanding with third parties and intercompany debt payable to U.S. Office Products. The debt payable to U.S. Office Products is payable upon the completion of the Distribution and it is expected to be refinanced pursuant to the revolving credit facility described below.

The Company has received a commitment letter for a secured \$250.0 million revolving credit facility from NationsBank, N.A. as administrative agent. NationsBank Montgomery Securities LLC, one of the Underwriters and an affiliate

of NationsBank, N.A., is the Arranger and Syndication Agent. The credit facility terminates five years from the Distribution Date. The commitment letter provides that interest on borrowings under the credit facility will accrue interest at a rate of, at the Company's option, either LIBOR plus 1.00% or the lender's base rate, plus a margin of 0% to .25% for up to the first 6 months under the agreement. Thereafter, the interest will accrue at a rate of (i) LIBOR plus a range of .625% to 1.625%, or (ii) the lender's base rate plus a range of .125% to .250% (depending on the Company's leverage ratio of funded debt to EBITDA). Indebtedness will be secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. The credit facility will be subject to terms and conditions typical of facilities of such size and is governed by certain financial covenants. The closing of the credit facility is conditioned on, among other things, the consummation of the Distribution. The Company expects that at or about the time of the Offering the credit facility will be used to repay the debt allocated by U.S. Office Products and to fund working capital and capital expenditure needs. The Company expects that a portion of the credit facility will also be available to fund the cash portion of future acquisitions, subject to the maintenance of required covenants.

NOTE 10--INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of:

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FOR THE FOUR	FOR THE FISCAL
	DECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995	MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 1996	YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997
Income taxes currently payable:				
Federal.....	\$ (165)	\$ (66)	\$	\$ 71
State.....	149			99
	(16)	(66)		170
Deferred income tax expense (benefit).....	234	239	139	(2,582)
Total provision for income taxes.....	\$ 218	\$ 173	\$ 139	\$ (2,412)

F-20

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 10--INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Deferred taxes are comprised of the following:

	APRIL 30, 1996	APRIL 26, 1997
Current deferred tax assets:		
Inventory.....	\$ (349)	\$ 265
Allowance for doubtful accounts.....	106	193
Net operating loss carryforward.....	3,820	3,069
Accrued liabilities.....	332	421
Prepaid catalog advertising/restructuring.....	(205)	(1,893)
Total current deferred tax assets.....	3,704	2,055
Long-term deferred tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment.....	(126)	(289)
Intangible assets.....	622	258
Total long-term deferred tax asset (liabilities).....	496	(31)
Subtotal.....	4,200	2,024

Valuation allowance.....	(5,339)	
Net deferred tax asset (liability).....	\$ (1,139)	\$ 2,024

At April 30, 1996, a valuation allowance had been recorded, related to deferred tax assets of a Pooled Company, including net operating loss carryforwards. Based upon the improved profitability of this Pooled Company during fiscal 1997, the valuation allowance was reversed, resulting in a benefit from income taxes.

The Company's effective income tax rate varied from the U.S. federal statutory tax rate as follows:

	FOR THE YEAR ENDED		FOR THE FOUR	FOR THE FISCAL
	DECEMBER 31, 1994	DECEMBER 31, 1995	MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 1996	YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997
U.S. federal statutory rate.....	34.0%	34.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit for fiscal 1997.....	9.6			1.0
Net operating loss utilized.....	(33.0)			
No benefit for current year net operating loss... Reversal of valuation allowance.....		(34.0)	(32.8)	(84.8)
Nondeductible goodwill.....			(2.2)	1.6
Nondeductible acquisition costs.....				5.0
Tax on separate company income not offset against other company's loss.....		(5.4)	(3.0)	
Other.....	3.4			
Effective income tax rate.....	14.0%	(5.4)%	(3.0)%	(42.2)%

F-21

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 11--LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company leases various types of retail, warehouse and office facilities and equipment, furniture and fixtures under noncancelable lease agreements which expire at various dates. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable capital and operating leases are as follows:

	CAPITAL LEASES	OPERATING LEASES
1998.....	\$ 232	\$ 871
1999.....	118	806
2000.....	6	599
2001.....		517
2002.....		496
Thereafter.....		1,057
Total minimum lease payments.....	356	\$ 4,346
Less: Amounts representing interest	(42)	
Present value of net minimum lease payments.....	\$ 314	

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, the four months ended April 30, 1996 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 was \$1,486, \$1,947, \$600 and \$1,817, respectively.

F-22

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 12--COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LITIGATION

The Company is, from time to time, a party to litigation arising in the normal course of its business. Management believes that none of this litigation will have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Company has entered into employment agreements with several employees that would result in payments to these employees upon a change of control or certain other events. No amounts have been accrued at April 30, 1996 or April 26, 1997 related to these agreements, as no change of control has occurred.

DISTRIBUTION

On or immediately after the Distribution, the Company expects to have a credit facility in place. The terms of the credit facility are expected to contain customary covenants including financial covenants. The Company plans to use a portion of the proceeds from the credit facility to repay certain amounts payable to U.S. Office Products.

On or before the date of the Distribution, School Specialty, U.S. Office Products and the other Spin-Off Companies will enter into the Distribution Agreement, the Tax Allocation Agreement, and the Employee Benefits Agreement and the Spin-Off Companies will enter into the Tax Indemnification Agreement and may enter into other agreements, including agreements relating to referral of customers to one another. These agreements are expected to provide, among other things, for U.S. Office Products and School Specialty to indemnify each other from tax and other liabilities relating to their respective businesses prior to and following the Distribution. Certain of the obligations of School Specialty and the other Spin-Off Companies to indemnify U.S. Office Products are joint and several. Therefore, if one of the other spin-off companies fails to satisfy its indemnification obligations to U.S. Office Products when such a loss occurs, School Specialty may be required to reimburse U.S. Office Products for all or a portion of the losses that otherwise would have been allocated to other spin-off companies. In addition, the agreements will allocate liabilities, including general corporate and securities liabilities of U.S. Office Products not specifically related to the school supplies business, between U.S. Office Products and the Company and the other Spin-Off Companies. The terms of the agreements that will govern the relationship between School Specialty and U.S. Office Products will be established by U.S. Office Products in consultation with School Specialty's management prior to the Distribution while School Specialty is a wholly-owned subsidiary of U.S. Office Products.

NOTE 13--EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

Effective September 1, 1996, the Company implemented the U.S. Office Products 401(k) Retirement Plan (the "401(k) Plan") which allows employee contributions in accordance with Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company matches a portion of employee contributions and all full-time employees are eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan after one year of service.

Certain subsidiaries of the Company have, or had prior to implementation of the 401(k) Plan, qualified defined contribution benefit plans, which allow for voluntary pre-tax contributions by the

F-23

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 13--EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

employees. The subsidiaries paid all general and administrative expenses of the plans and in some cases made matching contributions on behalf of the employees. For the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995 and the four months ended April 30, 1996, the subsidiaries incurred expenses totaling \$175, \$105 and \$6, respectively, related to these plans.

NOTE 14--STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION BY U.S. OFFICE PRODUCTS

During the nine months ended January 24, 1998, U.S. Office Products contributed \$69,762 of capital to the Company. The contribution reflects the forgiveness of intercompany debt by U.S. Office Products, as it was agreed that the Company would be allocated only \$80,000 of debt plus the amount of any additional debt incurred after January 12, 1998 in connection with the acquisition of entities that will become subsidiaries of School Specialty.

EMPLOYEE STOCK PLANS

Prior to the Distribution, certain employees of the Company participated in the U.S. Office Products 1994 Long-Term Compensation Plan covering employees of U.S. Office Products. The Company expects to adopt an employee stock option plan at approximately the time of the Distribution. The Company expects to replace the options to purchase shares of common stock of U.S. Office Products held by employees with options to purchase shares of common stock of the Company. U.S. Office Products granted 249,600 options to Company employees under the Plan during fiscal 1997; and the Company accounted for these options in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25. Accordingly, because the exercise prices of the options have equaled the market price on the date of grant, no compensation expense was recognized for the options granted. Had compensation expense been recognized based upon the fair value of the stock options on the grant date under the methodology prescribed by the SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," the Company's net income and basic net income per share for the year ended April 26, 1997 would have been reduced by \$749 and \$0.01, respectively.

Under a services agreement entered into with Jonathan J. Ledecy, the Board of Directors of U.S. Office Products has agreed that Jonathan J. Ledecy will receive a stock option for School Specialty Common Stock from School Specialty as of the date of the Distribution. The U.S. Office Products Board intends the option to be compensation for Mr. Ledecy's services as a director of the Company, and certain services as an employee of the Company. The option will cover up to 7.5% of the outstanding Company common stock determined as of the date of the Distribution, with no anti-dilution provisions in the event of issuance of additional shares of common stock (other than with respect to stock splits or reverse stock splits). The option will have a per share exercise price equal to the price of the first trade on the day the Company's common stock is first publicly traded.

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

NOTE 15--QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

The following presents certain unaudited quarterly financial data for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997:

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995				
	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	TOTAL
Revenues.....	\$ 18,760	\$ 36,702	\$ 69,192	\$ 25,828	\$ 150,482
Gross profit.....	4,960	11,130	20,795	7,840	44,725
Operating income (loss).....	(3,014)	1,196	8,934	(4,792)	2,324
Net income (loss).....	(3,711)	(252)	4,309	(3,713)	(3,367)

	YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997				
	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	TOTAL
Revenues.....	\$ 58,991	\$ 71,682	\$ 29,304	\$ 31,769	\$ 191,746
Gross profit.....	18,110	19,823	7,664	9,572	55,169
Operating income (loss).....	5,197	6,732	(1,520)	(688)	9,721
Net income (loss).....	1,981	2,692	(1,067)	4,526	8,132

NOTE 16--SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (UNAUDITED)

On January 13, 1998, U.S. Office Products announced its intention to complete the Distribution described in Note 1. In addition, subsequent to April 26, 1997, the Company has completed eight business combinations accounted for under the purchase method for an aggregate purchase price of \$98,892, consisting of \$95,326 of cash and U.S. Office Products Common Stock with a market value of \$3,566. The results of operations for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 include the results of the acquired companies from their respective dates of acquisition.

The following presents the unaudited pro forma results of operations of the Company for fiscal 1997 as if the acquisitions described above had been consummated as of the beginning of fiscal 1997. The results presented below include certain pro forma adjustments to reflect the amortization of intangible assets, adjustments in executive compensation of \$124 for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 and the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and the inclusion of a federal income tax provision on all earnings:

	FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997	NINE MONTHS ENDED	
		JANUARY 25, 1997	JANUARY 24, 1998
Revenues.....	\$ 350,760	292,244	321,010
Net income.....	11,714	7,809	10,526

The unaudited pro forma results of operations are prepared for comparative purposes only and do not necessarily reflect the results that would have occurred had the acquisitions occurred at the beginning of fiscal 1997 or the results which may occur in the future.

F-25

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

The unaudited pro forma financial statements give effect to the spin-off of School Specialty, Inc. (the "Company"), formerly the Educational Supplies and Products Division of U.S. Office Products Company ("U.S. Office Products"), through the distribution of shares of the Company to U.S. Office Products shareholders (the "Distribution") and acquisitions completed through May 1, 1998.

The pro forma combined balance sheet gives effect to the Distribution and to all acquisitions completed through May 1, 1998, as if such transactions had occurred as of the Company's most recent balance sheet date, January 24, 1998.

The pro forma combined statement of income for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 gives effect to (i) the Distribution; (ii) the acquisitions of six individually insignificant companies in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method completed during the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 (the "Fiscal 1997 Purchase Acquisitions"); and (iii) the acquisitions of Childcraft Education Corp., Sax Arts & Crafts, Inc. ("Sax Arts & Crafts"), American Academic and four other individually insignificant companies in business combinations accounted for under the purchase method completed during the fiscal year ending April 25, 1998 (the "Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions"), as if all such transactions had occurred on May 1, 1996. The pro forma combined statement of income for the year ended April 26, 1997 includes (i) the audited financial information of the Company for the year ended April 26, 1997; (ii) the unaudited financial information of the Fiscal 1997 Purchase Acquisitions for the period from May 1, 1996 through their respective dates of acquisitions; and (iii) the unaudited financial information of the Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions for the period from May 1, 1996 through April 26, 1997.

The pro forma combined statement of income for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 gives effect to the Distribution and the Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions, as if all such transactions had occurred on April 27, 1997. The pro forma combined statement of income for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 includes the unaudited financial information of the Company for the nine months ended January 24, 1998 and the unaudited financial information of the Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions for the period from April 27, 1997 through the earlier of their respective dates of acquisition or January 24, 1998.

The pro forma combined statement of income for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 gives effect to (i) the Distribution; (ii) the Fiscal 1997 Purchase Acquisitions; and (iii) the Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions, as if all such transactions had occurred on May 1, 1996. The pro forma combined statement of income for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 includes (i) the unaudited financial information of the Company for the nine months ended January 25, 1997; (ii) the unaudited financial information of the Fiscal 1997 Purchase Acquisitions for the period from May 1, 1996 through the earlier of their respective dates of acquisition or January 25, 1997; and (iii) the unaudited

financial information of the Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions for the period from May 1, 1996 through January 25, 1997.

The historical financial statements of the Company give retroactive effect to the results of the two companies acquired by the Company during the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 in business combinations accounted for under the pooling-of-interests method of accounting.

The historical financial statements of the Company also reflect an allocated portion of general and administrative costs and interest expense incurred by U.S. Office Products. The allocated costs include expenses such as: certain corporate executives' salaries, accounting and legal fees, departmental costs for accounting, finance, legal, purchasing, marketing and human resources, as well as other general overhead costs. These corporate overheads have been allocated to the Company using one of several factors, dependent on the nature of the costs being allocated, including, revenues, number and size of

F-26

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(UNAUDITED)

acquisitions and number of employees. Interest expense has been allocated to the Company based upon the Company's average outstanding intercompany balance with U.S. Office Products at U.S. Office Products' weighted average interest rate during such period.

The pro forma adjustments are based upon preliminary estimates, available information and certain assumptions that management deems appropriate. The unaudited pro forma combined financial data presented herein does not purport to represent what the Company's financial position or results of operations would have been had the transactions which are the subject of pro forma adjustments occurred on those dates, as assumed, and are not necessarily representative of the Company's financial position or results of operations in any future period. The pro forma combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with the other financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

F-27

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET

JANUARY 24, 1998

(IN THOUSANDS)
(UNAUDITED)

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.	POST JANUARY 24, 1998 PURCHASE ACQUISITION	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS	SUBTOTAL	PRO FORMA OFFERING ADJUSTMENTS	PRO FORMA COMBINED
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accounts receivable, net.....	41,530			41,530		

Inventory.....	32,946	100		33,046	
Prepaid and other current assets.....	8,997			8,997	
Total current assets.....	83,473	100		83,573	
Property and equipment, net.....	20,489	350		20,839	
Intangible assets, net.....	94,651		2,800 (a)	97,451	
Other assets.....	2,594			2,594	
Total assets.....	\$ 201,207	\$ 450	\$ 2,800	\$ 204,457	

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Current liabilities:					
Short term debt.....	\$ 272	\$	\$	\$ 272	\$
Short-term Payable to U.S. Office Products.....	16,873		(16,873) (b)		
Accounts payable.....	11,951			11,951	
Accrued compensation.....	5,502			5,502	
Other accrued liabilities.....	5,262			5,262	
Total current liabilities.....	39,860		(16,873)	22,987	
Long-term debt.....	385		82,593 (b)	82,978	
Long-term Payable to U.S. Office Products.....	62,470		3,250 (a)		
			(65,720) (b)		
Total liabilities.....	102,715		3,250	105,965	
Stockholder's equity:					
Divisional equity.....	93,313			93,313	
Retained earnings.....	5,179			5,179	
Equity in Purchased Company...		450	(450) (a)		
Total stockholder's equity.....	98,492	450	(450)	98,492	
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity....	\$ 201,207	\$ 450	\$ 2,800	\$ 204,457	

See accompanying notes to pro forma combined financial statements.

F-28

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 24, 1998

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(UNAUDITED)

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.	SAX ARTS & CRAFTS	AMERICAN ACADEMIC	INDIVIDUALLY INSIGNIFICANT FISCAL 1998 PURCHASE ACQUISITIONS	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS	SUBTOTAL	PRO FORMA OFFERING ADJUSTMENTS
Revenues.....	\$ 247,880	\$ 7,764	\$ 36,423	\$ 28,943	\$	\$ 321,010	
Cost of revenues.....	176,501	4,494	26,203	21,314		228,512	
Gross profit.....	71,379	3,270	10,220	7,629		92,498	
Selling, general and administrative expenses....	49,588	1,779	6,968	6,425	224 (d)	64,984	
Amortization expense.....	1,411				556 (e)	1,967	
Operating income.....	20,380	1,491	3,252	1,204	(780)	25,547	
Other (income) expense:							
Interest expense.....	4,100	100	441	38	856 (f)	5,535	
Interest income.....	(109)			(4)	113 (f)		
Other.....	441	(2)	24	57		520	
Income before provision for income taxes.....	15,948	1,393	2,787	1,113	(1,749)	19,492	
Provision for income taxes...	7,113	539	892	141	281 (g)	8,966	
Net income.....	\$ 8,835	\$ 854	\$ 1,895	\$ 972	\$ (2,030)	\$ 10,526	
Weighted average shares:							
Basic.....	114,758					109,895 (h)	
Diluted.....	117,185					109,895 (h)	
Net income per share:							

Basic.....	\$	0.08	\$	0.10
Diluted.....	\$	0.08	\$	0.10

PRO FORMA
COMBINED

Revenues.....
Cost of revenues.....

Gross profit.....
Selling, general and
administrative expenses....
Amortization expense.....

Operating income.....
Other (income) expense:
Interest expense.....
Interest income.....
Other.....

Income before provision for
income taxes.....
Provision for income taxes...

Net income.....

Weighted average shares:
Basic.....
Diluted.....
Net income per share:
Basic.....
Diluted.....

See accompanying notes to pro forma combined financial statements.

F-29

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 25, 1997

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

(UNAUDITED)

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.	SAX ARTS & CRAFTS	AMERICAN ACADEMIC	INDIVIDUALLY INSIGNIFICANT FISCAL 1998 PURCHASE ACQUISITIONS	INDIVIDUALLY INSIGNIFICANT FISCAL 1997 PURCHASE ACQUISITIONS	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS	SUBTOTAL	PRO FORMA OFFERING ADJUSTMENTS
Revenues.....	\$ 159,977	\$ 28,717	\$ 34,024	\$ 54,706	\$ 14,820	\$	\$ 292,244	\$
Cost of revenues....	114,380	16,663	24,784	36,510	11,368		203,705	
Gross profit.....	45,597	12,054	9,240	18,196	3,452		88,539	
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	33,000	7,504	6,702	13,773	3,312	(124) (c) 830 (d)	64,997	
Amortization expense.....	396					1,533 (e)	1,929	
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	1,792						1,792	
Operating income....	10,409	4,550	2,538	4,423	140	(2,239)	19,821	
Other (income) expense: Interest expense....	3,358	400	641	206	176	754 (f)	5,535	
Interest income.....	(101)			(37)		138 (f)		
Other.....	(204)	(27)		67	(10)		(174)	
Income before provision for income taxes.....	7,356	4,177	1,897	4,187	(26)	(3,131)	14,460	
Provision for income taxes.....	3,750	1,620		395	111	775 (g)	6,651	
Net income.....	\$ 3,606	\$ 2,557	\$ 1,897	\$ 3,792	\$ (137)	\$ (3,906)	\$ 7,809	
Weighted average shares: Basic.....	85,978						109,895 (h)	
Diluted.....	87,824						109,895 (h)	
Net income per share: Basic.....	\$ 0.04						\$ 0.07	
Diluted.....	\$ 0.04						\$ 0.07	

PRO FORMA

	COMBINED

Revenues.....	\$
Cost of revenues....	

Gross profit.....	
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	
Amortization expense.....	
Non-recurring acquisition costs.....	

Operating income....	
Other (income) expense:	
Interest expense....	
Interest income.....	
Other.....	

Income before provision for income taxes.....	
Provision for income taxes.....	

Net income.....	

Weighted average shares:	
Basic.....	
Diluted.....	
Net income per share:	
Basic.....	
Diluted.....	

See accompanying notes to pro forma combined financial statements.

F-30

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)
(UNAUDITED)

	SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.	SAX ARTS & CRAFTS	AMERICAN ACADEMIC	INDIVIDUALLY INSIGNIFICANT FISCAL 1998 PURCHASE ACQUISITIONS	INDIVIDUALLY INSIGNIFICANT FISCAL 1997 PURCHASE ACQUISITIONS	PRO FORMA ADJUSTMENTS	SUBTOTAL
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Revenues.....	\$ 191,746	\$ 34,542	\$ 40,563	\$ 69,089	\$ 14,820	\$	\$ 350,760
Cost of revenues....	136,577	20,067	29,608	46,776	11,368		244,396
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Gross profit.....	55,169	14,475	10,955	22,313	3,452		106,364
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	42,896	9,698	8,102	18,056	3,312	(124) (c) 1,016 (d)	82,956
Amortization expense.....	566					1,908 (e)	2,474
Non-recurring acquisition costs..	1,792						1,792
Restructuring costs..	194						194
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income.....	9,721	4,777	2,853	4,257	140	(2,800)	18,948
Other (income) expense:							
Interest expense....	4,197	474	850	234	176	1,369 (f)	7,300
Interest income....				(45)		45 (f)	
Other.....	(196)	(33)		81	(10)		(158)
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income (Loss) before provision for income taxes.....	5,720	4,336	2,003	3,987	(26)	(4,214)	11,806
Provision for income taxes.....	(2,412)	1,664	34	618	111	77 (g)	92
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net (Loss) income....	\$ 8,132	\$ 2,672	\$ 1,969	\$ 3,369	\$ (137)	\$ (4,291)	\$ 11,714
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Weighted average shares outstanding:							
Basic.....	90,026						109,895 (h)
Diluted.....	91,761						109,895 (h)
Net income per share:							
Basic.....	\$ 0.09						\$ 0.11

Diluted..... \$ 0.09

\$ 0.11

	PRO FORMA OFFERING ADJUSTMENTS	PRO FORMA COMBINED
Revenues.....	\$	\$
Cost of revenues....		
Gross profit.....		
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....		
Amortization expense.....		
Non-recurring acquisition costs..		
Restructuring costs..		
Operating income.....		
Other (income) expense:		
Interest expense...		
Interest income...		
Other.....		
Income (Loss) before provision for income taxes.....		
Provision for income taxes.....		
Net (Loss) income...		
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		
Net income per share:		
Basic.....		
Diluted.....		

See accompanying notes for pro forma combined financial statements.

F-31

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO PRO FORMA COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

(DOLLARS AND SHARE AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

1. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ADJUSTMENTS

(a) Adjustment to reflect purchase price adjustments associated with acquisition of Education Access for \$3,250 of cash provided by U.S. Office Products. The portion of the consideration assigned to goodwill (\$2,800) in the transaction accounted for under the purchase method represents the excess of the cost over the fair market value of the net assets acquired. The Company amortizes goodwill over a period of 40 years. The recoverability of the unamortized goodwill will be assessed on an ongoing basis by comparing anticipated undiscounted future cash flows from operations to net book value.

(b) Represents the refinancing of the payable to U.S. Office Products with the proceeds received from expected borrowings under the revolving credit facility.

2. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME ADJUSTMENTS

(c) Adjustment to reflect reductions in executive compensation as a result of the elimination of certain executive positions and the renegotiations of executive compensation agreements resulting from certain acquisitions. The

Company believes that these reductions are expected to remain in place for the foreseeable future and are not reasonably likely to affect the operating performance of the Company.

- (d) Adjustment to reflect additional corporate overhead during the period prior to the formation of the School Division by U.S. Office Products as if the division had been formed at May 1, 1996.

- (e) Adjustment to reflect the increase in amortization expense relating to goodwill recorded in purchase accounting related to the Fiscal 1997 and Fiscal 1998 Purchase Acquisitions for the periods prior to the respective dates of acquisition. The Company has recorded goodwill amortization in the historical financial statements from the respective dates of acquisition forward. The goodwill is being amortized over an estimated life of 40 years.

- (f) Adjustment to reflect the increase in interest expense. Interest expense is being calculated on the average pro forma debt outstanding during the applicable periods at a weighted average interest rate of approximately 8.0%. The adjustment also reflects a reduction in interest income to zero as the Company generally expects to use available cash to repay debt.

- (g) Adjustment to calculate the provision for income taxes on the combined pro forma results. The difference between the effective tax rate of 46% and the statutory tax rate of 35% for the nine months ended January 25, 1997 and January 24, 1998 relates primarily to state income taxes and non-deductible goodwill. The difference between the effective pro forma tax rate and the statutory tax rate for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997 relates primarily to state taxes and nondeductible goodwill, offset by the reversal of a \$5.3 million deferred tax valuation allowance.

- (h) The weighted average shares outstanding used to calculate pro forma earnings per share is based upon 109,895 shares of common stock outstanding for the periods. This is based upon the most current number of shares of common stock of U.S. Office Products outstanding of 133,042, plus 5,000 shares expected to be tendered by U.S. Office Products option holders, plus 8,890 shares related to the conversion of U.S. Office Products debt, less 37,037 shares expected to be repurchased by U.S. Office Products in the Tender Offer, and assumes a distribution ratio of one share of

F-32

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

NOTES TO PRO FORMA COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(UNAUDITED)

(DOLLARS AND SHARE AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

2. UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

School Specialty Common Stock for each share of U.S. Office Products Common Stock. The actual distribution ratio will be determined prior to effectiveness of the Distribution, and is expected to be less than one share of School Specialty Common Stock for every one share of U.S. Office Products Common Stock.

F-33

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
American Academic Suppliers Holding Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY as of December 31, 1995 and 1996, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity and of cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of American Academic Suppliers Holding Corporation and Subsidiary as of December 31, 1995 and 1996, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

ALTSCHULER, MELVOIN AND GLASSER LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 24, 1997

F-34

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

	DECEMBER 31,		SEPTEMBER 30,
	1995	1996	1997
			(UNAUDITED)
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash.....	\$ 7,228	\$ 21,507	\$ 9,841
Trade accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$25,000).....	4,525,451	3,656,546	13,476,228
Inventories (Note 1).....	1,805,731	1,599,140	2,398,435
Other current assets and prepaid expenses.....	127,673	173,549	269,234
	6,466,083	5,450,742	16,153,738
Property, Plant and Equipment (less accumulated depreciation-- Notes 1 and 2).....	3,081,784	2,949,000	2,845,858
Other Assets:			
Excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired (less accumulated amortization of \$320,322 \$433,022, \$509,311, respectively-- Note 1).....	4,187,938	4,075,238	4,030,878

Deferred financing costs (less accumulated amortization of \$21,729, \$42,729, and \$50,965 respectively--Note 1).....	40,544	19,544	0
Deposits.....	37,581	64,211	0
	-----	-----	-----
	4,266,063	4,158,993	4,030,878
	-----	-----	-----
	\$13,813,930	\$12,558,735	\$ 23,030,474
	-----	-----	-----

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.....	\$ 1,476,312	\$ 1,636,969	\$ 4,281,450
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 4)....	168,673	3,135	10,772,516
Other current liabilities and accrued expenses (Notes 3 and 9).....	1,968,780	736,374	2,391,544
	-----	-----	-----
	3,613,765	2,376,478	17,445,510
	-----	-----	-----
Long-term Liabilities:			
Long-term debt (Note 4).....	7,712,187	6,407,152	0
	-----	-----	-----
Shareholders' Equity:			
Common stock, (10,000 shares of \$.01 par value authorized; 1,209, 1,232 and 1,232 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 1995, 1996, and September 30, 1997, respectively--Note 8).....	12	12	12
Additional paid-in capital.....	5,528,073	5,648,073	5,648,073
Retained earnings (Accumulated deficit).....	(1,463,356)	(296,229)	1,513,630
	-----	-----	-----
	4,064,729	5,351,856	7,161,715
	-----	-----	-----
Excess of Purchase Price over Predecessor Basis (Note 1).....	(1,576,751)	(1,576,751)	(1,576,751)
	-----	-----	-----
	2,487,978	3,775,105	5,584,964
	-----	-----	-----
	\$13,813,930	\$12,558,735	\$ 23,030,474
	-----	-----	-----

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

F-35

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	1995	1996	1996	1997
	-----	-----	-----	-----
	(UNAUDITED)			
Net Sales.....	\$38,596,316	\$39,290,879	\$32,578,366	\$38,497,843
Cost of Goods Sold.....	27,050,924	26,667,961	21,985,703	25,916,417
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Gross Profit.....	11,545,392	12,622,918	10,592,663	12,581,426
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.....	9,522,851	9,995,206	7,229,895	8,932,382
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income from Operations.....	2,022,541	2,627,712	3,362,768	3,649,044
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Other Expense:				
Interest.....	1,002,199	856,223	660,753	543,089
Guarantee fees (Note 4).....	305,384	148,996	148,996	0
Executive severance (Note 9).....	168,750	0	0	0
Amortization of intangibles (Note 1).....	133,700	133,700	100,275	120,516
Management fee (Note 8).....	112,000	182,000	121,500	198,000
Other.....	104,574	128,908	81,115	126,523

	1,826,607	1,449,827	1,112,639	988,128
Income before Income Taxes.....	195,934	1,177,885	2,250,129	2,660,916
Income Tax Provision--Current.....	26,000	10,758	8,069	851,057
Net Income.....	\$ 169,934	\$ 1,167,127	\$ 2,242,060	\$ 1,809,859

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

F-36

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995 AND 1996
AND THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1997 (UNAUDITED)

	SHARES ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING	PAR VALUE	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS (ACCUMULATED DEFICIT)	EXCESS OF PURCHASE PRICE OVER PREDECESSOR BASIS	TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
Balances, December 31, 1994.....	1,209	\$ 12	\$5,528,073	\$ (1,633,290)	\$ (1,576,751)	\$ 2,318,044
Net Income, Year Ended December 31, 1995.....				169,934		169,934
Balances, December 31, 1995.....	1,209	12	5,528,073	(1,463,356)	(1,576,751)	2,487,978
Issuance of Common Stock (Note 8)...	23		120,000			120,000
Net Income, Year Ended December 31, 1996.....				1,167,127		1,167,127
Balances, December 31, 1996.....	1,232	12	5,648,073	(296,229)	(1,576,751)	3,775,105
Unaudited data:						
Net Income, Nine Months Ended September 30, 1997.....				1,809,859		1,809,859
Balances, September 30, 1997 (unaudited).....	1,232	\$ 12	\$5,648,073	\$ 1,513,630	\$ (1,576,751)	\$ 5,584,964

See accompanying notes to pro forma combined financial statements.

F-37

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION
AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	1995	1996	1996	1997
				(UNAUDITED)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Net income.....	\$ 169,934	\$ 1,167,127	\$ 2,242,060	\$ 1,809,859
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization.....	404,222	381,791	281,842	292,031
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable (net).....	643,826	868,905	(6,575,016)	(9,819,682)
Inventories.....	172,680	206,591	(523,208)	(799,296)
Other assets.....	(56,950)	(72,506)	(95,646)	(89,177)
Accounts payable.....	(140,915)	160,657	2,010,499	2,643,464
Other liabilities and accrued expenses.....	968,782	(1,232,406)	(1,530,288)	1,652,036
Net cash provided by (used in) operating				

activities.....	2,161,579	1,480,159	(4,189,757)	(4,310,765)
Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment...	(197,298)	(115,307)	(108,329)	(67,282)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:				
Repayment of revolving line of credit (net).....	(1,929,681)	(1,305,935)	4,227,957	5,766,671
Repayment of term loans and mortgage..	(96,046)	(107,306)	(81,277)	(1,400,290)
Principal payment on capital lease obligation.....	(1,305)	(3,496)		
Repayment of promissory note payable to shareholder.....	0	(53,836)		
Proceeds from sale of common stock....	0	120,000	120,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities.....	(2,027,032)	(1,350,573)	4,266,680	4,366,381
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash.....	(62,751)	14,279	(31,406)	(11,666)
Cash, Beginning of Year.....	69,979	7,228	7,228	21,507
Cash, End of Year.....	\$ 7,228	\$ 21,507	(24,178)	9,841
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest.....	\$ 977,000	\$ 864,134	\$ 660,753	\$ 543,089
Income taxes.....	\$ 4,900	\$ 11,046	\$ 0	\$ 85,000
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Operating, Investing and Financing Activities: Acquisition of equipment financed through capital lease obligation.....	\$ 8,953	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Conversion of portion of accrued guaranteed fees to a note payable (Note 4).....	\$ 53,836	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

F-38

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION

AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1--NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

American Academic Suppliers Holding Corporation ("AASHC") and its wholly owned subsidiary, American Academic Suppliers, Inc. ("AASI") (collectively referred to as the "Company"), is a direct distributor of school supplies, supplementary educational materials, furniture, and equipment to educational institutions, school systems and administrative offices located throughout the United States. Operations are conducted from owned and leased premises located in Cary, Illinois and from leased premises located in Mt. Laurel, New Jersey (Note 7).

On February 28, 1993, AASHC acquired all of the outstanding common stock of AASI for \$8,000,000. The acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Since the former shareholders of AASI acquired an equity interest in AASHC, the purchase price allocation has been adjusted by \$1,576,751 to reflect the excess of the purchase price over the predecessor basis in the net assets acquired which, under generally accepted accounting principles, may not be recognized as an asset. Such excess of purchase price over predecessor basis

was recorded as a reduction of the excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired and as a decrease in shareholders' equity as of the date of acquisition.

The Company primarily sells its products to separate schools or school systems. As such, the majority of trade accounts receivable relate primarily to these customers. Management believes that the recorded allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate to cover potential losses associated with these customers.

In the opinion of management, the Company has made all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition of the Company as of September 30, 1997 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 1996 and 1997, as presented in the accompanying unaudited interim financial statements.

In preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

A summary of significant accounting policies is as follows:

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION--The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AASHC and its wholly owned subsidiary, AASI. All intercompany accounts and balances have been eliminated in the consolidation.

INVENTORIES--Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined under the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis.

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION--Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed under both accelerated and straight-line methods for financial reporting purposes, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. For income tax reporting purposes, provisions for depreciation are computed principally under accelerated methods, as permitted by the Internal Revenue Code.

The excess of cost over fair value of net assets acquired is being amortized under the straight-line method over a period of 40 years.

F-39

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION

AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 1--NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

Costs incurred in connection with obtaining long-term financing are amortized, on a straight-line basis, over the term of the financing commitment.

INCOME TAXES--The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of Financial Accounting Standard No. 109. Under this standard, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

NOTE 2--PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

Property, plant and equipment, at December 31, 1995 and 1996, stated at

acquisition cost, consisted of the following:

	1995	1996
	-----	-----
Land.....	\$ 415,000	\$ 415,000
Buildings.....	2,333,828	2,335,258
Warehouse equipment.....	603,590	638,976
Office furniture and equipment.....	249,060	255,613
Computer equipment.....	173,285	245,223
	-----	-----
Total owned assets.....	3,774,763	3,890,070
Equipment capitalized under lease obligation.....	8,953	8,953
	-----	-----
	3,783,716	3,899,023
Less accumulated depreciation.....	(701,932)	(950,023)
	-----	-----
	\$3,081,784	\$2,949,000
	-----	-----
	-----	-----

Depreciation of property, plant, and equipment, for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, amounted to approximately \$270,500 and \$248,000, respectively.

NOTE 3--OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Other current liabilities and accrued expenses, at December 31, 1995 and 1996, consisted of the following:

	1995	1996
	-----	-----
Compensation and commissions.....	\$1,037,714	\$ 390,037
Guarantor's fee (Note 4).....	305,383	0
Severance pay (Note 9).....	170,442	0
Real estate taxes.....	77,253	80,385
Interest.....	67,971	60,060
Other.....	310,017	205,892
	-----	-----
	\$1,968,780	\$ 736,374
	-----	-----
	-----	-----

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION

AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4--LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt, at December 31, 1995 and 1996, consisted of the following:

1995	1996
-----	-----

Borrowings from Harris Trust and Savings Bank ("Harris") pursuant to a Credit Agreement ("Agreement") (see below):		
Revolving credit loan borrowings.....	\$5,787,922	\$4,481,987
Term loan borrowings.....	521,422	467,231
Mortgage note payable to Harris Bank Barrington, N.A. (secured by real estate occupied by the Company; payable in monthly installments, inclusive of interest at prime plus 1 1/2%, of \$16,600; final maturity on December 16, 1999. Fully paid subsequent to year-end).....	1,510,032	1,456,917
Promissory note payable to Pfingsten Executive Fund, L.P. (bearing interest at 10% per annum; paid in full during 1996).....	53,836	0
Capitalized lease obligation (payable in monthly installments of \$291, inclusive of interest at 10%; final maturity June 7, 1998).....	7,648	4,152
	-----	-----
	7,880,860	6,410,287
Less current portion.....	168,673	3,135
	-----	-----
Long-term portion, due in 1998.....	\$7,712,187	\$6,407,152
	-----	-----

At December 31, 1996, the Harris Agreement provided maximum aggregate borrowings of \$12,077,500. Interest on outstanding borrowings was payable monthly, at the prime rate (8.25% at December 31, 1996) plus 1%. The Company had availability under the Agreement of \$1,100,000 at December 31, 1996. Pfingsten Executive Fund, L.P. (the Company's majority shareholder) had guaranteed \$1,500,000 of the borrowings (reduced from \$3,000,000 effective December 31, 1995) under the Agreement. Guarantee fees are charged to the Company at 10% per annum, which amounted to \$305,384 and \$148,996 for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996. The guarantees were released by Harris on October 31, 1996.

On February 4, 1997, the Agreement with Harris was amended ("Amended Agreement") to provide maximum aggregate borrowings of \$16,800,000 from June 1 through October 31, and \$11,800,000 at all other times. Revolving credit loan borrowings, under the Amended Agreement which expires March 31, 1998, are limited to a computed "Borrowing Base" amount and bear interest at the Company's option at the prime rate or LIBOR plus 1.75%. The Amended Agreement requires the Company to pay .25% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the Revolving Credit Commitment and to pay a prepayment penalty in certain situations.

The Amended Agreement contains covenants restricting certain corporate acts, such as restricting dividend and management fee payments, and requiring the maintenance of net worth levels and a financial ratio.

Borrowings under the agreement with Harris are secured by all of the Company's assets.

On February 4, 1997, the Company repaid the mortgage note and term loan from borrowings under the revolving credit loan.

F-41

AMERICAN ACADEMIC SUPPLIERS HOLDING CORPORATION

AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4--LONG-TERM DEBT: (CONTINUED)

Borrowings under the revolving credit, term loan and mortgage note at December 31, 1996 have been reported as long-term liabilities at December 31, 1996 as a result of the Amended Agreement and repayment of the mortgage note and term loan.

NOTE 5--INCOME TAXES:

AASHC and its wholly owned subsidiary file a consolidated federal income tax

return.

The primary differences between the statutory and effective tax rates for 1995 and 1996 relate to the use of net operating loss carryforwards not previously recognized.

Gross deferred income tax assets consist primarily of (a) net operating loss carryforwards, (b) accrued expenses not paid within two and one-half months after the end of the Company's year which are deductible for tax reporting purposes when paid, and (c) uniform capitalization rules (for additional inventory costs) reflected for tax reporting purposes only. The gross deferred income tax liability consists of the variation in the book and tax bases of property, plant and equipment.

At December 31, 1995 and 1996, the Company's net deferred income tax asset and related valuation allowance consisted of:

	1995	1996
	-----	-----
Gross deferred tax asset.....	\$ 828,000	\$ 262,000
Less valuation allowance.....	517,000	84,000
	-----	-----
Deferred tax asset, net of valuation allowance.....	311,000	178,000
Less deferred tax liability.....	311,000	178,000
	-----	-----
	\$ 0	\$ 0
	-----	-----
	-----	-----

The valuation allowance decreased by \$112,799 and \$433,000 during 1995 and 1996, respectively.

At December 31, 1996, the Company has available, as a carryforward to future years, a federal net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$560,000, expiring in 2008 and 2009.

NOTE 6--EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN:

The Company is a participant in a Pflingsten Partners, L.P. master employee benefit plan. The plan, established under the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code provides, among other things, for the Company to make discretionary contributions. Such employer contributions to the plan, for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, amounted to \$43,427 and \$24,534, respectively.

Certain professionals of Pflingsten Partners, L.P. (Note 8) serve as the trustees of the plan.

NOTE 7--LEASES:

The Company leases an office building and a warehouse under various operating agreements which expire in 1998. The office building lease is renewable at the Company's option for 36 additional months with an escalated monthly payment. Rent expense incurred under these leases, for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, totalled approximately \$253,000 and \$251,000, respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7--LEASES: (CONTINUED)

Future minimum lease payments under the aforementioned operating leases, at December 31, 1996, are as follows:

1997.....	\$ 258,000
1998.....	73,000

	\$ 331,000

NOTE 8--SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

During the year ended December 31, 1996, the Company issued 23 shares of common stock to certain officers for \$120,000 in cash.

For the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, the Company incurred \$112,000 and 182,000, respectively, in fees pursuant to a management agreement with Pfingsten Partners, L.P., which entity is an affiliate of the Company's majority shareholder, Pfingsten Executive Fund, L.P.

During the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1996, approximately \$15,300 and \$6,900, respectively, in consulting services were paid by Pfingsten Partners, L.P., on behalf of the Company, and charged to the Company. Additionally, at December 31, 1995, \$12,000 was owed to a shareholder of the Company for services rendered during 1995.

See Notes 3 and 4 for additional related-party transactions.

NOTE 9--SEVERANCE AGREEMENTS:

During December 1995, the Company terminated its employment agreement with its president and recognized a \$168,750 charge to operations to cover the cost associated with this termination. The related amount owed pertaining to the aforementioned charge, as well as a 1993 termination, at December 31, 1995, was \$170,442. There were no outstanding amounts at December 31, 1996.

NOTE 10--SUBSEQUENT EVENT (UNAUDITED):

Effective December 15, 1997, the Company and its stockholders entered into a definitive agreement with U.S. Office Products Company ("U.S. Office Products") pursuant to which U.S. Office Products acquired all outstanding shares of the Company's common stock in exchange for cash.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors
of Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and related statements of operations, of shareholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc. at December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 25, 1996 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards which require that we plan and perform the

audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the accounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP
Minneapolis, Minnesota

February 3, 1998

F-44

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

BALANCE SHEETS

	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996	JUNE 29, 1997
	-----	-----	-----
			(UNAUDITED)
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash.....	\$ 102,900	\$ 114,492	\$ 109,544
Accounts receivable--trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$31,860, \$49,860 and \$37,448, respectively.....	4,656,651	4,383,464	4,114,798
Inventories.....	5,591,557	5,441,664	7,145,216
Prepaid expenses and other current assets....	856,943	429,741	747,466
	-----	-----	-----
Total current assets.....	11,208,051	10,369,361	12,117,024
Net property, plant and equipment.....	1,034,648	820,827	658,356
Other assets.....	42,477	26,506	26,506
	-----	-----	-----
Total assets.....	\$ 12,285,176	\$ 11,216,694	\$12,801,886
	-----	-----	-----
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable--trade.....	\$ 4,210,593	\$ 1,947,833	\$3,403,006
Affiliate payable, net.....	3,212,473	1,806,645	3,130,496
Accrued income taxes.....	1,802,399	1,814,139	401,063
Other accrued expenses.....	684,089	806,241	856,057
	-----	-----	-----
Total current liabilities.....	9,909,554	6,374,858	7,790,622
Deferred income taxes.....	42,256	16,202	16,202
Other liabilities.....	69,195	69,197	92,000
	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities.....	10,021,005	6,460,257	7,898,824
Shareholder's equity:			
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding.....	1,000	1,000	1,000
Capital surplus--additional paid-in capital.....	1,507,597	1,507,597	1,507,597
Retained earnings.....	755,574	3,247,840	3,394,465
	-----	-----	-----
Total shareholder's equity.....	2,264,171	4,756,437	4,903,062
	-----	-----	-----
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity.....	\$ 12,285,176	\$ 11,216,694	\$12,801,886
	-----	-----	-----

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-45

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	YEAR ENDED			SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996	JUNE 30, 1996	JUNE 29, 1997
					(UNAUDITED)
Net sales.....	\$ 29,169,879	\$ 33,239,883	\$ 34,350,947	\$11,125,967	\$13,009,456
Cost of sales.....	16,369,453	19,029,918	20,078,806	6,562,838	8,286,522
Gross profit.....	12,800,426	14,209,965	14,272,141	4,563,129	4,722,934
Selling, administrative and other expenses....	8,401,463	9,169,667	9,734,256	4,379,178	4,427,608
Operating earnings..	4,398,963	5,040,298	4,537,885	183,951	295,326
Other income (expense), net.....	(510,508)	(545,302)	(476,886)	(222,759)	(52,971)
Earnings before income taxes.....	3,888,455	4,494,996	4,060,999	(38,808)	242,355
Income taxes.....	1,502,315	1,738,191	1,568,733	(14,351)	95,730
Net earnings (loss)....	\$ 2,386,140	\$ 2,756,805	\$ 2,492,266	\$ (24,457)	\$ 146,625

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-46

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

	COMMON STOCK		ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
	SHARES	AMOUNT			
Balance, December 18, 1993...	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$1,507,597	\$ 512,629	\$ 2,021,226
Dividends.....				(2,400,000)	(2,400,000)
Net income.....				2,386,140	2,386,140
Balance, December 17, 1994...	1,000	1,000	1,507,597	498,769	2,007,366
Dividends.....				(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)
Net income.....				2,756,805	2,756,805
Balance, December 16, 1995...	1,000	1,000	1,507,597	755,574	2,264,171
Net income.....				2,492,266	2,492,266
Balance, December 25, 1996...	1,000	1,000	1,507,597	3,247,840	4,756,437
Net income (unaudited).....				146,625	146,625
Balance, June 29, 1997 (unaudited).....	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$1,507,597	\$ 3,394,465	\$ 4,903,062

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-47

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	YEAR ENDED			SIX MONTHS ENDED	
	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996	JUNE 30, 1996	JUNE 29, 1997
	(UNAUDITED)				
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net earnings (loss).....	\$ 2,386,140	\$ 2,756,805	\$ 2,492,266	\$ (24,457)	\$ 146,625
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization.....	327,489	340,556	371,516	178,529	153,891
Deferred income taxes.....	599	(30,302)	(26,054)	--	--
Gain on disposal of fixed assets.....	(5,350)	(21,505)	(6,578)	(6,205)	(23,234)
Impact on cash flow from changes in working capital:					
Accounts receivable.....	(185,934)	(734,239)	273,187	1,403,353	268,666
Inventory.....	(659,936)	144	149,893	(2,287,194)	(1,703,552)
Other current assets.....	(632,521)	(56,442)	427,202	(109,614)	(317,726)
Accounts payable.....	155,519	2,590,011	(2,262,760)	(2,172,326)	1,455,174
Affiliates payable.....	942,481	(2,521,286)	(1,405,828)	2,927,060	1,323,851
Accrued expenses.....	(212,673)	656,493	133,894	27,125	(1,340,457)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.....	2,115,814	2,980,235	146,738	(63,729)	(36,762)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchased property, plant and equipment....	(196,752)	(473,305)	(157,695)	(9,789)	(27,006)
Proceeds from sales of assets.....	5,350	21,505	6,578	11,450	58,820
Increase in other assets.....	--	--	15,971	15,971	--
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities.....	(191,402)	(451,800)	(135,146)	17,632	31,814
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Dividend payment.....	(2,400,000)	(2,500,000)	--	--	--
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities.....	(2,400,000)	(2,500,000)	--	--	--
Net increase (decrease) in cash.....	(475,588)	28,435	11,592	(46,097)	(4,948)
Cash at beginning of period.....	550,053	74,465	102,900	102,900	114,492
Cash at end of period.....	\$ 74,465	\$ 102,900	\$ 114,492	\$ 56,803	\$ 109,544
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:					
Cash paid for interest.....	\$ 91,585	\$ 390	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 23
Cash paid for taxes.....	\$ 1,540,000	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 1,780,000	\$ 141,000	\$ 95,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-48

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc. (the "Company") is a national mail order distributor of art and craft supplies to schools and educational institutions. Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Day-Timers, Inc. (the "Parent"). The Parent is owned by ACCO World Corporation ("ACCO"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fortune Brands International ("Fortune Brands"). On June 30, 1997, the Company and its shareholder entered into a definitive agreement with U.S. Office Products Company ("U.S. Office Products") pursuant to which the Company was acquired by U.S. Office Products. All outstanding shares of the Company were exchanged for cash.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FISCAL YEAR

The Company's fiscal year ends on the third Saturday in December. Fiscal year 1994 ended on December 17, 1994 and fiscal year 1995 ended on December 16, 1995. In 1996, the Company's fiscal year end was changed to December 25, 1996 in

order to comply with the closing date of the Parent. As a result, fiscal 1996 has 53 weeks.

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In the opinion of management, the Company has made all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition of the Company as of June 29, 1997 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 1996 and June 29, 1997, as presented in the accompanying unaudited interim financial statements.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue upon shipment of the product as obligations subsequent to delivery are not significant.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. The Company provides products to a wide range of customers who primarily operate in the education sector. The Company does not believe it is exposed to any undue concentration of credit risk based on the strong credit history of the Company's customer base.

F-49

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INCOME TAXES

The Company is part of a consolidated tax group with its Parent. For purposes of these financial statements, income taxes have been provided as if the Company filed a separate tax return. Income taxes are calculated in accordance with the liability method of accounting for income taxes as provided by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred taxes are provided on temporary differences between book and tax basis of assets and liabilities which will have a future impact on taxable income.

3. INVENTORIES

Inventories are recorded at cost (not in excess of market value) as determined by the weighted average cost method. Inventories are comprised as follows:

	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
	-----	-----
Finished goods.....	\$ 5,647,290	\$ 5,493,859
Less--Reserves.....	55,733	52,195
	-----	-----
Total inventory.....	\$ 5,591,557	\$ 5,441,664

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The major classes are:

	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
Buildings and improvements.....	\$ 129,302	\$ 120,045
Automobiles.....	251,382	245,403
Machinery and equipment.....	1,463,156	1,482,480
Computer hardware and software.....	806,755	982,415
Construction in progress.....	157,534	58,544
Total cost.....	2,808,129	2,888,887
Less--Accumulated depreciation.....	(1,773,481)	(2,068,060)
Net property, plant and equipment.....	\$ 1,034,648	\$ 820,827

Depreciation is generally computed on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets including assets acquired by capital leases. Accelerated depreciation is used for income tax purposes where permitted. Depreciation expense recorded for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 was \$327,489, \$340,556 and \$371,516, respectively.

F-50

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. INCOME TAXES

The income tax provision consists of the following components:

	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
Current portion:			
Federal.....	\$ 1,292,616	\$ 1,522,247	\$ 1,372,728
State.....	209,100	246,246	222,059
	1,501,716	1,768,493	1,594,787
Deferred portion:			
Federal.....	516	(26,083)	(22,426)
State.....	83	(4,219)	(3,628)
	599	(30,302)	(26,054)
Income tax provision.....	\$ 1,502,315	\$ 1,738,191	\$ 1,568,733

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) consist of the following:

	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
Accruals.....	\$ 58,944	\$ 64,186
Asset reserves.....	12,585	19,693
Inventories.....	17,370	15,610
Pension.....	41,828	39,066
	-----	-----
Gross deferred tax assets.....	130,727	138,555
Depreciation.....	(172,983)	(154,757)
	-----	-----
Gross deferred tax liabilities.....	(172,983)	(154,757)
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax liability.....	\$ (42,256)	\$ (16,202)
	-----	-----

The effective rate for income taxes differs from the statutory rate as follows:

	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
U.S. federal statutory tax rate.....	34.0%	34.0%	34.0%
Non-deductible expenses.....	0.1	0.2	0.1
State income taxes, net of federal benefit...	5.5	5.5	5.5
Other.....	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.0)
	---	---	---
	38.6%	38.7%	38.6%
	---	---	---
	---	---	---

F-51

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The affiliates payable component on the balance sheet represents the net balance payable to the Parent and its affiliates. Interest is charged to the Company on the outstanding balance. An analysis of the activity in this account is as follows:

	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
Balance at beginning of period.....	\$ (4,791,279)	\$ (5,733,759)	\$ (3,212,473)
Cost allocations and direct charges from			
Parent.....	(59,981)	(24,414)	(73,569)
Interest charged by Parent.....	(421,370)	(602,674)	(528,324)
Intercompany sales.....	--	273,106	471,794
Cash transfers.....	(461,129)	2,875,268	1,535,927
	-----	-----	-----
Balance at end of period.....	\$ (5,733,759)	\$ (3,212,473)	\$ (1,806,645)
	-----	-----	-----

The Company has the following affiliated receivables and payables:

DECEMBER 16, DECEMBER 25,

	1995	1996
	-----	-----
Receivable from:		
Day-Timers Canada.....	\$ 11,054	\$ 186,581
Fortune Brands.....	--	648,932
	-----	-----
Total.....	\$ 11,054	\$ 835,513
	-----	-----
Payable to:		
ACCO.....	\$ (2,089,941)	\$ (2,618,265)
Parent.....	(21,202)	(23,893)
Fortune Brands.....	(1,112,384)	--
	-----	-----
Total.....	\$ (3,223,527)	\$ (2,642,158)
	-----	-----

Services provided to the Company by the Parent and its affiliates include expenses incurred and paid by the Parent on the Company's behalf and charges for accounting and payroll functions provided by the Parent. The primary components of cost allocations and direct charges from the Parent and affiliates are as follows:

	DECEMBER 17, 1994	DECEMBER 16, 1995	DECEMBER 25, 1996
	-----	-----	-----
Payroll and accounting function.....			\$ 38,950
Employee benefits.....	\$ 34,922		
Insurance.....	21,009	\$ 21,202	29,222
Bank charges.....	4,050	3,212	5,397
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 59,981	\$ 24,414	\$ 73,569
	-----	-----	-----

F-52

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. LEASE COMMITMENTS

FISCAL YEAR	DECEMBER 25, 1996
-----	-----
1997.....	\$ 506,847
1998.....	417,091
1999.....	334,447
2000.....	319,545
2001 and thereafter.....	399,431

Total minimum lease payments.....	\$ 1,977,361

Rental expense for all operating leases charged against earnings amounted to \$553,198, \$546,603 and \$559,830 for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996, respectively.

8. RETIREMENT PLAN

Nonunion employees of the Company participate in a noncontributory defined benefit plan established by the Parent. Benefits for the plan are based primarily on years of service and employees' average monthly earnings. The Parent's funding policy is consistent with the funding requirements of federal law and regulations. Plan assets consist principally of listed equity securities. Participants are fully vested in the plan after completing five years of service.

As of the most recent actuarial valuation, the total pension costs for the Parent for the year ended December 25, 1996 consisted of the following:

	TOTAL PARENT'S PLAN -----
Service cost--benefits earned during the period.....	\$1,479,787
Interest cost on projected benefit obligation.....	1,640,620
Expected return on plan assets.....	(1,783,635)
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost.....	(6,752)
All other cost components.....	40,302

Net pension costs.....	\$1,370,322

The net pension costs of the plan for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 allocated to the Company by the Parent were \$86,000, \$94,000 and \$108,000, respectively.

F-53

SAX ARTS AND CRAFTS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

8. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

As of the most recent actuarial valuation, the funded status of the plan for the Parent as of December 25, 1996 is as follows:

	TOTAL PARENT'S PLAN -----
Actuarial present value of benefit obligations:	
Vested benefits.....	\$17,629,613
Non-vested benefit.....	1,458,142

Accumulated benefit obligation.....	19,087,755
Effect of projected future compensation increases.....	5,300,546

Projected benefit obligation.....	24,388,301
Plan assets at fair value.....	22,052,322

Projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets.....	(2,335,979)
Unrecognized prior service cost.....	(32,672)
Unrecognized net gain.....	(60,338)

Accrued pension costs.....	\$(2,428,989)

The accrued pension costs at December 16, 1995 and December 31, 1996 attributed to the Company were \$183,000 and \$177,000, respectively.

Upon being acquired by U.S. Office Products, the plan was terminated for the Company's plan participants and the net assets will be distributed for their benefit.

9. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT PLAN

The Parent provides health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their eligible dependents. The cost of these benefits was determined by application of actuarial assumptions and healthcare trend rates. Based on the actuarial valuations performed for the years ended December 17, 1994, December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996, the total net periodic postretirement costs (benefit) allocated by the Parent to the Company were \$10,000, \$2,000 and \$(1,000), respectively.

The accrued other postretirement costs as of the years ended December 16, 1995 and December 25, 1996 attributed to the Company were \$141,000 and \$129,000, respectively.

Upon being acquired by U.S. Office Products, the plan was terminated for the Company's plan participants and the net assets will be distributed for their benefit.

F-54

UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Underwriting Agreement, the Company has agreed to sell to each of the Underwriters named below, and each of such Underwriters has severally agreed to purchase from the Company the respective number of shares of Common Stock set forth opposite its name below:

UNDERWRITERS	NUMBER OF SHARES OF COMMON STOCK
Goldman, Sachs & Co.....	
NationsBanc Montgomery Securities LLC.....	
Smith Barney Inc.....	
Piper Jaffray Inc.....	
Total.....	

Under the terms and conditions of the Underwriting Agreement, the Underwriters are committed to take and pay for all of the shares offered hereby, if any are taken.

The Underwriters propose to offer the shares of Common Stock in part directly to the public at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus and in part to certain securities dealers at such price less a concession of \$ per share. The Underwriters may allow, and such dealers may reallow, a concession not in excess of \$ per share to certain brokers and dealers. After the shares of Common Stock are released for sale to the public, the offering price and other selling terms may from time to time be varied by the Underwriters.

The Company has granted the Underwriters an option exercisable for 30 days after the date of this Prospectus to purchase up to an aggregate of additional shares of Common Stock solely to cover over-allotments, if any. If

the Underwriters exercise their over-allotment option, the Underwriters have severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to purchase approximately the same percentage thereof that the number of shares to be purchased by each of them, as shown in the foregoing table, bears to the shares of Common Stock offered.

The Company and certain of its directors and executive officers have agreed that, during the period beginning from the date of this Prospectus and continuing to and including the date 180 days after the date of this Prospectus, it will not offer, sell, contract to sell or otherwise dispose of any securities of the Company (other than pursuant to employee stock option plans existing, or on the conversion or exchange of convertible or exchangeable securities outstanding, on the date of this Prospectus) which are substantially similar to the shares of Common Stock of which are convertible into or exchangeable for securities which are substantially similar to the shares of Common Stock without the prior written consent of the Underwriters, except for the shares of Common Stock offered in connection with the offering.

More than 10% of the net proceeds of the Offering are expected to be paid to NationsBank, N.A., an affiliate of NationsBanc Montgomery Securities LLC, one of the Underwriters. Accordingly, this Offering is being conducted pursuant to the requirements of Rules 2710(c)(8) and 2720(c)(3) of the Conduct Rules of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., which provide that the initial public offering price can be no higher than that recommended by a "qualified independent underwriter" meeting certain standards. In accordance with this requirement, Goldman, Sachs & Co. has served in such role and has recommended a price in compliance with the requirements of Rule 2720(c)(3). Goldman, Sachs & Co. will receive compensation from the Company in the amount of \$10,000 for serving in such role. In connection with the Offering, Goldman, Sachs & Co. in its role as qualified independent underwriter has performed due diligence investigations and reviewed and participated in the preparation of this Prospectus and the Registration Statement of which this Prospectus forms a part.

U-1

The Underwriters have informed the Company that they do not expect sales to accounts over which the Underwriters exercise discretionary authority to exceed five percent of the total number of shares of Common Stock offered by them.

In connection with the offering, the Underwriters may purchase and sell the Common Stock in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment and stabilizing transactions and purchases to cover short positions created by the Underwriters in connection with the offering. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the Common Stock; and short positions created by the Underwriters involve the sale by the Underwriters of a greater number of shares of Common Stock than they are required to purchase from the Company in the Offering. The Underwriters also may impose a penalty bid, whereby selling concessions allowed to broker-dealers in respect of the securities sold in the Offering may be reclaimed by the Underwriters if such securities are repurchased by the Underwriters in stabilizing or covering transactions. These activities may stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the market price of the Common Stock, which may be higher than the price that might otherwise prevail in the open market; and these activities, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time. These transactions may be effected on the Nasdaq National Market, in the over-the-counter market or otherwise.

Prior to this offering, there has been no public market for the shares. The initial public offering price will be negotiated among the Company and the Underwriters. Among the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price of the Common Stock, in addition to prevailing market conditions, will be the Company's historical performance, estimates of the business potential and earnings prospects of the Company, an assessment of the Company's management and the consideration of the above factors in relation to market valuation of companies in related businesses.

In addition to the _____ shares of Common Stock offered by the Underwriters, School Specialty is selling _____ shares of Common Stock directly to David P. Spalding, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, David J. Vander Zanden, President and Chief Operating Officer of School Specialty and Donald Ray Pate, the Executive Vice President for Re-Print. The Underwriters will not participate in, or receive any discount or commission on, the sale of such shares being sold by School Specialty directly.

The Common Stock will be quoted on the Nasdaq National Market under the symbol "ABCZ".

The Company has agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933.

U-2

NO PERSON IS AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS OTHER THAN THOSE CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, AND, IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES OTHER THAN THE SECURITIES TO WHICH IT RELATES OR AN OFFER TO SELL OR THE SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY SUCH SECURITIES IN ANY CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION IS UNLAWFUL. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY SALE MADE HEREUNDER SHALL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO CHANGE IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY SINCE THE DATE HEREOF OR THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS CORRECT AS OF ANY TIME SUBSEQUENT TO ITS DATE.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE

Summary.....	1
Risk Factors.....	6
The Spin-Off From U.S. Office Products.....	13
Use of Proceeds.....	17
Dividend Policy.....	18
Dilution.....	18
Capitalization.....	19
Selected Financial Data.....	20
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.....	23
Industry Overview.....	31
Business.....	32
Management.....	39
Certain Transactions.....	47
Principal Stockholders.....	48
Description of School Specialty Capital Stock.....	49
Experts.....	53
Validity of Shares.....	53
Additional Information.....	53

Index to Financial Statements.....	F-1
Underwriting.....	U-1

THROUGH AND INCLUDING _____, 1998 (THE 25TH DAY AFTER THE DATE OF THIS PROSPECTUS), ALL DEALERS EFFECTING TRANSACTIONS IN THE COMMON STOCK, WHETHER OR NOT PARTICIPATING IN THIS DISTRIBUTION, MAY BE REQUIRED TO DELIVER A PROSPECTUS. THIS IS IN ADDITION TO THE OBLIGATION OF DEALERS TO DELIVER A PROSPECTUS WHEN ACTING AS UNDERWRITERS AND WITH RESPECT TO THEIR UNSOLD ALLOTMENTS OR SUBSCRIPTIONS.

SHARES

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

COMMON STOCK

(PAR VALUE \$.001 PER SHARE)

[LOGO]

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

NATIONSBANC MONTGOMERY SECURITIES LLC

SALOMON SMITH BARNEY

PIPER JAFFRAY INC.

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

The following table sets forth the fees and expenses payable by School Specialty in connection with the issuance and distribution of the securities. All of such expenses except the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee are estimated:

SEC Registration.....	\$ 14,750
National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Filing Fee.....	\$ 5,500
Nasdaq Listing Fee.....	\$ *
Transfer Agents Fees and Expenses.....	\$ *
Legal Fees and Expenses.....	\$ *
Accounting Fees and Expenses.....	\$ *
Printing Fees and Expenses.....	\$ *
Blue Sky Fees and Expenses.....	\$ *
Miscellaneous.....	\$ *

Total.....	\$ *

* To be supplied by amendment.

ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Article Nine of School Specialty's Certificate of Incorporation provides that School Specialty shall indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware.

Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware permits a corporation, under specified circumstances, to indemnify its directors, officers, employees or agents against expenses (including attorney's fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlements actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding brought by third parties by reason of the fact that they were or are directors, officers, employees or agents of the corporation, if such directors, officers, employees or agents acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reason to believe their conduct was unlawful. In a derivative action, i.e., one by or in the right of the corporation, indemnification may be made only for expenses actually and reasonably incurred by directors, officers, employees or agents in connection with the defense or settlement of an action or suit, and only with respect to a matter as to which they shall have acted in good faith and in a manner they reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the corporation, except that no indemnification shall be made if such person shall have been adjudged liable to the corporation, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that the defendant directors, officers, employees or agents are fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses despite such adjudication of liability.

Article Eight of School Specialty's Certificate of Incorporation states that directors of School Specialty will not be liable to School Specialty or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability (i) for any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to School Specialty or its stockholders, (ii) for acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) under Section 174 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, which makes directors liable for unlawful dividends or unlawful stock repurchases or redemptions or (iv) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

II-1

Article IV of School Specialty's Bylaws provides that School Specialty shall indemnify its officers and directors (and those serving at the request of School Specialty as an officer or director of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise), and may indemnify its employees and agents (and those serving at the request of School Specialty as an employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise), against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred, if such officer, director, employee or agent acted in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of School Specialty, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. In a derivative action, indemnification shall be limited to expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by such officer, director, employee or agent in the defense or settlement of such action or suit, and no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to School Specialty unless and only to the extent that the Delaware Court of Chancery or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Delaware Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

Unless the Board of Directors of School Specialty otherwise determines in a specific case, expenses incurred by an officer or director in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding shall be paid by School Specialty in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of the officer or director to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by School Specialty.

ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

See index to exhibits.

ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS.

The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the Underwriters at the closing or closings specified in the Underwriting Agreement, certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the Underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

The undersigned Registrant hereby further undertakes that:

(1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this registration statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(b) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this registration statement as of the time it was declared effective.

(2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial BONA FIDE offering thereof.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the provisions described in Item 14, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore,

II-2

unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

II-3

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in New York, New York, on May 4, 1998.

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

By: /s/ DANIEL P. SPALDING

Name: Daniel P. Spalding
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURE	CAPACITY	DATE
/s/ DANIEL P. SPALDING ----- Daniel P. Spalding	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer); Director	5/4/98
/s/ DONALD J. NOSKOWIAK ----- Donald J. Noskowiak	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	5/4/98

II-4

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT	DESCRIPTION
1.1***	Form of Underwriting Agreement
3.1***	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation
3.2***	Bylaws
4.1***	Form of certificate representing shares of Common Stock
5***	Opinion of Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering as to legality of securities being offered
8***	Tax opinion of Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering
10.1***	Form of Distribution Agreement among U.S. Office Products Company, Workflow Management, Inc., Aztec Technology Partners Inc., Navigant International Inc., and School Specialty, Inc.
10.2***	Form of Tax Allocation Agreement among U.S. Office Products Company, Workflow Management, Inc., Aztec Technology Partners, Inc., Navigant International, Inc., and School Specialty, Inc.
10.3***	Tax Indemnification Agreement among Workflow Management, Inc., Aztec Technology Partners, Inc., Navigant International, Inc., and School Specialty, Inc.
10.4***	Employee Benefits Agreement among Workflow Management, Inc., Aztec Technology Partners, Inc., Navigant International, Inc., and School Specialty, Inc.
10.5+	Employment Agreement dated April 29, 1996, between Daniel P. Spalding and School Specialty, Inc.
10.6+	Employment Agreement dated July 26, 1996, between Donald Ray Pate, Jr. and The Re-Print Corp.
10.7+	Employment Agreement dated June 27, 1997, between Richard H. Nagel and Sax Arts & Crafts, Inc.
21***	Subsidiaries of Registrant
23.1***	Consent of Wilmer, Cutler & Pickering contained in Exhibits 5 and 8 hereto
23.2*	Consent of Price Waterhouse, LLP
23.3*	Consent of Ernst & Young, LLP
23.4*	Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP
23.5*	Consent of Altschuler, Melvoin and Glasser LLP
23.6*	Consent of Price Waterhouse, LLP

- 23.7** Consent of David J. Vander Zanden to be named as director
- 23.8** Consent of Jonathan J. Ledecky to be named as director
- 23.9** Consent of Leo C. McKenna to be named as director
- 23.10** Consent of Rochelle Lamm Wallach to be named as director
- 27.* Financial data schedule
- 99.1* Valuation and qualifying accounts and reserves.

- -----

* Filed herewith.

** Previously filed.

*** To be filed by amendment.

+ Incorporated by reference herein from School Specialty's Registration Statement on Form S-1 initially filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 19, 1998 (File No. 333-46359).

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the use in the Prospectus constituting part of this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of our report dated January 13, 1998, relating to the financial statements of School Specialty, Inc., as of April 30, 1996 and April 26, 1997 and for the four months ended April 30, 1996 and for the fiscal year ended April 26, 1997, which appears in such Prospectus. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

Minneapolis, MN

May 6, 1998

CONSENT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

We consent to the reference to our firm under the caption "Experts" and to the use of our report dated February 2, 1996, with respect to the financial statements of School Specialty, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 1995 and 1994 included in the Registration Statement on Form S-1 and related Prospectus of School Specialty, Inc. for the registration of shares of its common stock.

ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

May 6, 1998

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the use in the Prospectus constituting part of this Registration Statement of School Specialty, Inc. on Form S-1 of our report dated February 8, 1996, relating to the financial statements of The Re-Print Corporation, which report appears in such Prospectus. We also consent to the references to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

BDO SEIDMAN, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

May 6, 1998

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' CONSENT

We hereby consent to the use in this Prospectus constituting part of this Registration Statement on Form S-1 as amended of our report dated February 24, 1997, relating to the consolidated financial statements of American Academic Suppliers Holding Corporation and Subsidiary, which appears in such Prospectus. We also consent to the references to us under the heading "Experts".

ALTSCHULER, MELVOIN AND GLASSER LLP

Chicago, Illinois

May 6, 1998

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We hereby consent to the use in the Prospectus constituting part of this Registration Statement on Form S-1 of our report dated February 3, 1998, relating to the financial statements of Sax Arts and Crafts, Inc. as of December 15, 1995 and December 25, 1996 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 25, 1996 which appears in such Prospectus. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Prospectus.

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

Minneapolis, MN
May 6, 1998

<ARTICLE> 5

<LEGEND>

This schedule contains summary financial information extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company included in the Registration Statement on Form S-1 and is qualified in its entirety by reference to such financial statements.

</LEGEND>

<MULTIPLIER> 1,000

<PERIOD-TYPE>	YEAR	
<FISCAL-YEAR-END>	APR-26-1997	
<PERIOD-START>	MAY-1-1996	
<PERIOD-END>	APR-26-1997	
<CASH>		0
<SECURITIES>		0
<RECEIVABLES>		17,703
<ALLOWANCES>		(471)
<INVENTORY>		24,461
<CURRENT-ASSETS>		52,024
<PP&E>		14,478
<DEPRECIATION>		0
<TOTAL-ASSETS>		87,685
<CURRENT-LIABILITIES>		38,405
<BONDS>		32,144
<PREFERRED-MANDATORY>		0
<PREFERRED>		0
<COMMON>		0
<OTHER-SE>		17,136
<TOTAL-LIABILITY-AND-EQUITY>		87,685
<SALES>		191,746
<TOTAL-REVENUES>		191,746
<CGS>		136,577
<TOTAL-COSTS>		136,577
<OTHER-EXPENSES>		45,448
<LOSS-PROVISION>		0
<INTEREST-EXPENSE>		2,550
<INCOME-PRETAX>		7,367
<INCOME-TAX>		(1,572)
<INCOME-CONTINUING>		8,939
<DISCONTINUED>		0
<EXTRAORDINARY>		0
<CHANGES>		0
<NET-INCOME>		8,939
<EPS-PRIMARY>		0<F1>
<EPS-DILUTED>		0
<FN>		

<F1>EPS has not been presented as such amounts are not deemed meaningful due to the significant change in the Company's capital structure that will occur upon the consummation of the Distribution.

</FN>

SCHOOL SPECIALTY, INC.

VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS AND RESERVES

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1994, 1995, THE FOUR MONTHS ENDED
APRIL 30, 1996 AND THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 26, 1997

DESCRIPTION	DATE	BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	CHARGED TO COSTS AND EXPENSES	CHARGED TO OTHER ACCOUNTS	DEDUCTIONS	DATE	BALANCE AT END OF PERIOD
Allowance for doubtful accounts.....	January 1, 1994	\$ 137,000	\$ 121,000	\$	\$ (19,000) (a)	December 31, 1994	\$ 239,000
	January 1, 1995	239,000	(2,000)	243,000 (b)	30,000 (a)	December 31, 1995	211,000
	January 1, 1996	211,000	10,000		(19,000) (a)	April 30, 1996	202,000
	May 1, 1996	202,000	27,000		(1,000) (a)	April 26, 1997	471,000
Accumulated amortization of intangibles.....	January 1, 1994	1,540,000	757,000		(781,000) (c)	December 31, 1994	2,297,000
	January 1, 1995	2,297,000	1,098,000		(59,000) (c)	December 31, 1995	2,614,000
	January 1, 1996	2,614,000	203,000			April 30, 1996	2,817,000
	May 1, 1996	2,817,000	566,000			April 26, 1997	3,324,000

(a) Represents (write-offs)/recoveries of uncollectible accounts receivable.

(b) Allowance for doubtful accounts acquired in purchase acquisitions.

(c) Represents (write-offs)/recoveries of fully amortized intangible assets.